Official Report

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The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

A GOOD MEMORY

Often Saves Money.

If you want to reach the farmers of Allen county, don't forget that the Weekly Sentinel is your paper.

ESTABLISHED 1833. MONDAY. OCT. 5, 1896. PRICE TWO CENTS.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

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It is our constant effort to attain it, always seeking to better our best.

Want to be helpful to you in your merchandising; want you to feel that your best buying interests centre here; that for every dollar you spend over our counters you will receive a just equivalent.

The new Fall stock invites you. We are proud of our purchases, and feel confident that they will meet with your approval.

Haven't been studying your wants all these years for nothing.

We want you to see our new Winter Cloaks.

We want you to get our prices on Domestic Goods.

We want to show you our new Dress Goods.

All through the house you can find only the best goods at the lowest prices.

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Ten Thousand Dollars

To Loan in Sums of

$10, $15, $20, $30, $50, $100, $200,

Or any amount you may wish, on furniture, pianos, organs, cows, horses and wagons, bicycles, store fixtures, machinery, storeage receipts, or any other available security.

Everything left in your possession, undisturbed, and you still have the use of the money. You can pay it back in weekly or monthly installments as you may find it most convenient. All business strictly private and confidential.

Loans made the same day you apply for it. Real Estate Loans made also.

Indiana Mortgage Loan Co.,

Room 5 Foellinger Block.

36 Calhoun Street.

RUBBER GOODS!

Fountain Syringes.
Bulb Syringes,
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Ice Bags,
Air Cushions,
Rubber Tubing,
Rubber Corks,
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Teething Rings, Trusses,
Suspensorys, Supporters,
Etc., at

Freese & Ranke,

DRUGGISTS.

88 Calhoun St. Opp. 5 and 10c store

LADIES' ENAMEL SHOES

For Winter in new Coin or Needle Toes lasts. All sizes and widths. New styles and tips.

Invisible Cork Sole Calf Skin

The kind that will keep your feet dry. $3.00 Per Pair. Three styles of lasts.

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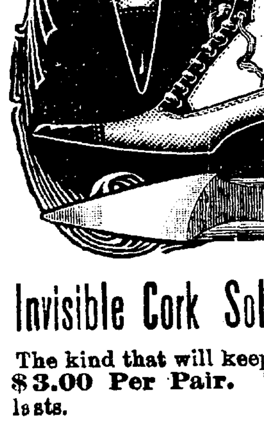

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Shower Bath

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Hot Water Proof Hose

$2, Express add 25c.

Prevents Wetting Head Floor and Walls.

Hornless Water Closets.

Frost Proof Water Closets, Self-acting Water Closets, Kelly Stop and Waste Cock.

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192 Madison St., Chicago.

Send for Catalogue.

$50 to $50,000 to loan on farm and city property or personal security.

The J. F. SCHELL Loan and Investment Co.,
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Telephone 485.

THE FORT WAYNE MERCANTILE ACCIDENT ASSOCIATION.

GEO. A. DURFEE, Pres. GEO. W. PIXLEY, V. Pres. W. S. BUCK, Sec'y and Treas.

$25.00 Weekly Indemnity.

Cost for the Year, $7.00.

Office No. 3 ARCADE. CALL.

BRYAN IN TENNESSEE.

Thousands of People Assemble to Greet Him.

Instantaneous Aerial Salutes Add to the Noisy Welcome Extended by the Citizens.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 5.—William Jennings Bryan arrived in Memphis this morning at 7:30 o'clock. The night's run from St. Louis was made on the Illinois Central vestibuled limited express and was without special incident. A committee of Memphisans, headed by Col. John Oveston, jr., chairman; G. T. Fitzhugh, Col. Wm. H. Carroll, Col. John R. Godwin and R. A. Odlum, escorted Mr. Bryan from St. Louis. Thousands of people were at the Poplar street station to witness the arrival of the democratic candidate. The famous Neely Zouaves were at the immediate entrance to the station and escorted Mr. Bryan and the Memphis committee to the Peabody hotel, where the party breakfasted. One of the features of the demonstration at the depot was several instantaneous aerial salutes equalling the noise of a twenty pound cannon, given by Gen. Peter Tracy in honor of the distinguished visitor.

Mr. Bryan, at 10 o'clock, was escorted to the base ball park, by the committee. Ten thousand of the people were in waiting and gave the nominee a rousing reception. Mr. Bryan was introduced by Senator Isham G. Harris, and spoke as follows:

"Ladies and Gentlemen:—In Memphis it was, something more than a year ago, that this fight which is being waged now was begun. That is, it was in this city that those in favor of the gold standard met to bring the work of capturing the two great political parties and it was here, a few days afterward, that the silver forces gathered to begin the organization of their campaign. Therefore, at this time, when the campaign has progressed so far, we are able to form some estimate of the result. I am glad to come again to the city which will be known in history because of the fight commenced here. It was here that Secretary Carlisle came to address—not the democrats only—but those of all parties who believed in maintaining the present financial system, and here begun the organization to offset his influence, the organization which extended through all the states, and which was of such a character that it shaped the policy of the two great political parties.

"You will remember that when we met at that time there was a discussion as to the ways and means of consolidating the silver sentiment. Various plans were suggested and we met in that convention and decided to attempt first to carry all the political parties to free coinage, and if we failed in that, then to find some way to consolidate the vote of those in favor of free silver. I remember that I was in doubt as to the means that might be found and I expressed my doubt as to the means, and yet my confidence as to the result I expressed by quoting from one of the Sunday school songs:

"It may not be my way,
It may not by thy way,
But in His own way
The Lord will provide."

The work went on and we have been able to consolidate the sentiment of the people of this country, so far as the presidential candidate is concerned, on one person. I am grateful to those who have been earnest in conviction, earnest enough in their desire to restore this standard coinage of the constitution, to lay aside differences upon minor questions, until this great fight is won. I want to urge upon you, my friends, the importance of leaving no stone unturned, leaving no effort unemployed to secure this result toward which we all aim. While I appreciate the honor which has been conferred upon me, not only by the nomination of my own party, but by the additional nomination of two other parties. I say to you here, my friends, that my interest in the cause of bimetallism is so deep that I would, without a moments hesitation, resign my nominations in favor of any person in this country who can better carry this cause to victory.

"It is not a time to listen to personal ambitions. It is not a time to set personal interests above the personal good. It is not a time for us to consider the temporary effect of this election upon party organizations; it is a time when we are to consider the effect of the gold standard if perpetuated, not on party organizations, not on this country alone, but on all mankind. My friends, I want to impress upon your minds another thing: It is not only necessary that we shall elect a president and vice president in favor of free coinage, but it is necessary that there shall be a congress in favor of free coinage. The president can sign no bill until that bill reaches the white house, and before any bill reaches the white house, it must have received the endorsement of a majority of the members of the house of representatives and a majority of the members of the senate. If there is a majority in either house against free coinage the president is powerless to restore bimetallism to the people. If you are in earnest in your desire for bimetallism you must show that earnestness by doing everything necessary to be done—to elect a congress, senate and president. Another reason why I find it pleasing to visit this city is that when, more than a year ago, we were seeking to secure the endorsement of free coinage by the democratic party at the national convention, I remember that in this city there was an editor who did yeoman service, both with tongue and pen, in the advancement of the cause. I say, my friends, in the preliminary campaign there were few, if any, in this land who did better service in spreading the truth of bimetallism and making it possible for that cause to be endorsed by the democratic party, as well as by the populist and silver parties, and therefore I am glad to come again into the district in which lives and is a candidate for congress, Mr. Carmack. My friends, I am not here to interfere in your state campaign or local politics, but I am here to so deepen the convictions of those who believe in free coinage that there will not be a man in this state who agrees with us who will not be willing to sacrifice anything that is necessary to secure the advancement of this cause. I am here to increase the enthusiasm, if I can, until the men who stand in the way of complete success will be branded as an enemy.

"How you may figure best to unify your forces, you are to judge, but, my friends, I want you to remember that you cannot help our cause by helping those who are fighting us. If we are right in the position we have taken, if the democratic party is right in its platform, then the man who does not stand upon that platform, no matter how good a democrat he may have been before, he is no democrat now.

"And no man can claim to be a friend of mine who says that he wants to elect me because I am a regular nominee and then go down there and tie my hands and make me powerless. Those who believe in regularity, my nomination appeals to; to those democrats who are willing to trust the judgment of a majority of the democratic party, more freely expressed than in any democratic convention ever held before, to those my nomination appeals. But, my friends, I could not seek the interest that I do in this campaign if all I had to command it to me was party regularity. I appeal to you on higher grounds than that. I have a stronger claim upon your support than can be given by the regularity of the convention. I stand by the right of the American people to have a financial system of their own. And, therefore, my candidacy appeals to every American citizen who believes in the right of the people of this country to govern themselves regardless of the aid or consent of any other nation on earth.

"I am not appealing to any sentiments hostile to foreigners, but I say to you, my friends, that a nation does not deserve to be called a nation which accepts a financial policy ready made from some other country. If our opponents say that the tariff question is the important issue in this campaign, I tell them that until they put a prohibitive tariff on foreign financiers I won't talk tariff with them. So long as we must go to others to ask them what we can have there is no use to discuss any question until we decide that we have a right to express our own opinion, when we have one. When we establish the right of having a policy, when we decide on it, it will then be time to discuss the other questions upon which parties and people differ.

"But, until we have vindicated the right of this people to legislate for themselves on every issue, they can't drive tariff into the people with a pile driver. The gold standard gives us a rising dollar and a rising dollar means bondage, distress and misery to those who profess thus to form the basis of all civilization, and who are the strength and bulwark of every government. If gold is to be our standard and a gold dollar is to be the unit, and we are to be folded with its upward flight, then, my friends, I believe we ought to change the die so that the dollar will properly decribe itself as it passes from hand to hand. If we must have it because foreign nations insist upon it, then I think we should change it and in the place of that face above which is written "Liberty" let us have a picture of a woman in chains and above it written "bondage" and instead of having on the other side the eagle, the emblem of national freedom, let us put a vulture that lives upon the devouring of human kind. They call the gold dollar an honest dollar. They know it is not an honest dollar and those who love that dollar love it because it is the most dishonest dollar the world has ever seen and the more dishonest it becomes the greater their affections. What is an honest dollar? An honest dollar would be a dollar upon which the purchasing power would be established and a dollar which rises in purchasing power is as dishonest as one which falls in purchasing power. And that proposition is recognized as true by all except those who do not regard anything as honest which does not add to their pocket and nothing as dishonest which treats every person as well as it does themselves Stability in the value of a dollar is the important thing, and the only way that you can secure a stable dollar is to secure a dollar of which there will be enough to keep pace with population and industry."

D. McRoberts registered at the Randall hotel yesterday, and later went to the New Aveline and registered there. Captain Borgman spotted the man and concluded that his actions were queer enough to bear suspicion. He ordered the man out of town and the fellow went.

Two messenger boys named Newhouse and Todd got into a fight at the Postal telegraph office yesterday afternoon and, in their scuffle, broke a plate glass window.

BLOODSHED FEARED.

Full Bloods and Squaw Men at War.

Both Sides Arming Themselves and Congregating at Central Points, Ready for Battle.

TUSKAHOMA, I. T., Oct 5.—The trouble which has been brewing for some months between the full bloods and squaw men of the Choctaw nation has broken out more violently than ever, and unless indications fail there will be serious bloodshed. The full bloods, who have obtained control of the council, passed laws cutting squaw men off from their landed property and made provision for evicting them. When the first attempt at eviction was made, a few weeks ago, there was a clash in the streets of the city, in which several squaw men were killed and many on both sides were injured. Then comparative quiet reigned for a time, but when the attempt to evict the squaw men was renewed this week trouble broke out again.

There have been a number of conflicts during the past few days and an unknown number of both sides have been hurt, while it is reported that several have been killed. Both sides have been gathering their forces during the week and are preparing for a pitched battle, which is expected today or tomorrow. Citizens of the town have appealed to the federal authorities and troops will be sent at once. There are several troops of cavalry at Fort Reno in camp on Pond creek, forty or fifty miles from here, and they are expected in time to take a hand in the disturbance.

AT THE POLLS.

Connecticut Today Elects Municipal Officers.

The Issues Purely Local, Yet a Big Effort is Being Made to Poll a Full Vote.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 5.—Connecticut is at the polls today for the "little town" elections. New town governments in every town of the state except Hartford, New Haven, Bridgeport, Ansonia, Derby and Naugatuck will be chosen. Three cities of the state, New London, Norwalk and South Norwalk, are holding city elections. The outcome of the elections is anxiously awaited by the party managers of the state. The issues are, of course, strongly local, but the state organizations of the various parties look upon these little elections as a "straw" which will show how the Nut Meg state will vote at the November election. Every effort is being made to bring out the full vote.

NARROW ESCAPE.

An Indianapolis Hotel Comes Near Destruction.

Fire Chief Webster and Fireman Stahlman Badly Burned by a Natural Gas Explosion.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 5.—At 6:30 o'clock this morning a fire in the basement of the Circle Park hotel, in Monument Place, was extinguished with small loss. Fire Chief J. P. Webster and Fireman Buck Stahlman, who were the first to enter the basement, were seriously injured by an explosion caused by a melted natural gas pipe. The right side of Chief Webster's head was badly burned and Stahlman's face was burned to a blister and his hair burned off. Both will recover. There was some excitement among the guests but no one was injured. A serious conflagration was averted by the stoppage of the draft through the elevator shaft.

AN ELOPEMENT.

Harry Smith and Rose Ress Skip Out.

The Famous Base Ball Catcher Catches a Bride, Notwithstanding Parental Objections.

MASSILLON, Ohio, Oct. 5.—An elopement has just been made known here, the principals being Harry Smith, one of the best known catchers in the eastern base ball league, who played with the Buffalo team, and Miss Rosa Ress, a well known young lady of this city. On Saturday Smith and Miss Ress disappeared and all trace of them has been lost. It has been ascertained that they took a car for Canton and from there went east, possibly to Buffalo. They have been engaged for some time, but objections were raised to the match.

WAGE REDUCTION.

A Glass Factory Makes a Sensational Proposition.

Will Start Up Its Now Idle Factory if the Men Will Work for Less Wages.

MILLVILLE, N. J., Oct 5.—The action of the glass manufacturing firm of Whitall, Tatum & Co, in offering to start their flint furnaces at a wage reduction of 20 per cent of the list rate, has created excitement in this locality, such as has seldom been seen before. The threat of hiring non-union men if the old employes do not agree to the reduction has added fuel to the flame. This has always been a union town and the workmen employed in the great glass manufacturing plants do not know what to make of the present situation The men will meet this afternoon and give their answer tomorrow. Bond V. Thomass, manager for Whitall, Tatum & Co., says the firm is unable to pay last year's list prices because of dull trade and non-union competition, and they are, therefore, compelled to ask the men to accept a reduction. About 1,200 men are employed at the flint works and if an attempt is made to put non-union men in their places trouble is feared. It is hoped that a compromise may be agreed upon.

WAR IN THE MINES.

General Brooks Will Occupy Carbonate Hill.

Has Decided to Place Cannon Where They Can be Trained on All the Threatened Points.

LEADVILLE, Col, Sept. 5.—General Brooks and his officers have practically decided to make provision for defending the endangered mines by placing a cannon on Carbonate hill, which commands most of them. The next object of attack, if further attacks be made, is pretty well understood to be the great pumping plant of the Maid of Erin mine, which drains the Mahala, Emmett and Marian mine, who are now resuming work, as well as many others. The pumps belong to Smith and Moffat and their expenses are borne by the three other mines named. If these pumps were crippled the ruin of the mines by water would reduce the normal production of the camp fully one-third.

IMPORTANT ARREST.

The Mysterious Johnson Landed in Jail.

Thought to Have Been One of the Leaders in the Plot to Smuggle in Tobacco.

DETROIT, Mich, Oct. 5—The mysterious "Johnson," charged by Alfred Bercham with being the principal in a tobacco smuggling scheme, uncovered in Detroit on June 4, last, was arrested by Special Agent of the Treasury E. O. Wood and brought to Detroit. There is positive evidence that the man is a part of a conspiracy of large proportions to defraud the United States out of duty on Sumatra leaf tobacco. He is known to have brought about 10,000 pounds to this country, duty free, a loss to the revenue department of $1.50 per pound, or $15,000. Johnson and his accomplice, Bercham, were arraigned before Commissioner Graves today and remanded to jail, pending an investigation by the grand jury.

Grand Rapids and Indiana Engineer Jack Nickell and family will this week move into their Lakeside property recently purchased from Dr. J. H. Adams. Mr. Nickel now resides at the corner of Simons and Winter streets.

F. D. Poole and family leave for Rome City tomorrow morning for a few days' outing.

Millinery, great bargains. Trustee's sale. "Fair." Tri-State Block. 5t3

A RARE TREAT FOR THE LADIES.

On Tuesday Morning, at 9 O'clock,

We Will Inaugurate the Greatest Lace Curtain and Carpet Sale Ever Attempted in Fort Wayne.

We were fortunate in securing a choice line of Lace Curtains from the manufacturer, at prices which will enable us to sell them at 50 cents on the dollar.

Our carpet stock we must close out at once, as we have no room to carry them.

In order to accommodate our customers during this great sale, we will, by making a small deposit, reserve for you any pair of curtains or carpets you may select.

Following are some of the many great bargains:

IRISH POINT AND BRUSSELS LACE CURTAINS.

15 pair at $1 40 a pair, worth $3.96.
12 pair at $1.98 a pair, worth $4 00.
12 pair at $2 48 a pair, worth $5 00.
18 pair at $2 98 a pair, worth $6 00.
12 pair at $3 98 a pair, worth $8.00.
16 pair at $4 88 a pair, worth $10 00.

NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS.

12 pair at $1 12½ a pair, worth $2 25.
12 pair at $1.25 a pair, worth $2 50.
15 pair at $1.37 a pair, worth $2 75.
15 pair at $1 50 a pair, worth $3 00.
18 pair at $1 75 a pair, worth $3 50.
14 pair at $2 00 a pair, worth $4 00.

OUR CARPETS MUST GO.

We have marked them way below cost and they are bound to suit the most limited purse.

Good patterns Ingrain carpets, 1 yard wide, for 19c per yard; worth 30c.

Better quality, 25c per yard; worth 40c.

45c per yard buys the best All Wool Ingrain carpet. Other stores ask 60c for the same.

All our Tapestry, Brussels and Velvet carpets (amongst which are some very desirable patterns) we will sell lower than the lowest.

This is the sale of all sales so do not miss it.

Remember the time and place.

LOUIS WOLF & CO.,
Arcade Dry Goods Store,
West Berry St.

LOST OR STOLEN

Two rolls of belting from the delivery wagon of F. M. Smith & Co. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to No. 22 Calhoun street.

Millinery—best and cheapest in the city. Trustee's Sale. "Fair." Tri-State Block. 5t3

ABLY PRESENTED.

Hon. John Overmeyer and Hon. Hugh Dougherty.

Two Bankers, Discuss the Many Questions and Present Forcible Arguments for Free Coinage of Silver.

A large audience assembled Saturday night at Saengerbund hall to listen to the addresses delivered by Hon. John Overmeyer, of North Vernon, Ind., and Hon. Hugh Dougherty, of Bluffton.

Mr. Overmeyer was the first speaker. He was for four years the chairman of the republican state central committee, but is now a staunch supporter of Bryan and Sewall. He was introduced by Judge C. M. Dawson, who presided at the meeting, and at once entered upon a discussion of the financial question.

Mr. Overmeyer reviewed the monetary history of this country and told of the legislation which in 1873 demonetized silver. This act he characterized as a crime against the people of the United States. It was accomplished, he said, by stealth and fraud and ever since then the country has suffered from the effects of this vicious legislation.

He then spoke of the legislation of recent years and said the people had always been in favor of the free coinage of silver, but that Senator Sherman and other gold men had been able to defeat the attempts made for its restoration to the place as a money metal that it occupied prior to the "crime of 1873."

The record of the republican party prior to the St. Louis convention was cited to prove that it had always been a party of free silver until the gold men seized absolute control at St. Louis and throwing off the maks made no secret of what they purposed doing in this republic. Mr. Overmeyer discussed free coinage in its relation to the farmer, the laborer, the merchant and the banker, his counsel to this latter class of business men being most high-minded, sensible and patriotic.

When the speech of Mr. Overmeyer had been concluded Judge Dawson presented Mr. Hugh Dougherty, the well known banker of Bluffton, paying him a very grateful tribute. Mr. Dougherty was until a short time ago opposed to free coinage. He is now an ardent advocate of it. In his speech he recited how he had been impressed by the fact that every great statesman of this country had been an advocate of free coinage. He began to think and investigate with the result that after months of patient, conscientious inquiry he became convinced that the industrial, agricultural and commercial conditions of this country needed and demanded the free coinage of silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1. Mr. Dougherty presented a startling array of statistics showing the depressed conditions which exist and how the wealth had been gradually passing from the agricultural classes to the hands of the wealthier classes. He showed the mortgage indebtedness in Indiana alone during the years 1894 5 had increased on an average of $25 000,000 for each year. Farm prices were depressed, business was depressed and threatening conditions overhung general prosperity. With a forcible array of statistics he disposed of the terror felt by many that free coinage means a flood of silver. Mr. Dougherty made his speech quite brief owing to the lateness of the hour.

NEW BALLOT BOXES.

Election Commissioners Must Procure Larger Ones.

Those Now on Hand Will Not Hold Enough Ballots for Presidential Year.

The state board of election commissioners must buy 3,000 new boxes for the November election.

The boxes now in use were procured when the present election law went into effect and are in good condition, but it is found that the boxes are entirely too small to take the 200 ballots to the precinct, it being impossible to get more than 140 ballots into a box, even when tightly folded. The experiment was tried a few days ago.

The ballots themselves will be "busters," measuring $17\frac{1}{2}$x$30\frac{1}{2}$ inches. As in many precincts in this county the vote ranges from 250 to 300, it is clear that the present boxes are wholly inadequate to take that number of the monster ballots.

COLORED MEN SEEK RIGHTS.

Two Important Suits Are Brought in Indiana Courts.

LIGONIER Ind, Oct 5.—Two cases to determine the status of the color line have been filed in the circuit court. Charner Hawkins, a wealthy negro, has begun action in Daviess county to compel the school board to allow his son, who has been refused admission, to enter the high school. The boy has made a grade which would place him in the high school. The public colored school has no high school, and Mr. Hawkins says he is standing on his rights, and that his son is entitled to the benefit of the higher branches equally with the white pupils.

John F. Merguson, of Elkhart county, asks $5,000 damages from Nusbaum & Foster, who run a Turkish bath house. Mr. Merguson, it is alleged, went to the place to pay for a bath. The service was refused him, however, and he was told that he would not be accommodated because of his being a negro. Merguson says he has suffered humiliation and grief in consequence. These are the first cases in the history of the Indiana courts in recent years wherein colored men have sought by process of law the same rights accorded to those of the opposite color.

NOT EPIDEMIC.

Health Board Says That Contagious Diseases Are Few.

Five Cases of Diphtheria and Five Cases of Scarlet Fever Reported.

Notwithstanding reports to the contrary, the health board reported today that there is no epidemic of contagious diseases in this city. On the contrary there are fewer cases on hand now than at any time since August 1.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon only five cases of diphtheria and five cases of scarlet fever were in existence in the city according to the health returns.

Furthermore, the health authorities give encouraging reports as to the sanitary condition of the city, making the spread of the contagion doubtful.

READING CLUB WORK.

Programs Opened by Literary Clubs of the City.

Interesting Line of Work Mapped Out by a Large Number of Organizations.

The Unity club meets this week with Mrs. E. A. K. Hackett today. There will be a reading on "The Legend of Sleepy Hollow."

The Woman's Reading club meets with Mrs. E. P. Williams tomorrow. The subjects for the day are "Literary and Social Conditions of the Century" and "Dean Swift."

The Duodecimo club meets with Miss Marie Hedekin today. After an address by the president of the club, Miss Hedekin will read a paper on "Leaders in Creating a Distinctive American Literature."

The Saturday club will meet this week with Mrs. James Wilding. Mrs. Felts will present a resume of the year's work and Mrs. Henry Freeman will give a talk on the "History of the Louvre and Luxembourg."

The Wit and Wisdom club will meet with Mrs. P. J. H. Myers, on Wednesday. Summer reminiscences of the club will be enjoyed first, to be followed by pen sketches of Elizabeth S. P. Ward, Julia Ward Howe and Margaret E. Sangster.

The Morning Musical presents its first program for the season on Friday morning at the usual hour at the Fort Wayne club. The program is a miscellaneous one in charge of Mesdames Safford, S. B. and F. I. Brown, and Ivers Leonard.

The Carroll Reading club will meet this week with Mrs. W. P. Breen on Thursday. "What is the Bible and How Divided?" and an explanation of the sign of the cross will be two of the topics. "A Visit to Europe" will close the afternoon's program.

The Fortnightly begins work this evening, meeting as usual in the public library building. T. E Ellison has the first paper of the season, his subject being "The Eighteenth Section of the Bill of Rights of Indiana." Mr. Worden, Mr. Felts, Dr. Moffat and Miss Lowry are down for the discussion.

HELPING HUMANITY.

Good Work Bing Performed by the Humane Society.

Monthly Report Shows That Many Cases Were Taken Care of in September.

Humane Officer Schlaudroff has submitted his report for the month of September. It shows that 187 cases were taken care of among children and adults and sixty-seven cases of animals were investigated. The report was as follows:

Abandoned children, 37; beaten or abused, 19; destitute families, 19; number of children in destitute families, 48; homeless, 8; having improper homes, 37; incorrigible, 10; imbecile, 1; young girls taken to Door of Hope, 2; taken to Allen county orphans' home, 3; wife beating, 3; animals, 69.

REV. J. M. DRIVER,

Methodist Minister, Bids Defiance to Liquor Advocates.

Rev. John Merritte Driver, formerly pastor of the Simpson M. E. church in this city, but now pastor of the First Methodist church of Marion, two weeks ago delivered a sensational sermon, in the course of which he bitterly condemned the action of the county commissioners in granting liquor licenses to certain saloon men. He declared that the saloon men, the commissioners and the men who voted for the present liquor law would all go down to perdition together.

Twenty men in the congregation rose and walked out as he uttered these words, and since then the minister has been in daily receipt of letters containing emblems such as skull and crossbones, knives, revolvers, guns, etc., together with advice to quit the pulpit or to temper his sermons with Christian charity. No violence is threatened him, but the letters are so numerous and unpleasant as to occasion him a great deal of annoyance, but he declares his intention of staying and fighting it out on his chosen line.

The German American Sound Money league held a meeting Saturday night and was addressed by Capt. C. Hettler. The speech of Captain Hettler was an able and interesting handling of the money question from the republican standpoint. He is the purchasing agent in this city for the Pennsylvania Railroad company.

MUCH MYSTERY.

A. Wiedner, a Stranger, Misses Quite a Sum of Money.

It Was Extracted From His Pocketbook—No Clew of the Thief Yet Found.

The police are today working on a mysterious case of robbery, of which A. Wiedner, of Bryan, Ohio, is the victim.

Mr. Wiedner came to the city to attend some business. He dropped into the store where a bankrupt sale is going on and while making a purchase of clothes he took off his coat and laid it on the counter. The inside pocket of the garment contained a pocketbook in which was nearly $200 in money. The sum of $150 in the denomination of one $50 bill and five $20 bills was in a separate lap of the purse from the other $50. Mr. Wiedner left the coat while he went to another part of the store to try on a coat, and upon returning opened his book and paid for his purchase. He did not investigate to see if the $150 was still in its place. In the evening he went to Mrs. O'Connell's boarding house and took a room for the night. In the morning he discovered the money in the back part of his pocketbook missing, but the bills in the front part, from which he paid for his clothes, were still there.

Mrs. O'Connell has the reputation of being an honest landlady and her boarders are of a kind who do not seem to come under the suspicion of the officers. There are no indications of the boarding house having been broken into, therefore it is supposed the theft was committed in the store where he made his purchase of clothes.

JOE DRANK TOO MUCH.

Mrs. Collins Makes a Plea for Her Husband's Release.

She Wanted to Save His Job—William Gorin, a Shoemaker, Arrested for Vagrancy.

Joseph Collins and William Thompson were locked up Sunday by Officer Greer, for intoxication. They both presented a very dilapidated appearance when ushered into the presence of the mayor this morning and begged hard to get off. In reply to the mayor's inquiry as to where they procured their liquor yesterday, they stated that it was purchased Saturday night, but there is little doubt about their getting it on Sunday. After the prisoners were fined $5 and costs, Mr. Collins' wife appeared and pleaded for her husband's release in order that he might hold his job. The mayor did not comply with this request, and Collins went over to jail with his companion, Thompson.

An alleged shoemaker, giving the name of William Gorin, who came from Whiting, Ind., was arrested because he did not have any visible means of support. He was fined $5 and costs and went to jail.

WILL GO TO HUNTINGTON

Twelve Hundred People of This City Expect to Attend.

Corner Stone Ceremonies of the New Catholic Church in the Lime City.

The various Catholic societies of the city met yesterday and perfected their arrangements for attending the corner stone laying of the new Catholic church at Huntington next Sunday. The new church will have as its pastor Father Quinlan, of this city, whose departure is a great loss to the clergy and the people with whom he has been so affectionately associated.

The societies which decided to go are as follows: St. Julian council, Father O'Leary council, Daniel O'Connell council, St. Anthony council, St. Charles council, Wayne commandery, Emmett commandery, divisions Nos 1, 2 and 3, Order of Hibernians, Knights of St. John, St. Michael's union and the young men's and old men's sodalities. The Hibernian Rifles, who are really prime movers in the affair, will also attend.

A special train will be run over the Wabash railroad, leaving here at 10 a. m. and returning will leave Huntington at 5 p. m.

The program will be in the following order: Dinner at Roach's hall; parade at 1:30; corner stone laying by Rt. Rev. Bishop Rademacher and the clergy at 3; address by Very Rev. Andrew Morrisey, of Notre Dame, at 3:30.

The Fort Wayne City band has been engaged to accompany the party.

BY PARALYSIS.

W. J. Kerr, the Pension Attorney, is Stricken Down.

He is Rendered Wholly Helpless, His Right Side Being Affected—May Recover.

W. J. Kerr, the well known pension attorney, was stricken with paralysis yesterday, the second stroke he has sustained within a few years.

Mr. Kerr had been attending to his office duties as usual last week, and the attack came suddenly and unexpectedly. His right side is affected rendering him wholly helpless.

The members of the family have been summoned to his bedside.

The meeting held in this city last Saturday afternoon to consider a ways and means for cleaning out Little River ditch ended without much being accomplished. The matter was discussed at some length by interested parties and the meeting adjourned until next Saturday. It is expected to have Huntington people present at that meeting. It is a joint ditch, therefore it has been found advisable to have both counties represented at the meeting.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

Rosella C. Hudry Succumbs to Dread Consumption.

Hannah Pratt Dies of Dropsy, After a Lingering Illness—Seely Child Dead.

After a long illness of consumption Rosella Cecilia Hudry, daughter of Mrs. Anna Hudry, passed away Sunday afternoon at 4:45 o'clock. Deceased was twenty-one years of age and was raised in this city. Her education was secured at St. Augustine's academy. She was highly esteemed in the circles in which she moved in, being one of the leading workers in the Young Ladies' sodality of the Cathedral and also a promoter in the League of the Sacred Heart. She was the daughter of Nicholas Hudry, deceased, and a sister of Louis, who died about two years ago. Surviving her is the mother, two brothers, Edward and Fred, and a sister, Mrs. Edward Grime, of Archibald, Ohio. The deceased was possessed of a loving disposition and noble Christian character. Her death will cause universal sorrow. The funeral will be announced later.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

Hannah, the widow of George Pratt, late of Washington township, died last night at the residence of her son, Benjamin Pratt, of 58 Thomas street. Death was caused by dropsy. Mrs. Pratt was seventy-five years of age. The funeral will be held Wednesday at 10 o'clock a. m., and the interment will be at the Hatfield cemetery.

The three day old child of A. J. Seely, of 72 Williams street, died of exhaustion and the funeral took place yesterday.

The funeral of Charles Rosenberger, who died of heart disease at Covington, Ky., will take place tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from the house, 231 Force street.

LOCAL LINES.

A. J. Long, of DeWald & Co., left last Saturday for Canton, Ohio.

S. W. Childs, secretary of the Degnon Construction company, is in the city.

There will be a meeting of Home lodge No. 342, F. and A. M., Tuesday evening.

The quarterly conference of Simpson M. E. church will be held next Thursday evening.

Miss Grace White entertained the ladies of the First Presbyterian church this afternoon.

Miss Alice O'Connor, of this city, spent Sunday at New Haven, the guest of Miss Annie Mahoney.

H. A. Kirchefer, the fresco artist, has removed his office from Arcade block to 157 West Berry street.

The regular business meeting of the Epworth league of the Wayne street M. E. church will be held tonight.

Mrs. Frank Closs, of 38 Taylor street, is entertaining her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. John Kuhn, of Defiance, Ohio.

Mrs. George J. Wirth and her two children, have returned home after a month's visit with relatives at Sandusky City, Ohio.

Miss Eva Ellis, of Huntington, is at the New Aveline. Miss Ellis is connected with the telephone exchange at the city. She formerly resided here.

Mr. and Mrs. George Taylor, of Kansas City, who were guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Cairnes, of 430 South Broadway, some days, have returned to their homes.

S. C. Lumbard has returned from West lake with a string of twenty beautiful black bass. Cheney Knight, Will Peltier and Dr. Will Meyers also returned with some fine catches.

Mrs. Gus Bowser has returned to the city and taken up her residence on West Wayne street, near Rockhill. She spent two years in Valparaiso, where her children were attending college.

On account of the unfavorable weather and small attendance the general mass meeting of the St. Michael's union last Tuesday evening was postponed. It will be held tomorrow evening at St. Mary's hall. All members are requested to be present.

BISHOP KEANE.

The Pope Removes Him as Rector of the Catholic University.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—An extraordinary coincidence has startled the Roman Catholics of Washington and of the entire country.

Immediately following the arrival at Washington of Archbishop Martinelli, the new apostolic delegate, the announcement is made that Bishop Keene is deposed by the pope as rector of the Catholic university, one of the greatest educational institutions under the management of the church. The removal was in accordance with the established custom of the church, which is opposed to perpetuity.

A GERMAN ADDRESS.

All Germans should visit Saengerbund Hall this evening to hear the Hon. C. J. Kollmeyer talk on the silver question. The speaking will be in German exclusively.

Ladies, do not fail to see the display of hats and millinery at the "Fair." Tri-State Block. 5t3

SPECIAL SALE

OF CENTER STANDS.

These Stands are not Poor, Trashy Goods, but are Solid Oak, well finished and are worth almost twice what we ask for them.

Five Different Styles.

- 24x24 Top, worth $1 75, for $1.00.
- 22x22 Top, worth $1.50, for 80 cents.
- 18x18 Top, worth $1.50, for 80 cents.
- 16x16 Top, worth $1.00, for 60 cents.
- 16x16 Top, worth 75 cents, for 48 cents.

PICKARD BROS.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

FURNITURE and STOVES.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

MONDAY OCT. 5, 1896.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National Ticket.

President—William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska.
Vice President—Arthur Sewall, of Maine.

State Ticket.

Governor—B. F. Shively, of St. Joseph county.
Lieutenant Governor—John C. Lawler, of Washington county.
Appellate Judges—First district, Edwin Taylor, of Vanderburg county; Second district, F. E. Gavin; Third district, Theodore Davis; Fourth district, Orlando Lotz; Fifth district, G. E. Ross.
Secretary of State—S. M. Ralston, of Boone county.
Auditor of State—Joseph T. Fanning, of Marion county.
Treasurer of State—Morgan Chandler, of Hancock county.
Attorney General—J. G. McNutt, of Terre Haute.
Reporter of the Supreme Court—Henry Warrum, of Marion county.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—Prof. W. B. Sinclair, of Pulaski county.
State Statistician—O. H. Downey, of Noble county.

Congressional.

For Congress—James M. Robinson.

Joint Senatorial.

For Joint Senator—L. J. Bobilya.

Joint Representative.

For Joint Representative—William C. Ryan, of Allen.

County Ticket.

For Representatives—George V. Kell and H. I. Smith.
For Prosecuting Attorney—N. D. Doughman.
For Treasurer—L. O. Hunter.
For Sheriff—Albert Melching.
For Surveyor—Charles W. Branstrator.
For Coroner—Dr. J. H. Kappel.
For Assessor—Thomas Greer, sr.
For Commissioners—Second District—M. A. Ferguson; Third District—John Orff.

Per Capita Circulation.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Sept. 30, 1896.

Editor SENTINEL:

In your issue of September 25, you publish editorially, in response to an inquiry, a statement giving the per capita circulation of money in the United States for the years named, as follows: 1865, $47.52; 1866, $50 76; 1867, $36.68; 1892, $26.02; 1893, $24 34; 1896, $21.18.

The figures given are so greatly at variance with statements published by the treasury department at Washington, I am led to doubt the accuracy of your source of information. By reference to United States treasury department circular No. 123, issued July 1, 1896, on authority of Mr. J. G. Carlisle, secretary, I find on page 54 a statement of the coin and paper circulation of the United States from 1860 to 1896, with amount of circulation per capita. Please note particularly that the figures show the money outside the United States treasury and do not include bullion, but only coin and paper money: 1865 $20 57; 1866 $18 99; 1867, $18 28; 1892 $24 44; 1893, $23 85; 1896, $21.10.

If you find the authority for your figures is more reliable than mine, let us have it.

We know that the only coin in 1865 6 7 in circulation was on the Pacific coast, and is reckoned at $25,000,000 annually. The balance of the circulation was paper money, at no time during the period named being at par. So great was its depreciation that in determining the circulation per capita to compare with our present money, it ought to be reduced to its actual value. In 1865 the paper money in circulation had a face value of $689,702,995. It was worth 636 on the dollar, actual value $438,651,104 Population outside of Pacific coast, 34 248,000, making per capita circulation, based on real value or purchasing power of the money used, $12 80 In 1866 the money was worth .71, circulation $13 16 In 1867 money was worth 72.4, circulation $12 91.

Of course, I know that when figuring the circulation, some people say one thing is money, while others call some thing else money; but the only fair way to determine what is available money is to divide the amount of money outside Uncle Sam's strong box by the population. If a deduction is made for money in banks or other depositories it should also be made for all held by private individuals, for a dollar stowed away in a bureau drawer is no more in circulation than a dollar held by a bank as reserve.

Respectfully,
C. H. NEWTON.

The Chicago Inter-Ocean (republican) of July 16, 1878, gave the total currency of the country in 1865 at $1,651,283 373, estimating the per capita at $47 52, which were the figures given by THE SENTINEL. Berkey's "Money System" gives the circulation on October 31, 1865, three months later than the above estimate, at $1 894,779,886; per capita, $54. Hence we may observe that the conflict arises from the different premises assumed. We think Mr. Newton will find that our statement, to which he refers, is substantially correct. But he wishes us to consider the question of the per capita of circulation in 1865 from the standpoint of the "value of the money in circulation during 1865 6 7." He says the proper money then in circulation was depreciated, and that, therefore, we should, in considering this question, reduce it from its face value to its actual value in gold.

According to his theory he would treat every dollar of paper money in circulation as depreciative money, and not to be considered at its face value at all, unless there were a gold dollar in the treasury at the same time to redeem it. The theory has one merit, and only one, and that is it is new. He would treat the greenbacks, though a legal tender in payment of debts, as worth only sixty-three cents, because gold was at a premium. And from his theory, he would consider all our paper money, now in circulation, as depreciated money, because there is not in the treasury a dollar in gold for every paper dollar in circulation.

But he may say that now the government is on a gold basis, and has resolved to keep every dollar in circulation as good as gold. In 1865, and during every succeeding year, the government was the support and guarrantor of every dollar in circulation, just as at the present time. Every dollar in circulation, therefore, during all these years, was just as good as a dollar in gold to every tax payer and to every one who finds money of use to discharge his obligations.

If there were double the quantity of standard redemption money in the world that there is today, the great, overwhelming majority of the people would be better off and immensely more prosperous than they are. And if the time ever comes when gold will be doubled in quantity, and coined into standard money, the same class of people who are now insisting that we must maintain the gold standard because gold is scarce, dear and very precious, will be found arrayed against gold. From the standpoint of such people they would say gold has become too cheap, its purchasing power has declined, therefore, we want a scarcer and a dearer dollar.

The observations we have made illustrate the attitude of the gold standard people today. They have stricken out of our coinage law the silver dollar, which was the unit of value from 1792 to 1873 and made the gold dollar the unit of value because gold is scarce, and have thereby reduced the price of lands and all commodities. If men who are willing to give due praise to Washington, Hamilton, Jefferson and their compatriots for what they have done for the United States along other lines, would reflect and consider that they made gold and silver coin standard money—and that they did so after great consideration and that the country prospered on the bimetallic standard as no nation ever prospered, such persons might be led to conclude that bimetallism would be the best for the country.

It should be bourne in mind that the circular referred to does not take into account that in 1865 there were $33,954 230 of 5 per cent notes, $217,024,160 compound interest notes and $830 000,000 seven-thirty notes in circulation, performing the functions of money just the same as all other kinds of money in circulation at that time. Mr. St. John shows this in his work, which facts are quoted in Waldron's hand book, entitled, "Currency and Wealth," p. 31.

Rev. Juno Moore is a colored man, a Baptist minister who went to Liberia 27 years ago. His relatives who went with him became quickly discouraged and returned to the United States. Rev. Juno Moore stuck to it and staid. Now he is a rich man, has all he wants or needs in this world and is very happy. He came to this country not long since to visit the relatives who returned and found them worse off and more discontented than they were 27 years ago. There are now 22,000 American negroes in Liberia. Moore combined business with the saving of souls in the negro republic and that is how he got rich. He says there are splendid possibilities in Liberia for negroes that are self reliant enough to stand alone and do not have to be bossed. Pluck, perseverance and self dependence will make an American negro prosperous quickly in Liberia. Coffee is the chief product there, though all tropical vegetation grows in abundance. The little republic is soon to have a railway. As for the qualities necessary to give a negro success in Liberia, it may be remarked that exactly the same qualities would make him successful here or anywhere, but they are just those which the race seems to rather conspicuously lack.

Judge Schatz of the town of Mount Vernon, N. Y., deserves fame and prosperity. He has discovered somewhere a law by which children can be compelled to be thoroughly washed and tubbed before being sent to school. All children in such condition that they are a menace to the public health are forbidden to enter the school, says the law. A dirty boy is a menace to the public health, reasons Judge Schatz, and right Schatz is. Cannot the same kind of law be put in force in other places? There is twang about this idea of forcing dirty parents to bathe their young ones that is most refreshing.

"The statesman," says the Detroit Tribune, "is the man who can carry states."

ACTIONS SPEAK LOUDER THAN WORDS.

Our Fall Stock is now complete in every department.

Men's Overcoats and Suits.

Greatest values we have ever shown. Prices range from

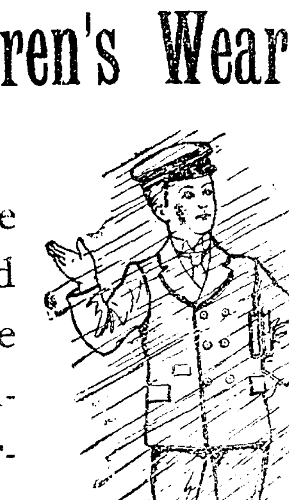
$4 00 to $25.

OUR LINE OF

Boys' and Children's Wear

A surprise to all.

A good durable Knee Pants Suit at $1.00 and upwards. We are sole agents for Neptune Anti-Pluie Boys Clothing, guaranteed water-proof. They have given universal satisfaction for the past three seasons.



Our Waterproof Boy.

LEHMAN'S.

A Queer Camp.

Mr. Smith N. Allen of North Adams, Mass., has been giving some tramps rest and recreation. It is only justice to say the tramps seemed to like it. It is the regular business of a tramp to loaf the year round. Change and recreation would therefore consist for him in going to work, and this was the kind of vacation Mr. Allen gave him.

The farmers around Waterville, Oneida county, N. Y., in the hop raising regions, have been overrun and pestered unspeakably by the horrible army of hoboes that each summer congregate there in the picking season. Hop picking is not hard work, and your tramp is willing to play at it a little while, meantime foraging at will among the chicken roosts, orchards and cornfields of the ruralists. There were always many more tramps than workers, and they camped in the neighborhood of the fields and became the nuisance and the terror of the region.

Mr. Allen this summer took the case in hand. He asked the people of the county to contribute food, and at the same time to begin gathering and hauling loads of stone from the surplus crop upon their fields. They did both. Mr. Allen founded a great tramp encampment, which he called Camp Work, an odd name, but he made it apply. A brook near by was dammed and a bathing pond made. Great cranes and camp kettles and old tinware of all kinds were also brought in. An old circus tent furnished shelter at night.

Then work began. The authorities co-operated with Mr. Allen, and every morning each tramp was forced into the pond and made to scrub himself. His clothing was fumigated; so was the circus tent. The best cooks among the tramps were chosen to preside at the camp kettles and appetizing food was soon prepared. But before a hobo was allowed to taste it he was compelled to do so much work—break three wheelbarrow loads of stone for three meals. This continued day after day, the bathing, working and feeding. At evening the tramps gathered for songs and speechmaking, and many a gentleman orator might have got useful hints from the tramp wit and eloquence.

At the end of the hop picking season it was found that 400 tons of stone had been broken. The camp cost the county $380, but the stone will sell for $1.15 a ton.

When Russia has been unable to gain her ends in any other way, it has been the custom of her embassadors and ministers abroad to apparently fall hopelessly in love, in the most respectful manner of course, with queens and empresses and thus influence other nations or worm out state secrets. More than one silly princess has found when too late that it was not herself at all that the wily emissary cared for, but only that imperial mistress whom he would stop at nothing to serve—Russia. His fellow countrymen have lately learned with regret that that pattern American citizen, Mr. Andrew Carnegie, has been "done" in a similar manner by Russian diplomacy. A year ago we pointed with pride to the fact that the Russian government had ordered a large amount of naval armor plating from the Carnegie company because American armor plating was the best in the world. Oh, yes! And Russia promised to buy ever so much more plating if that contract was made to suit. One of the conditions of the contract was that a Russian should be present at all stages of the making to watch the plates go through the mill. Guileless Mr. Carnegie and his men agreed. It now transpires that that innocent Russian officer was studying with might and main and picking out one by one all the secrets of the incomparable armor plate making. Russia will immediately go into the manufacture of it herself. A former Homestead mills employee is at this moment superintending the erection in Russia of the building plant. This is enough to make water well from eyes unused to weep.

The business depression has been so great that many physicians in cities have given up their horses and carriages and taken to the bicycle or the convenient street car lines, which have become so numerous that a horse and carriage for the city dweller in any profession is more of a luxury than a necessity. But, for the convenience of medical men who would like to keep their own vehicles and still do not care to pay for horse feed, the physician's motor cab has been invented. One which a doctor had constructed especially for his own use travels 16 miles an hour and will climb hills that have a rise of 12 feet in 100 and propel itself through a sea of mud 6 inches deep. It is true this strong vehicle weighs 1,040 pounds, but when we consider that the figures represent the weight of a horse and carriage both they do not seem so large.

Germany has been the first nation to experiment with bicycle riflemen. It is not yet known whether the experiment will prove a success. Indeed it would be strange if it did. The man who can guide a bicycle, carry a rifle, take aim, fire and hit a mark while riding and then turn and whirl away would be a man too gifted to be a common soldier. The bicycle corps could, however, do effective work by dismounting quickly from their wheels and then firing and loading. Cavalrymen in our civil war were accustomed to dismount and fight on foot in a battle.

It is manifest destiny that a majority of the civilized people of the world shall be the English speaking races. The Boers of South Africa are not inferior to the English, but the English are overwhelming them. English influence is bound to be predominant in South Africa, because Englishmen have the spirit of progress. The Boers in South Africa will become what the Germans of Pennsylvania became in the United States—a worthy and prosperous people, but not the dominant race.

A Swedish woman has found an infallible cure for obesity, she declares. The uncomfortably and ungracefully fat man or woman has only to begin and turn somersaults, turn them early and often and turn them late and keep at it. In time it becomes a delightful and exhiliarating exercise, it is claimed. The fat person gets the somersault habit, as it were, and the waist girth is reduced to slender and æsthetic proportions. We publish the cure without asking a cent for it.

CANTON PILGRIMS.

A Fort Wayne Party Pays Its Respects to McKinley.

Five Hundred Employes of the Pittsburg Line Up and March to the Major's Home.

The Railway McKinley club of this city, which made a pilgrimage to Canton last Saturday, arrived home safely at 11 o'clock that night, each member apparently well pleased with the journey and the manner in which the club was received by the republican presidential nominee. As this excursion was one of the notable events of the campaign, viewed from a local standpoint, it is deserving of more extended notice than THE SENTINEL was able to give it last Saturday, owing to the late hour at which the club was presented to Mr. McKinley.

The train reached Canton shortly after 12 o'clock, but there were several other excursion parties ahead of the Fort Wayne delegation, awaiting presentation to the major, and it was not until 3:30 o'clock that Mr. Enoch Cox stepped upon the McKinley porch and, addressing the candidate, said:

"Major McKinley:—It affords me much pleasure and I esteem it a very great honor to present to you this large body of railway employes, who have journeyed from Fort Wayne to Canton that they may at your own home, 'under your own vine and fig tree,' assure you of their abiding faith in you as the living and veritable exponent of those economic principles and governmental principles which will best subserve the strength, the honor, the glory of the republic, and restore the full measure of prosperity to its people. They know that your contention is for America, for American industries, American homes and American fire sides against all the world. Among those for whom I speak are men from the workbench, men from the forge men from the office, men who labor among the wheels, and men who spend a large measure of their lives above the wheels, upon the rails, moving the traffic of a mighty people; but I assure you, major, none of them are afflicted with 'wheels' on the money question. I beg to assure you also that they looked with marked disfavor upon that senseless chatter, so lavishly indulged, of an irrepressible conflict between capital and labor. They fully realize that the highest degree of prosperity can only be attained when capital and labor, confiding in each other, enter harmoniously into the affairs of business pursuit. It is their earnest and laudable desire that they shall have ample opportunity to employ their capital, which is their strength of muscle, the cunning of their hands, and those high incentives to action—the home and hearthstone, the peace and contentment which of right belong to the wage earners of our country. They further, and rightfully desire that they shall receive, as you have so happily expressed it, 'a dollar's worth of dollar for a dollar's worth of service.' Loyal to their country they would likewise maintain, untarnished, its credit. They would guard its honor as they love its flag. We now await a word of cheer and encouragement from you. We will then return to Indiana to redouble our zeal and endeavor in behalf of protection, reciprocity and sound money, to the end that on the 3d of November, when the bloodless battle of the ballots shall be over and the smoke shall have cleared away, we may read upon our victorious banners, in glory and splendor, the names, triumphant, of McKinley and Hobart."

Mr. Cox's speech elicited applause and at its close Mr. McKinley advanced and responded as follows, directing his remarks also to a delegation each from Pennsylvania, Illinois and Ohio:

"I almost despair of being able to make myself heard to this great assemblage of my countrymen. In this vast audience there are representatives from the state of Indiana, from the state of Pennsylvania, from the state of Illinois, and from our own state of Ohio. You come from different states, but with a single purpose, and that, to testify your devotion to the principles of the great republican party. You come not as persons, for this year partisanship counts for little. Patriotism is uppermost in every man's heart and in every home beneath the flag. You come from different states, but you carry the same flag in your hands, the glorious old stars and stripes, and you carry the sacred principles in your hearts. I am glad to meet and greet every one of you here at my home today. I wish I might give every one of you a warm hand clasp. You have my high regard and gratitude for the interest you are showing in the triumph of national honor, patriotism and protection. Parties do not make issues; issues make parties. Men who think alike act together. This vast crowd thinks alike and they propose to act together on the third day of November. Every heart here is inspired by the same thought; every soul here is moved by the same consideration, and that consideration is the well being and prosperity of the glorious American union. We love our institutions because they are the freest and best in the world. There is no other country beneath the sun like ours. And it never will be anybody else's so long as the American people have patriotism in their hearts. We have not only the best country in the world, but we have the best, or did have—three or four years ago—the best manufacturing establishments in the world, and we have tin plate mills and the best railroads in the world. We have also more miles of railroads than any government in the world. And we furnish the nations of the world, many of them, with oils which come principally from the fields of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana. We furnish the world with tools that come from these several states. We have not only the best manufactories and the best railroads and the most of them, but we have the best money in the world. We have more gold in the United States than any other government except France and Germany. We have more silver than any government except India and China. Every dollar we have—gold, silver and paper—is worth 100 cents wherever trade goes, and in every mart and market place of the world. Now, what we want to do is to get back what we lost in 1892. Are you all agreed as to that? (Cries of "We are," and "You bet.") Nobody seems to be satisfied with what was done in 1892, those who helped to do it and those who were against it are alike dissatisfied. What we want is to return to the normal prosperity of the United States; we want to restore confidence and we want to set the wheels of industry in motion; we want our trains to be doubled and to be doubled in the number of their employes, in carrying the splendid traffic of our internal commerce. Now when we have done that, then we want to see to it that the money of this country shall be preserved untarnished and the honor of this government unsullied. Then, more than that, we want the whole world to know that this is a government of law, and that beneath that government and around that government stands 70,000,000 of free people who love the laws they helped make."

En route to Canton James A. Ludington, who was appointed marshal of the day, organized the club for the march to McKinley's house, making a company out of each coach load and naming a captain and lieutenant for each as follows:

First Car—Armack, captain; Lee, lieutenant.

Second Car—Rogers, captain; Rohan, lieutenant.

Third Car—McLaughlin, captain; Henry, lieutenant.

Fourth Car—Kaiser, captain; Roebel, lieutenant.

Fifth Car — Fuchshuber, captain; Sweir, lieutenant.

Sixth Car—T. Potter, captain; Tower lieutenant.

Seventh Car—Hogan, captain; Bly, lieutenant.

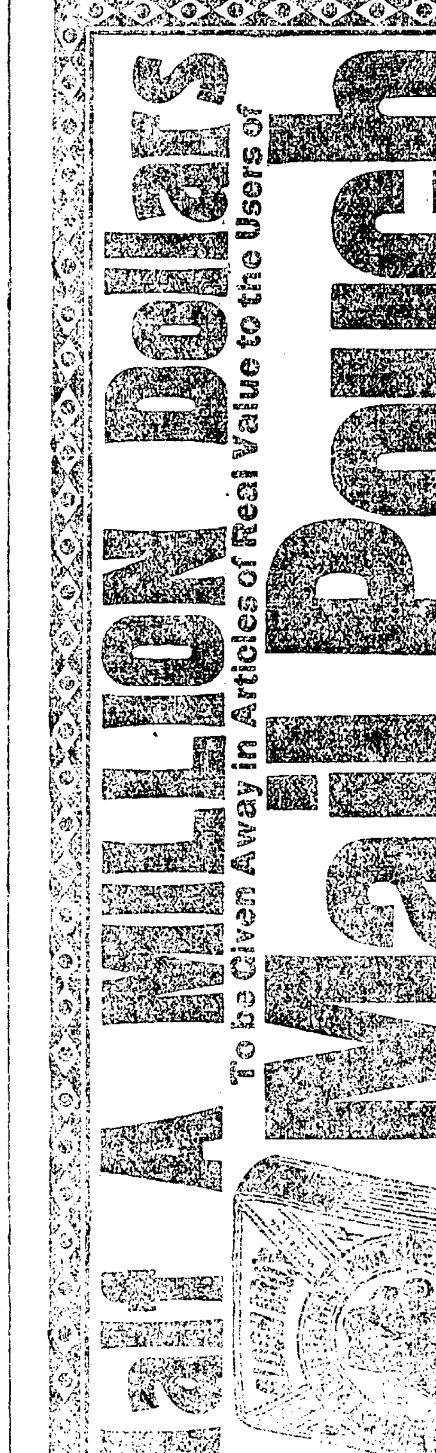
Eighth Car—Mills, captain; Lepper, lieutenant.

Ninth Car—Baker, captain; Klepper, lieutenant.

Tenth Car—Pierce, captain; Beals, lieutenant.

The eleventh and twelfth cars were occupied by persons who were not members of the club and they were not organized.

The First A. O. U. W. band accompanied the club and enlivened the trip by frequent selections en route and at Canton.



Half A Million Dollars
To be Given Away in Articles of Real Value to the Users of
Mail Pouch
CHEWING & SMOKING
TOBACCO
NICOTINE NEUTRALIZED
ANTI-NERVOUS ANTI-DYSPEPTIC
One Coupon in each 5 cent Package and Two Coupons in each 10 cent Package.
COUPONS GIVE FULL INFORMATION AND LIST OF VALUABLE ARTICLES.
Mail Pouch Tobacco is sold by all Dealers.
THE BLOCH BROS. TOBACCO CO., WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA.
No coupons exchanged after July 1, 1897.

LITTLE RIVER DITCH.

Movement to Free it From Its Present Obstructions.

The Proposition Discussed at a Meeting Held Saturday—Report of Committee.

A large number of farmers, and others interested in the matter, met Saturday afternoon at the room of the county commissioners in the court house to discuss the movement inaugurated to free the Little River ditch from its obstructions and to better drain the lands adjacent to it. C. S. Bash presided. The report of the committee sent out to view the ditch was made by F. W. Antrup. He made a thorough inspection of the ditch and this is the report he read to the meeting:

"GENTLEMEN:—I went down the Little River ditch according to appointment, but found none of the committee there. I got all the information I could and saw what I could besides, and report my conclusions.

"1. That I think that you ought not to do any more than is absolutely necessary. (Applause.) That in the first place the ditch be thoroughly cleaned.

"2. That all obstructions which hinder the flow of water be removed.

"3. That you turn as much as you can of the water into the St. Mary's river.

"4. That you make such changes in the channel near Aboite station as is necessary.

"I think if you make arrangements to carry out these recommendations, you will find that it will be all that will be necessary to do at present.

"Respectfully submitted,
"F. W. ANTRUP."

Mr. Antrup supported his report in a speech, holding that if the ditch was properly cleaned and obstructions removed it would carry off all the water. He called attention to the fact that parties had constructed near Aboite station a bridge that obstructs the flow of water and insisted that it should be removed. He advocated a branch ditch or cut off at Aboite to relieve the ditch in times of high water and gave a good practical talk.

Mr. Hoffman, of Huntington county, attacked the proposed cut-off ditch at Aboite station, because while it might relieve some land it would be a menace to other lands. He favored cleaning out the ditch and felt the water would take care of itself if it had a chance.

Engineer Goshorn had given it as his opinion that drainage would not be complete until the ledge of rock in Huntington county was cut away, and that is what disturbs the farmers down that way, for they got a pretty severe dose in the construction of the ditch.

Mr. Edison had a letter read, urging that action be taken towards cleaning the ditch and assessing his land for its share of the cost. He thought the work should be well done if it was done at all.

The law was read by County Commissioner Ferguson to show that whatever action was taken should be jointly by both counties, first by petition and then by the appointment of joint viewers.

Mr. Simonton said that his neighbors in Huntington county, and himself as well, were touched pretty hard for the construction of the ditch and they desired to be careful this time. He asked that his people be given two weeks in which to get together and decide upon a line of action, adding that it was the feeling down there that the ditch be cleaned and every proper relief given, but he wanted no precipitate action taken.

The matter was discussed at great length and finally adjournment was taken for two weeks, until Saturday, October 17

Petitions for the cleaning of the ditch are to be circulated in the meantime and the next meeting will possibly declare in favor of presenting them to the commissioners of the counties of this and Huntington.

The proposition now is to straighten, clean, widen and deepen the big ditch so as to provide against overflows that destroy crops and render many farms unremunerative. The work, it is estimated, will cost from $25 000 to $30,000.

Miss Angy Manning Taylor, who will take charge of the general secretaryship of the Y. W. C. A., of this city, will arrive tomorrow from Chicago. Miss Taylor had especial training for the Y. W. C. A. work before taking the position at Newburg, N. Y., where she was most successful, and she spent the last year at the Moody institute under the instruction of Professor White. The annual meeting of the Y. W. C. A. will be held on October 13, and at that time Miss Taylor will be formally introduced to the city work. A reception will also be held that evening.

The management of Robison park will give the first of a series of concerts and dances in the enclosed pavilion, Tuesday evening. The Hibernian Rifles will give their annual drill and dance at the park Wednesday evening, and a fine program has been arranged. The Zollinger battery will assist and give a fancy drill. Commencing today, cars will not begin running to the park until 1 p m.

Miss Catherine Holland returned to her home at Crestline Sunday, after a delightful visit with friends in this city.

LOCAL NEWS.

Miss Maggie Sheehy is visiting at Columbia City.

Miss Rettie Single of Columbia City, is visiting in the city.

Miss Sharp led the Y. W. C. A. meeting yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Meisner is visiting her brother, J. J. Kyler, at Columbia City.

Harry Roush, of Wilmot, Whitley county, is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. H. Menafee and Mrs. J. Hill are visiting relatives at Columbia City.

Miss Lela Kemmer, of Lima, Ohio, is the guest of Miss Edna Parham, of West DeWald street.

Miss Mary Goodfellow, of Whitley county, is the guest of her brothers, James and William Goodfellow.

Yesterday, at Larwill, occurred the funeral of John Welker, a young man who had numerous friends in this city.

The wedding of Miss Anna Zucher, daughter of Prof. F. Zucher, and Prof. L. Fuerbringer, of St Louis, will occur on the 8th instant.

Mrs. Frank Crock, wife of the chief draughtsman in the office of Grindle & Weatherhogg, will sail from Liverpool, England, October 28. She is visiting relatives in England.

Frank Woulfe, agent for the Lehigh Dispatch, is in the city to spend Sunday with his mother, on Melita street. Mr. Woulfe was formerly of the Wabash freight office in this city.

Postmaster Rockhill has received an automatic time register for the use of the letter carriers. The carriers must work only eight hours each day, and the time is registered to a minute.

The reunion of the Eighty-eighth Indiana regiment will be held at Huntington next Thursday. Allan H. Dougall, of this city, is the adjutant, and C. E. Briant, of Huntington, the colonel.

In the 2:20 class pacing at Louisville, Ky., on Saturday, Eleanor, owned by J. W. Pearse, of this city, won the fifth, sixth and seventh heats. Time—2:14¾ 2:16¾ and 2:16. The race had thirteen starters.

The members of the Fort Wayne club elect officers today. Voting began at 10 o'clock this morning and will close at 6 this evening. The annual stockholders' meeting will be held this evening at the club house.

Editor Rappaport, of the Indianapolis Staats Zeitung, will speak in German and Hon. S. M. Foster and Hon. P. A. Randall in English, at Spencer opera house, Kendallville, this evening upon the political issues of the day from the national democratic standpoint. The speeches will be under the auspices of the Sound Money league of this city.

By virtue of appointment of Chairman Kaough, W. P. Breen is the democratic member of the county board of election commissioners. Chairman Everett has named Wilmer Leonard as the republican member, and County Clerk H. M. Metzgar is under the law, the third member. They prepare the county ballots and instruction cards for the election as provided by the Australian ballot law.

In the National league campaign two clubs won all the games of a series—Cincinnati from St. Louis and Baltimore from Philadelphia. Chicago came very near taking every game from Pittsburg, winning eleven out of twelve. Boston took ten from Brooklyn, as did Cincinnati. Baltimore took ten each from Cincinnati, Louisville and Washington. Cleveland took ten from St Louis and Pittsburg won ten from Louisville. Strangely enough, the only series won by the Louisvilles was from Philadelphia, and the only series won by St Louis was from Louisville

Syrup of Figs

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

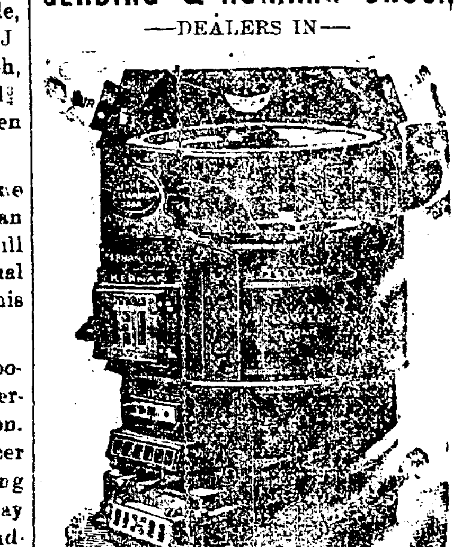
If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Olive Branch—The Wonderful Specific for all Female Complaints.

Cost only $1 for a month's treatment. Ladies cure themselves in the privacy of their own homes. For 10 days free treatment and information about female complaints address, DR. KILMER & CO., South Bend, Ind. For sale by Gross & Fellens, 94 Calhoun St.

GERDING & AUMANN BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—



HOT AIR FURNACES, STEAM and HOT WATER HEATERS, STOVES, TIN and HARDWARE.

Slate, Steel and Corrugated Iron roofing. Repairing, Spouting, and all kinds of job work promptly attended to.

NO. 115 WALLACE ST.,

Phone 389. Fort Wayne, Ind.

Cool Mornings AND Cool Nights

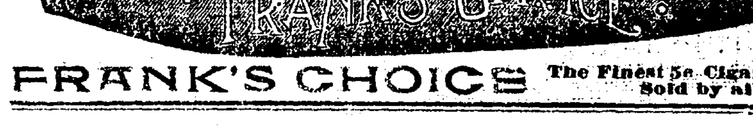
Causes a person to think of an Overcoat.

We have the finest line of Overcoatings and Suitings in the city for Fall and Winter wear, at lower prices than anyone else.

G. SCHMIDT.
Merchant Tailor.
70 East Main Street.

Ladies Who Value

A refined complexion must use Pozzoni's Powder. It produces a soft and beautiful skin.



FRANK'S CHOICE The Finest 5c Cigar made. Sold by all Dealers.

S. W.

HULL,

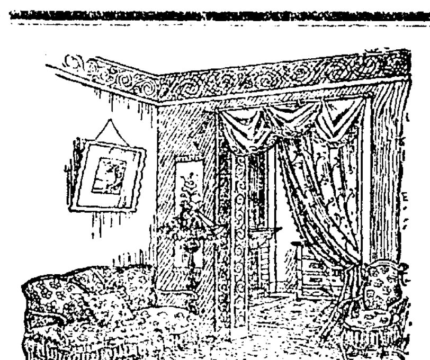
WALL PAPER.

Latest Designs, Most Select Coloring, All Grades. Plain and Decorative Paper Hanging, House and Sign Painting. Wall Tinting, Etc.

Do Not Forget our Initials or Number.

27—Clinton Street—27

TELEPHONE 250.



PRETTY HOMES

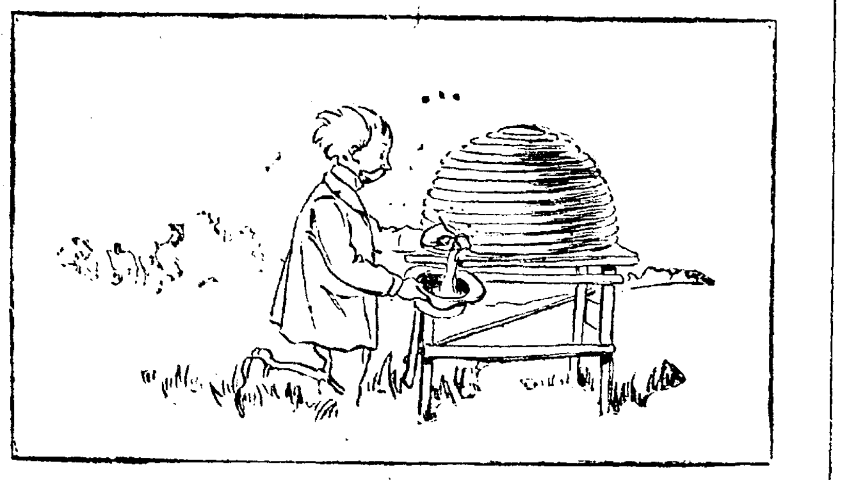
Need pretty Carpets. They add finish and grace, Art, and manufacturers have produced perfection in this line. Harmony in coloring, care in design and the best qualities of material make our Carpets and Rugs attractive evidence of utility—made to wear, hard to kick to pieces; prices run up from 50c per yard for standard makes. Mattings, Oil Cloths and Linoliums to suit all fancies.

Indiana Furniture Co

166 Calhoun Street.

SIGN STATE OF INDIANA.

CHOLLY OUTERTOWN BECOMES COMPLETELY WRAPPED UP WITH HONEY GATHERING.



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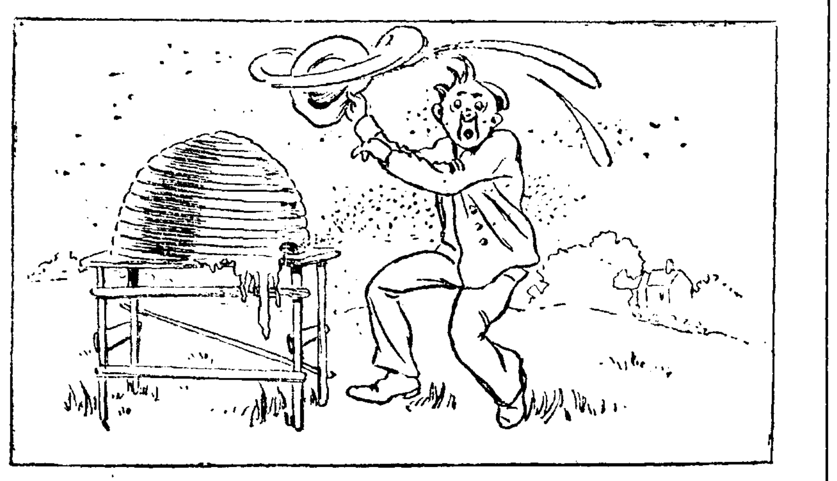

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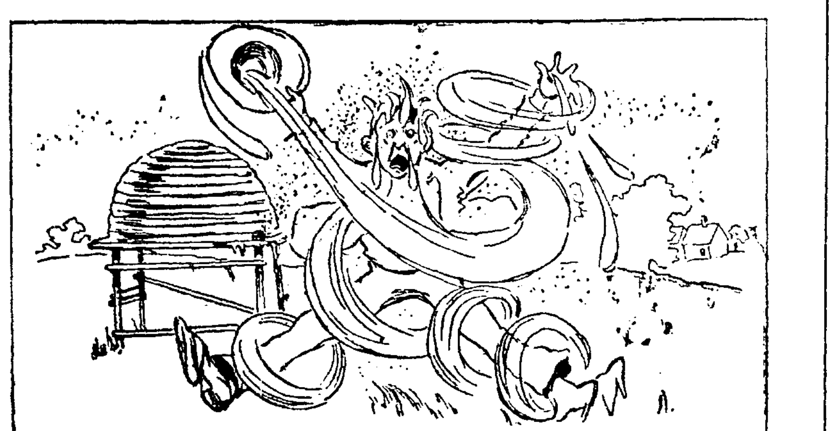

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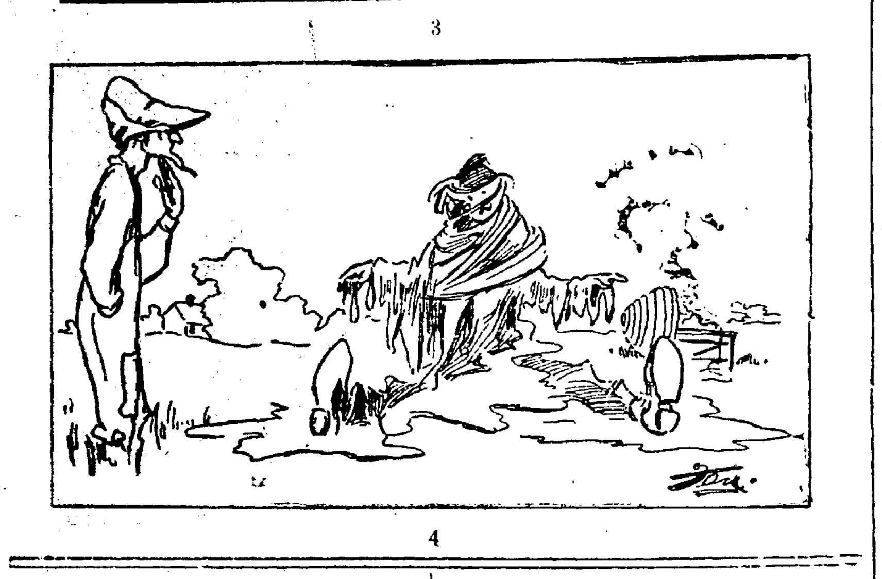

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A SPLITTING HEADACHE TRADE MARK

CURES EVERY CASE. Dr. Kilmer & Co., South Bend Ind. Gents — We have placed an additional order for Dr. Kilmer's Sure Headache Cure. We cannot say too much in praise of this medicine As yet we have not found a case of Headache that it has not cured. Yours respectfully, GLEASON & KNAPP, Druggists. Albion, Mich., March 22, 1894

LEAVES NO BAD EFFECTS. Dr Kilmer & Co., South Bend, Ind. Enclosed find twenty-five cents for a box of your Sure Headache Cure. It is the best thing for headache I ever tried, and it leaves no bad effects. Would not be without it. Yours respectfully MISS E. M. WILSON, Rising City, Neb.

For sale by Gross & Pellens, 94 Calhoun St.

BRASS BAND

Instruments, Drums, Uniforms, Equipments for Bands and Drum Corps. Lowest prices ever quoted. Fine Catalog, 400 Illustrations, *mailed free;* it gives Band Music & Instruct'ns for Amateur Bands.
LYON & HEALY,
Cor. Adams St. and Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

FREE DISPENSARY.

Open every day from 8 a. m. to 9 a. m., at the Fort Wayne College of Medicine, 160 W. Superior street. Medicines free to the poor. Patients too sick to come to the Dispensary will b. visited at their home.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time
AS FOLLOWS:
* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.
FROM FT. WAYNE TO LEAVE ARRIVE

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station, Fort Wayne, Ind.

East Bound.	West Bound.
*5 40 a.m.	*3 45 a.m.
*6 52 a.m. From Chi.	*5 10 a.m.
†1 10 p.m.	† 7 10 a.m.
*7 45 p.m.	†11 40 a.m.
*9 25 p m. Limited	* 4 30 p.m.
†10 35 p m. from Chi.	* 5 40 p.m.

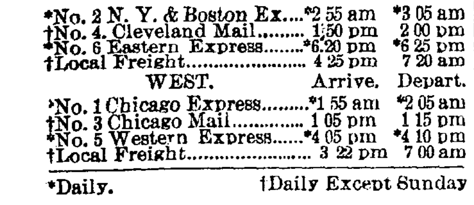
GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R.R.
In effect Sept. 27, 1896.

NORTH BOUND.	
*For Grand Rapids and north	2 40 am
†	8 15 am
†	2 55 pm
†From Richmond arrives	6 25 pm
SOUTH BOUND.	
*For Richmond and Cincinnati	12 45 am
†	5 45 am
†	12 35 pm
†From Grand Rapids arrives	7 15 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

WABASH RAILROAD.
Effective May 17, 1896.

No.	GOING EAST.	DEPART.
2.	N. Y. & Boston Limited, daily	4:48 am
10.	Toledo Local Ex., daily	6:00 am
6.	N. Y. and N. Eng. Flyer, daily	11:48 am
4.	Fast Mail and Exp., ex. Sunday	7:25 pm
	GOING WEST.	
5.	Pacific Express, ex. Sunday	8:00 am
7	Kan. City Cannon Ball, daily	1:00 pm
1.	Government Fast Mail, daily	6:30 pm
3.	St. Louis Vestibule Lim., daily	8:10 pm
73.	Andrews Local, ex. Sunday	1:00 pm
11.	Toledo Accom. ar., ex. Sunday	12:30 pm
9.	Toledo-Ft W. spec. Sun. only, ar.	10:30 pm



Chicago depot, Clark and 12th streets Buffalo depot, Exchange and Michigan St. Nos. 3 and 4 and local freight trains daily except Sunday. Other trains daily.

EAST.	Arrive.	Depart.
*No. 2 N. Y. & Boston Ex.	*2 55 am	*3 05 am
†No. 4. Cleveland Mail	1 50 pm	2 00 pm
*No. 6 Eastern Express	*6 20 pm	*6 25 pm
†Local Freight	4 25 pm	7 20 am
WEST.	Arrive.	Depart.
*No. 1 Chicago Express	*1 55 am	*2 05 am
†No. 3 Chicago Mail	1 05 pm	1 15 pm
*No. 5 Western Express	*4 05 pm	*4 10 pm
†Local Freight	3 22 pm	7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday

LAKKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch.

SOUTHWARD.	ARRIVE.
No. 462 Way Freight	5 25 pm
No. 456 Cin. Express and Mail	11 00 am
No. 410 Detroit and Ind'pl's Express	3 55 pm
NORTHWARD.	DEPART.
No. 463 Way Freight	6 40 am
No. 457 Through Express and Mail	11 45 am
No. 459 Detroit and Indianap'lis Ex	4 45 pm

RAILWAY RUMBLINGS.

A Wonderful Locomotive Put Into Service.

Carries Fuel and Water for a 240-Mile Run and Travels Seventy-five Miles Per Hour.

An Associated Press dispatch from Denver, Col., received at this office at noon today, gives the following account of the largest locomotive in the west:

"At 8 o'clock this morning the largest locomotive ever operated in the west, and one of the largest in the United States, pulled out from the union depot here for Pueblo on its trial run. The train consisted of forty five cars and was about 1,800 feet long. Taking into consideration the heavy grade from this city to Palmer Lake, this is a remarkably heavy train for a single locomotive. The new engine is of such huge proportions that the largest locomotives operated by the roads running into Denver are insignificant in comparison. The weight of the engine, with two gauges of water, is seventy-five tons and the weight of the tank fully equipped is forty-eight tons. The tank has a capacity of 5,600 gallons, and the coal capacity is twelve tons. This would permit, if it were necessary, a trip to Pueblo and return—240 miles—without replenishing the fuel or water supply. It is estimated that the engine will make seventy-five miles an hour under any but the most extraordinary circumstances. If it meets the expectations of Henry Schlacks, superintendent of motive power of the Denver and Rio Grand road, by whom it was planned, the running time of the fast trains between Denver and Pueblo will be reduced to a mile a minute. The passengers today were: President Jeffery, Superintendent Sample, Mr. Schlacks, a representative of the Baldwin company, the makers, Traveling Engineer F. P. Wilson, and other officials and railroad men. Another locomotive of the same pattern is being constructed."

WOLFORD RESIGNS.

The Wabash Plaindealer has the following to say of a former Fort Wayne citizen: "W. A. Wolford, formerly general foreman of the Big Four shop in this city under Master Mechanic Doebler, and who succeeded Mr. F. J. Zerbee as foreman of the Big Four shop in Bellefontaine, Ohio, last May, has resigned. His resignation was tendered in the latter part of September, effective October 1. Mr. Wolford is a fine mechanic, knows all about a locomotive, and has several good positions open to him. It is probable that he may go to the Wabash road before winter. His resignation at Bellefontaine was prompted by ill health."

AN ILL-FATED CREW.

Tuesday, while switching at Cicero, the south bound local on the Lake Erie ran over an old man and killed him instantly. His name was Reeves. He was walking along the ties and did not take notice of the cars which were being backed upon him. He was knocked down and several cars passed over him. On the trip before this the same crew ran into a bunch of cattle near Noblesville and killed three fine Jersey milch cows.

BRIEF MENTION

Fireman Ira Dawson, of Andrews, spent Sunday in this city with his parents.

Nickel Plate Fireman Drake is sick and off duty.

W. P. Morris, Nickel Plate engineer, is off duty on account of sickness.

S. B. Kieber, the Nickel Plate yard engineer, is taking a few days' recreation.

Private business keeps Nickel Plate Brakeman J. A. Auth from going out on his run.

William Kelly and Louis Abel, of the electric works, spent Sunday at West Lake.

Engineer Robert Lyons is improving his residence on Washington street by adding a bath room

The employes of Rhinesmith & Simonson and the Anthony Wayne works were paid today.

Charles Jerome, a Nickel Plate fireman, has gone to Leipsic to relieve an engine watchman who is sick.

Switchman Weaver has recovered from an illness and yesterday resumed his place in the Nickel Plate yards.

C. H. Felske, foreman of the Wabash shops at Montpelier, Ohio, is calling upon his old Fort Wayne friends today.

Engineer Charles Adams, of the Pittsburg, has moved into his handsome new home on East Lewis street.

C. Kelley, a Nickel Plate trainmen's caller, who resides at Stony Island, spent Sunday with his mother in this city.

Passenger Brakeman Harry Gardner, of the Pittsburg, has recovered from an illness which prostrated him several days.

Japp Edsall, of the electric works, is out again after a month's confinement with the rheumatism. He is still very lame.

Frank X. Miller, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, mashed a finger Saturday afternoon and will be off duty a few days.

Paul Hoppe resumed his duties at the desk in the store room office at the electric works this morning, after a week's vacation

Henry Sinigan, who operated a planer at the Rhinesmith & Simonson factory, has resigned and will shortly move to Chicago.

The general passenger agents of northern and southern roads have decided to leave winter tourist rates as they were last year.

Officials of the Pennsylvania lines report a heavy increase in the movement of loaded cars east and a like movement in west bound shipments.

Brakeman M. Callahan, of the Nickel Plate, who was detained at home several days on account of sickness in his family, reported for duty yesterday.

The Wabash depot at Lafayette has been remodled at a cost of $4,000 and is now one of the prettiest and most convenient station buildings along the line.

Rumor has it that A. J. Smith, general passenger agent of the Lake Shore road, will retire the first of the year. He has held the position since March 1, 1887.

When the Siberian railway is completed the journey around the world will occupy not more than forty days and the cost of transportation will not exceed $400.

The Kentucky Midland road has brought on a rate war in Kentucky by cutting rates on all classes of freight between Cincinnati and Frankfort and all points east

G P. Lysinger, a construction man in the employ of the electric works, left Saturday for Princeton, Mo., where he will superintend the work of installing an electric light plant.

W. H. Brehm has been appointed master mechanic of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas for the lines north of Denison, and John L. Wigton master car builder for the same divisions.

John Backes and Henry Keppel, who were disabled a few days, one by a lame back and the other by a mashed finger, resumed their respective places in the Pittsburg boiler shop this morning.

Peoria has been placed on the same footing as Chicago and St. Louis with regard to east bound rates, a point which the shippers of Peoria have been endeavoring to gain for some years.

The Pittsburg blacksmith shop was closed until noon today to give the employes an opportunity to attend the funeral of their late shopmate, Charles Stewart, which occurred at 9 o'clock

H. K. Hitchcock and E. H. Porter have returned home, the former from Omaha and the latter from New York, where business for the electric works engaged their attention for some time.

W. H. Stark, master car builder of the Wheeling and Lake Erie, has resigned to accept a position with the railway supply house. Mr. Stark three years ago went from the Lake Shore road to this road.

B. Lundt, of Kansas City, is taking a student's course in mechanism at the Bass works. The young man is a son of Henry Lundt, who a dozen years ago was the master mechanic at the Bass works. He is now the comptroller of Kansas City.

Operator C. W. Smith, who was working in Superintendent Gorham's office during the absence of W. C. Kerr, has resumed his place in the yard office. N. N. Gorham, of the latter office, has been transferred to McComb, Ohio.

It is claimed by the other roads that it was the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton that first broke the agreement not to use interchangeable mileage books, and that is the reason the Wabash made its books good over the Lake Erie and Western.

Harry Graham, chairman of the Peoria committee of the Central Traffic association, has tendered his resignation, his transfer to Indianapolis compelling him to retire, his new position as assistant general freight agent of the Lake Erie and Western having largely increased his duties.

O D Ashley, president of the Wabash railroad company, in an open letter to John W. Lacey, agent of the company at Pleasant Lake, denies as without foundation the statement that the employes of the Wabash railroad company are being discharged on account of their political opinions.

George H. Brown, for many years a passenger conductor on the Erie lines, more recently on the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg, died at Rochester on Wednesday. He served with distinction in the Forty ninth New York regiment in its fiercest battles. In the Order of Railway Conductors he was very prominent.

Thirty bridge men are at work on the Wabash railway bridge at the rear of Brooks' poultry house, in Logansport. The bridge now spanning the river at that point will be replaced by an entire new structure. The work will be done by sections and trains will run as usual. Three months will be required to complete the job.

Edward R Bertram, by his attorney, F. P. Jones, filed a damage suit against the Pennsylvania road, at Valparaiso, last Saturday. Bertram claims that he purchased a ticket for Chicago at the local station and when he presented it to the conductor it was found to be a round trip ticket to Hobart. He was compelled to pay his fare to Chicago or be ejected from the train, which he did under protest. He asks for $1,000 damages.

Suit has been instituted by the beneficiaries and members of the Baltimore and Ohio Relief association, asking that the relief department fund, amounting to $390,000, be set apart by the railroad company for the benefit of the relief department. This sum has never been invested by the railroad company. The receivers claim that the relief department money was deposited with the company under an agreement which prohibits the petitioner from recovering.

Peru Journal: "The Wabash and Lake Erie and Western systems are becoming quite friendly. Beginning day before yesterday Lake Erie and Western passengers from points south of here who are traveling on regular purchased mileage can go to Fort Wayne, Toledo or Detroit by having the conductor tear out the mileage necessary from their books and receiving an exchange check to carry them to their destination. The same kind of exchange checks are good returning from the points named when given by the Wabash conductors"

The last report of the Inter-state commerce commission showed that there remained 1,000,000 cars and locomotives in the United States to be equipped with air brakes before January, 1898, or within the next fifteen months, at an expenditure of $30,000,000. All cars not equipped as required by law January 1, 1898, will be fined $100 a day for each case violated, which in the case of 100 cars unequipped, would mean a fine of $10,000 a day. The only roads that will be able to get over this law appear to be the roads under the jurisdiction of the courts

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest United States Government Food Report.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York.

Miss Nellie Smith very pleasantly enterrained the C L. C. club Saturday afternoon at her East Lewis street home. The members consisting of President Carrie Wort, Secretary Mary Ford, Treasurer Jessie Malone, Charlotte Stier, Nellie Smith, Jennie Mooney, Agnes Merz. Lunch was served at 5 o'clock.

The Simpson Epworth league will have a meeting at the home of James Southern, on Webster street, tomorrow evening.

A Word or Two

to those suffering from catarrh or the thousands subject to severe attacks of cold in the head, will not be amiss if a sure remedy can be offered. Ely's Cream Balm has become a favorite in all sections of the United States, because of its effectiveness. Your cold in the head will be quickly relieved by it, and the severest attack of catarrh will yield to, and be perfectly cured by a thorough treatment. Catarrh is not a blood disease, but an inflammation of the passages of the nose and throat, due to climatic changes.

Mothers, Be sure and use "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. May8eod&w

Republican Silver Club.

Rooms 7 and 8, 12 West Wayne street, Fort Wayne. Reading rooms open every day and evening, where you can find all the books and papers bearing on the money question. Good speaking every Wednesday evening. Every one welcome.

A. B. WHITE, President.
J. C. CAIN, Vice President.
J. H. YOUNG, Cor. Sec'y.

The Ames Tree Co.

Are prepared to furnish shade trees from 4 to 16 inches in diameter and guarantee them to live. Why wait a life time to grow shade trees when you can have them within ten days. $100 invested in trees will enhance the value of your property $1,000.

Home office No. 29 Pixley Long block. I. M. VANSLYKE, Manager. 16-1

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr and Mrs Van B Perrine are at Auburn.

W H Keenan went to Cincinnati on business today

Mrs. Louis F Curdes will leave this evening for St. Louis to visit friends.

Dr. Nieschang today removed a piece of dead bone from the finger of Mrs. Christian Miller.

Dr. Hines, of Auburn, was in the city over Sunday to visit his wife, who is a patient of Hope hospital.

H. C. Paul president of the Fort Wayne Gas company, says the company will pipe Ossian this fall.

John H. Aiken and J. H. Power will address the democrats of the Second ward at the City hall tomorrow night

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Moore, of Chicago returned home yesterday. They had been visiting Mr. Moore's parents

H. Meurer, formerly of Paul E. Wolf's upholstery establishment, has gone to Joplin, Mo., to reside permanently.

The Ladies' society of Westminster church will meet at the home of the Misses Keil, on West Superior street, on Thursday afternoon.

William Barr, the well known groceryman, was taken violently ill Saturday night and was delirious until yesterday afternoon. He is better today.

Mrs George C. Stemen gave a thimble party Saturday afternoon in compliment to Misses Nabur and Daugherty, who have been the guests of Miss Stella Mossman.

Elias Zimmerman, wife and daughter, of Auburn, are the guests of C. C. Schlatter. Mr. Zimmerman is president of the Zimmerman Manufacturing company, a big concern of that place.

The Sunday school rally in Bethany church yesterday was a great success. Between 250 and 300 members were in attendance to enjoy the special program for the day. The church was tastily decorated for the occasion.

Mrs. Lem R. Hartman, conference secretary of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the North Indiana M. E conference; Mrs M. A Mason, corresponding secretary of the Fort Wayne district; Miss Carrie A. Smith, district treasurer, and Mrs. H. C Schrader, Mrs. Lina Puff, Mrs. W. L. Pettit, Mrs. A. Freeby, Mrs. C. H. Newton Mrs M A Branyon and Miss Emma Gallagher left this morning for Roanoke to attend the Fort Wayne district ministerial lyceum of the North Indiana M. E. conference. The ladies will be given one hour for the presentation of the cause of foreign missions and one hour for home missions.

Yesterday was another very interesting day at the St. Paul M E. church. At 10:30, Rev. F T. Simpson preached a very able sermon to a large congregation, and the communion service at the close of the sermon was the largest in the history of the church. There were accessions to the membership at the close of the morning service, and the Sunday school, which met at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, was the largest since its organization in 1887, there being an increase of thirty-four over the Sabbath before. The orchestra of thirteen instruments proved very attractive and will be a permanent feature. At 7:30 in the evening Rev. Henry Bridge, a former pastor of the church, preached a very telling sermon to a large congregation.

The Covenant Bible school had a large gathering yesterday to observe rally day. Their collection amounted to $5. The superintendent of the primary department, Mrs. M E Donivan made an address in which she told of her visit and impressions received in the Bethany Sunday school in Philadelphia, of which the Hon. John Wannamaker is the superintendent. Miss Anna Philley gave a recitation, "How Paul Won the Goat," to the great satisfaction and delight of the audience. The superintendent conducted the review of the last quarterly lessons, the members of the school reciting the titles and golden texts in concert. This Bible school holds a meeting for singing every Thursday evening from 7 to 7:30, to which young and old are made welcome. Room 408, corner of Calhoun and Butler streets.

BARN TIMBERS FALL,

Crushing a Dozen Men in Their Descent.

Henry Snell and Cyrus Ewing are so Badly Injured They Cannot Live.

WOOSTER, Ohio, Oct 5.—While raising a barn on the farm of Daniel Wile, near West Canaan, Ohio, the frame work broke just as the men had the roof timbers in position, letting the heavy mass of oak timber fall upon twenty men engaged in the work. All of them received injuries, six of them having limbs broken. Cyrus Ewing, who had his jaw broken, and Henry Snell, all of the ribs of his left side broken, it is thought will die. The accident was witnessed by 300 people who had gathered to assist in the work.

Ribbon sale now on. Trustee's Sale, 'Fair.' Tri State Block. 5 3

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Oct 5.—Wheat—Oct., 66⅝c; Dec., 67⅝c; May, 71⅛@71¼c.

Corn—Oct., 22⅜c; Dec., 23⅛c; May, 26⅛c

Oats—Oct, 17⅛c; Dec, 17⅞@18c; May, 19⅞c.

Pork—Oct., $6 40, Dec, $6 45; Jan., $7 22½

Lard—Oct., $3 92½; Dec., $3 97; Jan., $4.17½@4 20.

Ribs—Oct., $3 27, Dec., $3 30; Jan., $3 55@3 57½

Ladies' Misses' and Children's trimmed and untrimmed hats etc. Trustee's Sale 'Fair.' Tri-State Block. 5:3

THEY EXCEL IN ART.

GIRLS WINNING MARKS AS ILLUSTRATORS.

Mildred Howells Embellishes Her Father's Poems—Something About the Art Student Colony of New York—Well-Known Names.

(New York Letter.)

MILDRED Howells, daughter of William Dean Howells, is a clever art student of Gotham. Perhaps it should be said that she is a recognized artist. But the artists have a way of clinging to the title of "student" long after they can work independently.

Miss Howells has her studio in the very heart of the art students' colony. The "Colony" is that section of the city extending across the whole width of Central Park and down town as far as Fiftieth street. The Art League is in the center and the students group around it. It is the Latin quarter of New York.

Miss Howells has a studio in her father's apartments facing Central Park. She works daily with her brushes, for art is her profession, as literature is her father's. Miss Howells, after a long course of study in Paris, Rome and London, began by illustrating her father's poems. Her tail-pieces attracted attention, and the cleverness with which she caught the conception of the work made friends for her with writers. All artists cannot get the "tone" of the work they illustrate, even while they draw well. Miss Howells' work appears regularly in the highest class magazines and she has settled down to the profession of regular illustrative work.

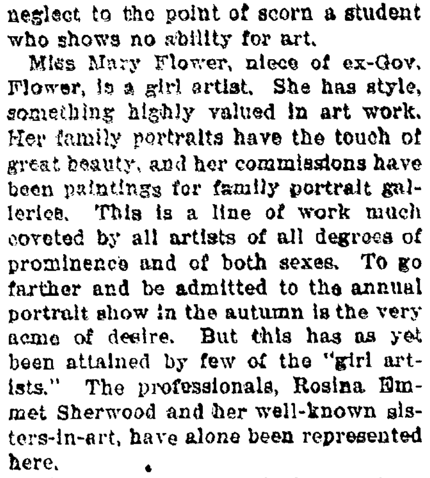
Another of the girl artists of New York is Allegra Eggleston, daughter of Edward Eggleston. "Miss Eggleston," said an officer of the Art League, "ought not to be called a student now, though she still studies. She is a professional."

Her specialty is children's faces. These she does with much delicacy, making them young, sweet and dimpled. She was the first artist who ever had the courage to put a pug nose upon a child's face, though all children's noses are pug. Besides drawing in line work, which is Miss Eggleston's specialty, she carves exquisitely. When she was a little girl she carved an "idol" out of a rotten piece of wood. Her father saw it and was impressed with the correctness of the lines, for the child had exactly copied an idol in the Metropolitan museum, and he told her to keep on. At ten her instruction in art began.

George Cable's daughter is another of the daughters of literary fathers who have worked successfully with the brush. Though married now, this young woman is a "girl artist," embellishing her father's writings and successfully contributing to the magazines. Her best work is in the character sketches which her father describes so graphically. She says she "sees them while he reads."

The peculiarly quiet, studious disposition of professional men pervades, with the touch of heredity, the minds of the daughters. Daughters of lawyers, clergymen and the girls of army officers turn to art and want to study it. They do not ask for reserved seats in the art classes, but are content to fall in line with the rest and wait for talent to bring them forward.

One of these girls who took a course at the Art League, working hard at the the cubes and fruit pieces, then at the figure casts, was Elsie Clews, daughter of Henry Clews, the banker. Miss Clews' best work lay in her outdoor sketches. Her desire was to paint landscape, and she did it so well that the students crowded around her easel, as they will around anything good, and freely admired. Art students are peculiar in one respect. They are apparently untutored to worldliness, and neglect to the point of scorn a student who shows no ability for art.



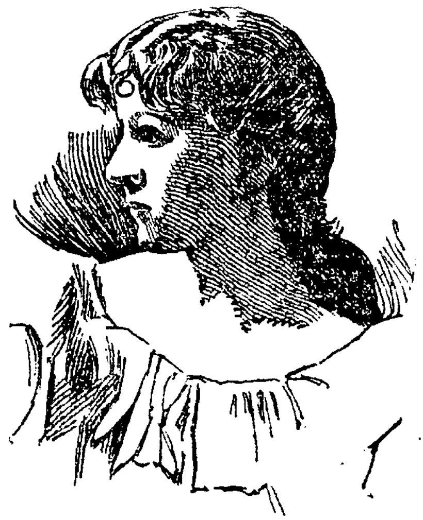
MISS HOWELLS AT WORK.

Miss Mary Flower, niece of ex-Gov. Flower, is a girl artist. She has style, something highly valued in art work. Her family portraits have the touch of great beauty, and her commissions have been paintings for family portrait galleries. This is a line of work much coveted by all artists of all degrees of prominence and of both sexes. To go farther and be admitted to the annual portrait show in the autumn is the very acme of desire. But this has as yet been attained by few of the "girl artists." The professionals, Rosina Emmet Sherwood and her well-known sisters-in-art, have alone been represented here.

Miss Jessamy Harte is known in a quiet way to illustrators as "a young woman who can if she will." Like her father, she works when she feels like it, and with marvelous talent. She studies in the same way, by fits and starts. She is one of the youngest of the illustrators, and has an expressed ambition to do newspaper illustrating, a branch of work into which all high-class illustrators are rapidly coming. Good press work encourages them to offer their pictures to newspapers, where poor paper, bad presswork and cheap ink used to deter them. The exquisite press work of the last year which makes the newspaper rival the magazine has attracted older artists than Miss Harte to the Sunday editor's room.

Miss Margaret Kittredge, daughter of the well-known clergyman, is a girl well along in art work. She paints with much painstaking, and disposes of all the work she cares to turn off. Many of the art students like Miss Kittredge, who have a coterie of friends, generously offer to show other pictures with their own, and so many a sale is effected.

Most girl artists marry too soon for their artistic prospects to mature. One of these, whose talents gave her recognition in a year, is Miss Mary Goodwin, one of the clever Goodwin sisters, of Savannah. Jumping in one short year from a modest student at the New York Art league to a general illustrator, she was claimed by a large newspaper for "exclusive services" at a salary that would support a whole family in comfort, even in Gotham. This young woman will become in November the wife of C. S. Hubbell, one of the best-known of the art directors of New York. She will go to live in a beautiful house now being built according to their combined artistic tastes. Miss Goodwin's specialty is figure work, into which she puts the nameless "style" that has made her older sister's fame. Three of the Goodwin sisters will winter in Paris, deserting the art colony of Gotham for a year. Though famous, they are all mere girls.



MISS CLEWS.

Other New York art students are Miss Lulu Moury, daughter of Gen. Moury; Mabel Tidball, daughter of Gen. Tidball, and Ellen Mahan, daughter of Capt. Mahan, of the United States navy. All are perfecting themselves for illustrative work.

Gen. Huestis has a daughter, Louise, whose art work will make her a professional, and Gen. Morris' daughter, Lindsey, is another girl willing to work out her talent. Bishop Niles is proud of a daughter, Bertha, whose clever art work is known, and Gen. McMaster has an artist daughter, Lillian, whose future promise is great.

Promising "girl artists" whom Gothamites know are Mrs. Helena DeKay Gilder, wife of Richard Watson Gilder. She is one of the finest painters in the ranks. Others are Marie Coles, of Syracuse; Lydia Field Emmet, sister of Rosina Emmet Sherwood; Ilta Howells, of Long Island; Helen Guile, of Worcester, daughter of Gen. Guile; Ida Proper, daughter of a Seattle missionary; Grace Ennking, daughter of the celebrated Boston painter; Margaret Gunn, daughter of the Survey of Montreal; Mae Craigin, daughter of Dr. Craigin, of San Jose, Cal.; Essie Collins, daughter of Judge Collins, of Ohio; Mrs. Sprague Smith, wife of Prof. Smith, of Columbia college; Zella Milhau, whose grandfather was Gen. Milhau; Laura Barrett, daughter of a well-known landscape artist of Staten Island; Ella McCullough, daughter of Gen. McCullough; Louise Mansfield, daughter of Commander Mansfield of the navy; Matilde De Cardova, daughter of the New York banker; Maude Mathewson, of Detroit.

Hygienic Hints.

There is probably nothing about which all medical men are more agreed than that the use of tea as a substitute for food is playing havoc with the general health. The most nauseous physic may be given to children without trouble by previously letting them suck a peppermint lozenge, a piece of alum or a bit of orange peel. Statistics show that the longest-lived people have generally been those who made breakfast the principal meal of the day.

For beef tea cut two pounds of beef into slices and put in a jar with two pints and a half of water and a pinch of salt. Cover it over. Set it in a warm oven for three or four hours. When done strain through a sieve and set in a cool place, warming a small quantity when required.

Placing the Family.

"What's gone with all the boys, old man?"

"Well, Dick's a-studyin' of law."

"And Jim?"

"Jim's a-preachin' er the gos-pell."

"And Ben?"

"Ben's politicianin'."

"And Bob—where's he?"

"Well, Bob ain't nowhers—not yit. I can't beat no larnin' inter his head, so ef he don't go ter teachin' school, er editin' of a newspaper, I reckon I'll sen' him ter congress!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Sailed Through a Sea of Snakes.

The ship Tam O'Shanter, commanded by Captain Peabody, arrived in New York the other day. He says that when off Borneo, he sailed through fifty miles of snakes, in which were mixed a number of alligators and codfish. There was a battle, he says, between an alligator and a shark, in which the shark was the victor, but not for long, for the Li Hung Chang of the aggregation of snakes, which he described as a sea serpent 190 feet long and ten feet in diameter, swallowed the shark.

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Coal and Wood.

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GEO. H. KRUDOP,
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STOP

At Lydia E. Auger's, No. 15 E. Washington St., for your Carnations and Roses, or at Vesey's Greenhouses, 90 Thompson Ave. Telephone 231.

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PLUMBERS!
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48 East Main Street,
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PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHERY.
Office and Residence 26 Madison St
Specialty—Diseases of Women.
Hours: 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m.
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Soft, white hands, shapely nails, and luxuriant hair, with clean wholesome scalp, is found in the perfect action of the Pores, produced by CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifier, and beautifier in the world.

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Suits to Order.
$45 Suits for $35.
$40 Suits for $30.
$35 Suits for $25.
$30 Suits for $20.
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Good suits for $17.

Overcoats to Order.
$45 Overcoat, $30.
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Fine Overcoats for $17 and $18.
Good Pantaloons $4 50

A Perfect Fit Guaranteed, or Money Refunded.

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PRACTICAL PLUMBERS.
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125 CALHOUN STREET

D. D. WEISELL
DENTIST
34 & 36 Calhoun St.

WANTED.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms, centrally located. Address P., care Sentinel. 3-2t

WANTED—Washing or house cleaning; will take washings home. Address J. T., 149 Wallace street. 15tf

WANTED—Two good canvassing agents for city—commission bases. Best references. The Union Pacific Tea Co., 102 Calhoun St. 5t2

WANTED—Two or three pleasant unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. No family. Reference given. Address B., care carrier No. 8. 3-7t

WANTED—Call at the Associated Charities office if you want to hire laboring men or women to do washing or cleaning. Room No. 8 City hall. Telephone 445. tf

WANTED—Agents: either sex. $5.00 daily, supplying regular customers. Goods sell in every house. Free samples given for distribution; immense profits; write for samples. Excelsior, 44 S. Mozart St., Chicago, Ill. 29-1m

WANTED—By an honest and industrious colored man a place to work for his board. He desires to attend the City Grammar school during the winter. Is about 30 years of age and is willing to do any kind of work. Call at Sentinel office. 1-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—An excellent store room on Calhoun street; apply Sentinel office. tf

FOR RENT—Front furnished room with board, also table board, 95 East Berry street. 3 3t

FOR RENT—Store room at 94 Wells St., suitable for bakery. Enquire at Diether Lumber Co's office. 18 eod tf

FOR RENT—Two very desirable furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. inquire 172 Holman. 22-eod-tf

FOR RENT—Two delightful office rooms, centrally located. Rent reasonable. Apply at Sentinel office. 26tf

FOR RENT—House of five rooms with gas and water, No. 94 W. Superior. Inquire at 221 W. Washington street. 3-2t

FOR RENT—House No. 40 Garden St., corner Jefferson; eight rooms, gas and water. Hoffman Bros., 200 W. Main street. 2-3t

FOR RENT—Suit of nicely furnished rooms on first or second floor, suitable for light housekeeping. Call or address, 126 E. Wayne street. 3 2t

FOR RENT—Store room Nos. 43 and 45 E. Main street; store room No. 209 Calhoun street and store room 1st floor No. 60 East Columbia street. Schrader & Wilson, 7 Court street. 2-1m

FOR RENT—Good pasture for cows and horses, on Walton avenue, south of Lutheran farm. Inquire of Squire Hawthorn, third house south of Pontiac street, on Walton avenue. 13tf

FOR RENT—An eight room flat, corner Calhoun and Allen streets, with bath room, hard and soft water, natural and artificial gas; rent low to right party. Address, "C," care Sentinel. 11tf

FOR RENT—Two six room houses. All modern improvements, at 235 and 237 Barr street. Also two on Hillside Ave., between Lakeside and Feebleminded. For particulars, call at Dr. Niswonger, 33 Calhoun St., up stairs. 10tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Bicycles at $5, $10 and $20, ladies' and gents, at 91 Cass St. 3-2t

FOR SALE—An eight year old mare. City broke, perfectly gentle. A road wagon and phaeton almost new. Will sell cheap if taken at once. For particulars, call at 26 W. Berry St. 30tf

FOR SALE—One 160 acre farm; two 40 acres, one 37 acre, one 21 acre, one 16 acre, one 15 acre, and two 5 acres; these are within two miles of city. To trade: One 262 acre, one 122 acre, one 90 acre, one 63 acre, one 80 acre; also plenty of city property to sell or exchange. For particulars call on R. C. Niswonger & Co., 33 Calhoun St., up stairs. tf

LOST.

LOST—A shopping bag containing spectacles, between Vordermark's hall and the corner Main and Calhoun Sts. Finder please leave at 177 Calhoun street. 3-2t

LOST—On Taber street or E. Creighton avenue, piece of heavy upholstery fringe. Finder please leave at 481 South Lafayette street, and receive reward. 5t2

The Nation's Pride
The Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine.
Shuttle never wears out. Bobbin holds 100 yards 80 Cotton. Rotary Principle Free from Friction, Vibration, Noise. Woodwork equalled by none.... Attachments the finest made. BUY A STANDARD.

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Capital & Surplus, $240,000.
Pays 3 per cent interest per annum on time deposits
Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

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Office hours for consultation, from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 12. Office No. 12 West Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Special attention paid to chronic diseases.

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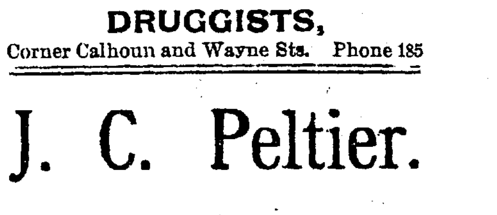

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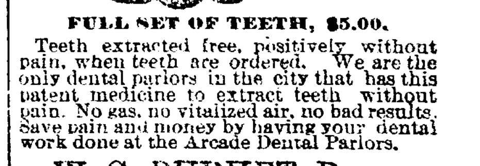
Breakfast, 6:30 to 8. Dinner, 11 to 2. Supper, 5:30 to 7.



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$5. FULL SETS, $5.
Gold Crown, 22 K, $5 and upward.
Gold Fillings, $1.
Silver fillings, 50c to 75c.
Good Sets of Teeth, $5.
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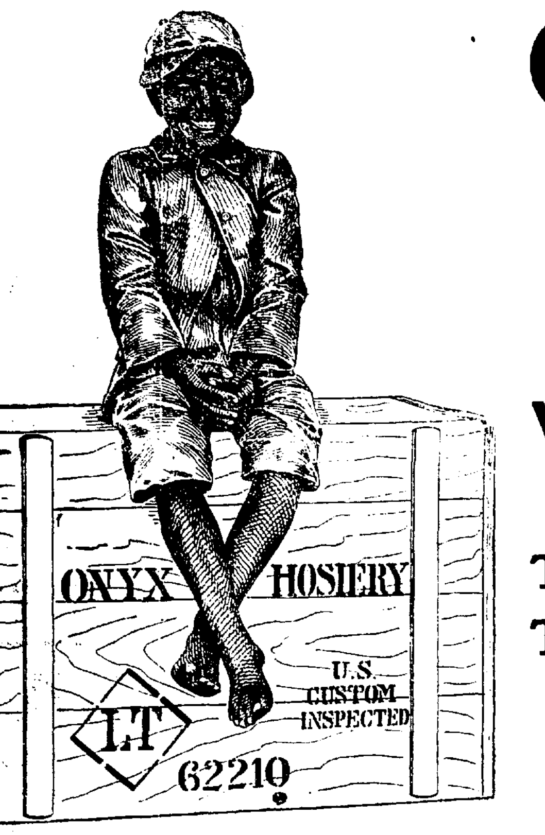

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WE ARE THE ONLY BLACKS That Never Can Change.

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The Boys' the Clear Thing,
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And there's no Blacks on Earth can stand our test.

OUR GREAT FALL IMPORTATION!

ONYX DYED HOSIERY

Now ready for selling. The most complete assortment of Hosiery for Women, Men, Misses', Boys' and Infants' ever brought to our city.

The complete satisfaction this stocking has given has increased the demand enormously. We have imported largely, in Silk, Lisle, Cotton and Cashmere.

Ladies' Plain Black ONYX dyed Stockings, that will never fade nor change in shape,
18c Pair, 3 Pairs for 50c.

Ladies' Ingrain Cotton Stockings, spliced heel and toe, split foot or solid back, **25c PAIR.**

Ladies' Ingrain Stockings, Cotton and Lisle thread, the best value ever given at this popular price,
35c a Pair,
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Ladies' Plain Black Onyx dyed Stockings, selvedged, spliced heel and toe, an extra good number—a stocking that's going to be popular.
50c PAIR.

Ladies' Drop Stitch Stockings, Lisle and Cotton, split foot,
50c PAIR.

LADIES' OPERAS.

Opera Stockings, Onyx dyed, in all popular evening colors, **50 and 75c Pair.**

Ladies' Onyx dyed Stockings, opera tops, **25, 35 and 50c Pair.**

Ladies' Silk and Silk Plated Stockings, a very large showing in blacks, browns and colors that are popular, **50c, 75c, $1.00 and up.**

CASHMERE HOSE.

Ladies' Cashmere Stockings, an extra strong line, all Onyx dyed, **25, 35, 39, 50, 75c and $1.00.**

CHILDREN'S

Cashmere Stockings, Onyx dyed; extra grades shown at the prices, **25, 30, 35, to 75c Pair.**

Children's Stockings.

Here's where the wearing test comes—ONYX dyed Hosiery are the ones for the Children; extra strength wherever needed in this famous stocking, double heels, double toes, extra strength in knees, spliced feet.

CHILDREN'S

Black Cotton Stockings, fast blacks, **10, 12, 15, 18c a Pair.**

CHILDREN'S

One and one Ribbed Onyx dyed stockings, **20, 25, 30 to 75c Pair.**

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Cotton Stockings, heavy winter weight, unbleached foot, **25c a Pair.**

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We show a splendid line of Fall Hosiery, Onyx dyed.

One special line, full regular made, double heels and toes, **15c Pair, 2 for 25c.**

Men's Ingrain Cotton ½ hose **15, 20, 25 to 50c Pair.**

Men's Russets and Black ½ hose, Sea Island Cotton, the finest cotton in the world, **50c a Pair.**

CASHMERE

Hose for men, black and natural, light, medium and heavy weights, **25, 30, 35 to 50c Pair.**

Reductions made on all Stockings by the dozen and half dozen pairs. ✣ ✣ ✣ ✣

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Impervious to Perspiration

These are the only Dress Shields made without Rubber or Gutta-percha that are absolutely odorless, and entirely impervious to perspiration. They are lighter by half than any other shields. They do not deteriorate by age, and will outwear rubber or stockinette shields; therefore are the most economical. Lighter by half than others.

Our north window shares an exhibit of this **Famous Dress Shield,** and we have employed a demonstrator to explain their excellence and superior advantages. We ask no more for the **OMO Odorless Shields** than is asked for the ordinary rubber ones.

No Rubber,
No Gutta Percha,
No Odor,
Impervious to Perspiration.

Sold Only by . . . .

DUNN & TAFT.

Miss Mame McGown leaves for her home in Chicago Tuesday.

J. B. Andrews and wife, of Goshen, are guests at the New Aveline.

F. M. Smith, the hardware merchant, is on the sick list. He suffers from a severe sprain.

Mrs. John Baker, of 139 Clinton street, has been confined at home for the last week by illness.

A Fort Wayne picked nine defeated the Sheldon base ball club at that place yesterday, the score standing 11 to 10.

Lodge of Perfection, Scottish Rite, will meet tomorrow evening, the first regular meeting of the fall and winter months.

The Plymouth Chautauqua circle meets at 7:30 Tuesday evening in the pastor's study, of Plymouth church. All interested will be welcomed.

D. D. Saltzgaber has resigned his position with F. P. Wilt & Co., to go on the road for the new cracker manufactory. F. J. Bechtold has succeeded Mr. Saltzgaber and left on his first trip for Wilt & Co. today.

A pretty wedding occurred last evening at the home of J. A. Houser, 135 Lake avenue, at which time their daughter, Minnie E. Houser, was united in marriage with Mr. Alfred U. Young, Rev. A. W. Ballinger, officiating.

James E. Breen has taken out a permit to erect a one story frame house on lot 175 Hamilton's Fourth addition, to cost $900; Mrs. Dr. Whery, addition to her house on lot 246 Hanna's addition, to cost $100; Fred Pageler, addition to house on lot 39 Lewis' addition, to cost $200.

Millinery in endless variety—all must be sold. Trustee's Sale. "Fair." Tri-State Block. 5t3

The Magnolia Concert company will give one of their delightful entertainments at the A. M. E church, on Tuesday evening, October 6, for the benefit of the pastor, Rev. G. W. Brown. Admission, 10 and 15c.

The Evening Sentinel.

MONDAY, OCT. 5, 1896.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office..........No. 173.
Editorial Rooms........No. 650.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—For Indiana:—Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday; south, shifting to east winds.

NEWS NOTES.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Fox—a son.

Mrs. Calvin Rieman is visiting at Toledo.

J. B. White, jr., went to Chicago Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Atterbury have returned from Canada.

Mrs. Sara Marhard, of Toledo, is visiting Mrs. W. H. Shambaugh.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Fisher, of 20 Huron street—a daughter.

The American Daughters of Isabella held a special meeting last evening.

Mrs. Nancy Coulson, of Paris, Ill., is visiting her niece, Mrs. J. W. Mitten.

The Gruetli Singing society had a successful excursion to Garrett yesterday.

A. H. Perfect and Bert Dorsey were at Findlay, Ohio, on court business last Saturday.

Mrs. Mary Stevens, of Chicago, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Dwelly, of McClellan street.

A thief stole several baskets from the front of Koenig's grocery, on Harmer street, Saturday night.

An affidavit has been filed against young Gephart for assaulting the eight year old son of Moses Mull.

Miss Anna Rocholl, of East Wayne street, will celebrate her eleventh birthday anniversary this evening.

The Working Girls' union will have an entertainment this evening at the hall, corner of Calhoun and Superior streets.

Miss Dora Scheimann and C. J. Scheimann leave today for St. Louis to visit Mrs. Martin Umbach, nee Miss Marie Moellering.

The survivors of the Seventh Indiana cavalry will hold their fourteenth annual reunion at Union City on Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

Rev. C. Gross, of Emanuel's Lutheran church, has returned from Bremen, Ind., where he preached a sermon at the celebration of the golden jubilee of a Lutheran church.

The ladies of the First Christian church served ice cream and cake after the missionary program yesterday afternoon. All had a good time and glad they were there.

Chief of the Fire Department Henry Hilbrecht has received a letter bearing the news of the death of John N. Gamewell, the inventer of the system of fire alarm used all over the country. Mr. Gamewell resided in New York.

In addition to the regular services at Westminster church last evening, there was rendered a very entertaining musical program in which Miss Helen Smyser, Miss Lindemuth, Professor Jennison and Win Bash participated. The attendance was large.

Clem Miller, the popular clerk in the carpet department of the Fruit House, was surprised by his associates of the store last evening at his home, No. 38 Hendricks street. The young man was completely dumbfounded when the small army of invaders reached the house, but he managed to grasp the situation and proved a very entertaining host.

The foot ball game on the Concordia grounds last Saturday afternoon between the seniors and sophmores was won by the seniors. Another game at Lakeside park between the first and second teams of the Y. M. C. A. resulted in a victory for the first team. Both of these games demonstrated that there is some good talent in this direction, and some magnificent games the present season can be looked for. There is no lack of good material.

Rezin Orr, a former president of the Street Railway Employes' union in this city, was at Muncie Saturday investigating the employes' trouble in that city. A strike was threatened, but difficulties were settled and the men returned to work at reduced wages. Mr. Orr is now secretary and treasurer of the Amalgamated Street Railway Employes of America, with his headquarters at Detroit. After visiting his wife in this city over Sunday he returned to Detroit this morning.

James J. Wood, the electrician at the electric light works in this city, mention of whose divorce was made in THE SENTINEL last week, gave his wife a check for $10,000 when the decree of divorce was pronounced, and a further condition is that she shall receive $100 a month as long as she remains unmarried and another $100 a month is to be paid to her until their children are twenty-one years of age. This is possibly the largest amount of alimony ever decreed in a divorce case in Allen county.

Many of the township trustees of the various counties of the state are coming up to the law requiring them to furnish school facilities for all pupils of school age, many of whom are graduates of the common branches and require high school work. Where they have no township graded school where high school work is taught, the trustees are paying the tuition of the pupils and allowing them to enter the nearest high school. The cost is about $16 25 a pupil, which is cheaper than to hire a special instructor.

For This, Monday, Afternoon.

Select Oysters, for frying, 28c can.
Standards, best stewing, 22c can.
Best Michigan Celery, 23c bunch.
Cape Cod Cranberries, 6c quart.
Fresh Concord Grapes, 8 lb baskets, 10c.
Nice Sweet Jamacia Oranges, 25c doz.
Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 20c peck.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Doriot—son.

Miss Iva Maxwell is visiting friends at Wabash.

The High school alumni will meet next Friday evening.

Miss Gretchen Niedhammer, of Madison street, is ill of tonsilitis.

Mrs. Charles Muhler, jr., leaves today for Peoria, Ill., to visit her parents.

Misses Minnie and Belle Geake have returned from a visit at New Haven.

J. P. Eirik will address a republican meeting at Urbana tomorrow evening.

Miss Minnie Brunner, of Wabash, spent Sunday in the city, the guest of relatives.

Miss Rose Wenzler has returned to Plymouth after visiting relatives and friends here.

Miss Lillian Fisk is at Edinburg, Ind., to attend the wedding of her brother, Will.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Fleming and daughter, Josephine, have returned to Hartford City.

Mrs. Ed Buck, of Las Vegas, N. M., is visiting the family of her father-in-law, C. W. Buck.

Dr. N. R. Wenger has changed his residence from 41 Huestis avenue to 133 West Wayne street.

Passenger Agent M. C. Baker, of the Nickel Plate, has returned from a business trip to Findlay.

Mrs. Alexander Davis, of Fort Meade, N. D., will be the guest of Mrs. August J. Detzer this week.

FOR GERMANS.

The Hon. C. J. Kollmeyer will deliver a German address on the silver issue at Saengerbund Hall this evening.

Millinery for everybody. Trustee's Sale. "Fair." Tri-State Block. 5t3

Wall Paper.

Wednesday and Thursday we will have a sale on wall paper at prices that were never before heard of.

A large selection at 1c per roll.

All other papers below cost. Call and be convinced.

HEINE & ISRAEL,
123 Broadway.

Dr. Jno. J. Ogle has opened an office in ROOMS 10, Arcade. 14tf

Notice.

The annual meeting of the members and board of directors of the Catholic Library association will take place at Library Hall, Thursday evening, the 8th day of October, 1896 At said meeting officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

KILIAN BAKER, President.
P. J. McDONALD, Secretary. 5t3

Buy millinery at the "Fair." Trustee's Sale. Tri-State Block. 5t3

The Eighty-eighth Indiana reunion will be at Huntington Thursday, Oct. 8. Trains leave Wabash depot 8 a. m., returning after the camp fire in the evening. Fare, 75c for return. 5t2

Robison Park,

Tuesday Oct. 6,

Musical Concert and Dance in the big Pavilion which has been enclosed with glass.

Wednesday, Oct. 7,

Military Drill and Dance, under the auspices of

Hibernian Rifles.

GREAT BARGAINS —IN— SHOES!

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY......

300 pair of Ladies' fine Kid Button Shoes, **Hand Turned and Heavy Soles; Opera Toe, Square Toe and Common Sense Lasts.** These shoes are all Plain Toed; sizes 2½ to 5, widths B, C, D and E, worth $3 to $4 r pair; will close them out at $1.50.

If you want a bargain, come and see them.

225 pair Ladies' Kid Button shoes, Flexible Soles, Opera and Common Sense Lasts, sizes 2½ to 5, widths B, C, D and E; this lot are Plain Toed, worth from $2 50 to $3 a pair; will close them out at $1 25—if you can wear any of the above sizes, they are a great bargain.

500 pair of Ladies' fine Vici Kid shoes, (Lace and Button) all the latest up-to-date styles, including the New Coin Toe; this line is worth $2 75 to $3 25; this week we will sell them for $2 00 a pair, widths B, C, D, E and EE, all sizes.

200 pair of Ladies' Tan and Black Oxfords, all the LATEST STYLES, worth from $1.75 to $2 25; will close them at $1 35 a pair. We have Overgaiters to go with them for 25 cents a pair.

All our Misses' fine shoes, (lace and button) worth $1 75; go at $1 25 a pair. Now is the time to buy.

All our Children's fine shoes, (lace and button) worth $1 50; go at $1 10 a pair. Call in store and see for yourself.

350 pair of Men's fine shoes, all the latest styles, lace and congress worth $2 75 and $3; go at $2 pair.

A large line of Boys' shoes (all the up to date styles), worth $2 and $2 25; go at $1 50 a pair. All our Boys' shoes, worth $1 50 to $1.75; go at $1.25 a pair.

We have everything in the line of RUBBERS that you can think of and at Low Prices. Remember this Sale ends Saturday Night, Oct. 10th.

THE

Manufacturers' Shoe Store

25 Calhoun Street.

HON. W. J. BRYAN AT LOGANSPORT.

On Wednesday, Oct. 7th, the Hon. W. J. Bryan will speak at Logansport, for which the WABASH will run a special train, leaving Fort Wayne at 8:10 a. m., returning at 11 o'clock same evening. Tickets at one fare for round trip. Phone 6. 3t3

ROBISON PARK LINE.

Commencing Monday, Oct. 5, cars will not begin running to the Park until 1 p. m.

Trimmed and untrimmed hats and trimmings—all must go. Trustee's Sale. "Fair." Tri-State Block. 5t3

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 6 and 7 Bass Block. 2tf

We Place on Sale Today

1,000 Copies

—OF—

THE FINEST FASHION BOOK Ever Published,

ENTITLED

"COMING STYLES"

DESIGNED BY THE

Great Costumers of Europe.

It is the most unique and handsome work of the kind ever published in America, it includes two designs each from the leading Costumer of each of the great cities of Europe, as follows:

Paris—E. Felix.
London—Debenham & Freebody.
Berlin—Jules Bister.
Frankfurt—Ullmann & Strauss
Brussels—Hirsch & Cie.
The Hague—M. A. Vogels.
St. Petersburg—A. Izambard.
Vienna—Ch. Drecoll.
Turin—De Gaspari, Rosa E Tarta.
Florence—Emilia Bossi.
Moscow—Maison E. Minangoy.
Glasgow—Simpson, Hunter & Young
Dublin—Manning.
Liverpool—Geo. Henry Lee & Co.

Giving the latest European Fashions for the winter of 1896-97.

These are handsomely printed in colors and half-tone plates on heavy coated paper, and make a book which every lady in Fort Wayne ought to have.

The publication price of the book is $1.00 a copy, but in order to give everybody a chance to secure one of these beautiful books, we shall place them on sale for a short time

AT 10c COPY.

They are displayed on our front counter.

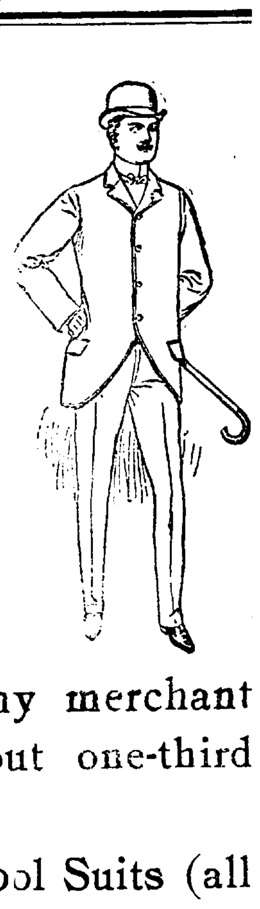
ONE PRICE TO ALL. - - - - -

The People's Store.

BEADELL & CO.

Best Lighted Store in the City.

THE Best Dressed Man IN TOWN



WILL wear our clothing this Fall. The fit and style of new suits that we are selling would embarass any merchant tailor---and the price is about one-third less.

Boys' School Suits (all wool) $2.50 to $4.00.

The dress up kind at $5.00 to $10.

Knee Pants 25, 50 and 75 cents.

Come and See Them.

Golden & Patterson,

Leaders of Fashion.

56 Calhoun St. Opp. Court House.

The Boston Store.

BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.

Double width Dress Goods at 12½c, worth 20c.
36-inch Dress Goods at 25c, worth 35c.
40-inch all Wool Novelty Dress Goods at 50c, worth 75c.
36-inch all Wool Serge at 25c, worth 35c.
40 inch all Wool Serge at 37½c, worth 50c.

Bargains in Underwear.

19c Ladies' fleece lined Underwear, worth 25c.
25c Ladies' fleece lined Underwear, worth 35c.
35c Ladies' fleece lined Underwear, worth 50c.
37½c Gents' Camel Hair Underwear, worth 50c.
50c Gents' Wool Underwear, worth 75c
$1 00 Gents' Scarlet Underwear, worth $1.25.
Special low prices on all Children's Underwear.

Bargains in Canton Flannels.
Bargains in Blankets.
Bargains in Table Linens.
Bargains in Floor Oil Cloths.
Bargains in Carpets.
All Wool Skirts at 50c.

Do your trading at The Boston Store. Our prices are always lower than the lowest.

Cold Weather Goods were never Cheaper than now.

William Hahn & Co.,

THE BOSTON STORE.

COST SALE!

To make room for our Fall stock of Pianos, we will close out our entire line of Organs at cost.

PACKARD, STORY & CLARK, NEWMAN BROS., WICK ORGAN CO., HAMILTON & KIMBALL.

Dont buy an Organ until you have seen our bargains.

G. CONKLIN,

34 East Berry Street.

CASH OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

COUCHES...

Easy Couches,
Broad Couches,
Velvet Couches,
Leather Couches,
Corduroy Couches,
Tapestry Couches.

"Everybody" wants one of those new, broad, soft, easy couches, now so popular.

Why select it where you have but four or five to choose from, when we are showing today by actual count fifty-five different styles?

Our stock of Couches would alone fill up some entire Fort Wayne Furniture stores and leave no room for any thing else.

FOSTERS.

MONEY TO LOAN.

At lowest rate, on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, fixtures, etc., and leave the property in your possession.

Payments arranged on the weekly or monthly installment plan or to suit your convenience.

Furniture leases paid off and more money advanced. Business strictly private and confidential.

Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,
Room 2, Seidel Blk. 52½ Calhoun St.

Art Needle Work Display.

We are now showing some of the most beautiful Embroidered Table Linens, in doilies, center pieces, lunch cloths, etc., ever shown in the city. It will repay you to call and see them.

We have also received our Fall line of stamped linens, stamping patterns and embroidery materials.

Coronation Braid is new and popular. We have it.

Art Needle Work Co.,

22 W. Berry Street.
(Miss Lowry's China Store.)

SAVE YOUR MONEY

By depositing it with the

Allen County Loan & Savings Association

32 East Berry Stree

Try our new plan. Shares $1.00 each per month, matures in seventy-seven months.

No Fines or Membership Fee.

Voice Culture Studio.

Prof. George Abram Smith, of room 12, Schmitz block, will accept a limited number of students. Excellent references. 26 1m

WHEN THE WINTERY WINDS BEGIN TO BLOW

And we realize that winter is about to drop down upon us we hustle around for Warm Clothing to keep out the Winter's Chilly Blasts. We need Warm Suits, Warm Overcoats, Warm Underwear, to defy old winter. We must have them—and it is always a question with some where they can buy them best. We claim we are in position to give them the best values for the least money. We desire to present to your inspection our immense line of Winter Garments, made especially as COLD RESISTERS. We have many remarkable bargains to offer in all departments of our store, and remember that we have only new goods to sell.

OVERCOATS. OVERCOATS.

We are selling them by the hundreds for Man, for Boy and for Child. We can give you the best or the cheapest, or any grade between them. All styles, all shades, all colors. We carry STORM Coats that laugh at zero and turn winter into summer. These are COLD RESISTERS that can't be beat.

Suits! Suits! Suits!

Do you want an All-Wool Suit? Ask for our strictly All Wool, Black or Blue Cheviot Suit for $6.50 for men. Does your Boy want a long pants suit? Ask for our strictly All Wool Suit for $4.00. Does your Boy need a short pants suit? For Boys from 4 years to 15 years. Ask for our All Wool $2 Suit. These suits are not Summer Suits, but Winter Suits; regular COLD RESISTERS.

Friend's Enterprise,

Corner Calhoun and Berry Streets.

Official Report

George P. Rowell & Co., the leading authority on newspaper information says: "The Fort Wayne Sentinel, published at Fort Wayne, has the largest circulation accorded to any daily in Indiana, outside of Indianapolis.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833. MONDAY. OCT. 5, 1896. PRICE TWO CENTS.

A GOOD MEMORY

Often Saves Money.

If you want to reach the farmers of Allen county, don't forget that the Weekly Sentinel is your paper.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

THIS STORE CONTAINS AN IDEAL.

It is our constant effort to attain it, always seeking to better our best.

Want to be helpful to you in your merchandising; want you to feel that your best buying interests centre here; that for every dollar you spend over our counters you will receive a just equivalent.

The new Fall stock invites you. We are proud of our purchases, and feel confident that they will meet with your approval.

Haven't been studying your wants all these years for nothing.

We want you to see our new Winter Cloaks.

We want you to get our prices on Domestic Goods.

We want to show you our new Dress Goods.

All through the house you can find only the best goods at the lowest prices.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

LOANS. LOANS.

Ten Thousand Dollars

To Loan in Sums of

$10, $15, $20, $30, $50, $100, $200,

Or any amount you may wish, on furniture, pianos, organs, cows, horses and wagons, bicycles, store fixtures, machinery, warehouse receipts, or any other available security.

Everything left in your possession, undisturbed, and you still have the use of the money. You can pay it back in weekly or monthly installments as you may find it most convenient. All business strictly private and confidential.

Loans made the same day you apply for it. Real Estate Loans made also.

Indiana Mortgage Loan Co.,

Room 6 Foellinger Block.

26 Calhoun Street.

RUBBER GOODS!

Fountain Syringes,
Bulb Syringes,
Hard Rubber Syringes,
Hot Water Bags,
Ice Bags,
Air Cushions,
Rubber Tubing,
Rubber Cloths,
Nursing Fittings, Nipples,
Teething Rings, Trusses,
Suspensorys, Supporters,
Etc., at

Freese & Ranke,

DRUGGISTS.

8 Calhoun St. Opp. 5 and 10c store

LADIES' ENAMEL SHOES

For Winter in new Coin or Needle Toe lasts. All sizes and widths. New styles and tips.

Invisible Cork Sole Calf Skin

The kind that will keep your feet dry. $3.00 Per Pair. Three styles of lasts.

M. APP,

106 Calhoun Street.

$2.

KELLY

Shower Bath

RING

AND

Hot Water Proof Hose

50, Express add 25c.

Prevents Wetting Head Floor and Walls.

Seamless Water Closets.

Frost Proof Water Closets, Self-acting Water Closets, Kelly Stop and Waste Cock.

Thos. Kelly & Bros.,

199 Madison St., Chicago.

Send for Catalogue.

$50 to $50,000 to loan on farm and city property or personal security.

The J. F. Schell Loan and Investment Co., 24-25-26-27 Pixley Block, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Telephone 455.

THE FORT WAYNE MERCANTILE ACCIDENT ASSOCIATION.

Geo. A. Dingwell, Pres. Geo. W. Pixley, V. Pres. W. B. Buck, Sec'y and Treas.

$25.00 Weekly Indemnity.

Cost for the Year, $1.00.

Office No. 3 ARCADE. CALL.

BRYAN IN TENNESSEE.

Thousands of People Assemble to Greet Him.

Instantaneous Aerial Salutes Add to the Noisy Welcome Extended by the Citizens.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 5.—William Jennings Bryan arrived in Memphis this morning at 7:30 o'clock. The night's run from St. Louis was made on the Illinois Central vestibuled limited express and was without special incident. A committee of Memphisians, headed by Col. John Overton, jr., chairman; G. T. Fitzhugh, Col. Wm. H. Carroll, Col. John R. Godwin and R. A. Odium, escorted Mr. Bryan from St. Louis. Thousands of people were at the Poplar street station to witness the arrival of the democratic candidate. The famous Neely Zouaves were at the immediate entrance to the station and escorted Mr. Bryan and the Memphis committee to the Peabody hotel, where the party breakfasted. One of the features of the demonstration at the depot was several instantaneous aerial salutes equalling the noise of a twenty pound cannon, given by Gen. Peter Tracy in honor of the distinguished visitor.

Mr. Bryan, at 10 o'clock, was escorted to the base ball park, by the committee. Ten thousand of the people were in waiting and gave the nominee a rousing reception. Mr. Bryan was introduced by Senator Isham G. Harris, and spoke as follows:

"Ladies and Gentlemen:—In Memphis it was, something more than a year ago, that this fight which is being waged now was begun. That is, it was in this city that those in favor of the gold standard met to bring the work of capturing the two great political parties and it was here, a few days afterward, that the silver forces gathered to begin the organization of their campaign. Therefore, at this time, when the campaign has progressed so far, we are able to form some estimate of the result. I am glad to come again to the city which will be known in history because of the fight commenced here. It was here that Secretary Carlisle came to address—not the democrats only—but those of all parties who believed in maintaining the present financial system, and here begun the organization to effect his influence, the organization which extended through all the states, and which was of such a character that it shaped the policy of the two great political parties.

"You will remember that when we met at that time there was a discussion as to the ways and means of consolidating the silver sentiment. Various plans were suggested and we met in that convention and decided to attempt first to carry all the political parties to free coinage, and if we failed in that, then to find some way to consolidate the vote of those in favor of free silver. I remember that I was in doubt as to the means that might be found and I expressed my doubt as to the means, and yet my confidence as to the result I expressed by quoting from one of the Sunday school songs:

> "It may not be my way,
> It may not be thy way,
> But in His own way
> The Lord will provide."

The work went on and we have been able to consolidate the sentiment of the people of this country, so far as the presidential candidate is concerned, on one person. I am grateful to those who have been earnest in conviction, earnest enough in their desire to restore this standard coinage of the constitution, to lay aside differences upon minor questions, until this great fight is won. I want to urge upon you, my friends, the importance of leaving no stone unturned, leaving no effort unemployed to secure this result toward which we all aim. While I appreciate the honor which has been conferred upon me, not only by the nomination of my own party, but by the additional nomination of two other parties. I say to you here, my friends, that my interest in the cause of bimetallism is so deep that I would, without a moments hesitation, resign my nominations in favor of any person in this country who can better carry this cause to victory.

"It is not a time to listen to personal ambitions. It is not a time to set personal interests above the personal good. It is not a time for us to consider the temporary effect of this election upon party organizations; it is a time when we are to consider the effect of the gold standard if perpetuated, not on party organizations, not on this country alone, but on all mankind. My friends, I want to impress upon your minds another thing: It is not only necessary that we shall elect a president and vice president in favor of free coinage, but it is necessary that there shall be a congress in favor of free coinage. The president can sign no bill until that bill reaches the white house, and before any bill reaches the white house, it must have received the endorsement of a majority of the members of the house of representatives and a majority of the members of the senate. If there is a majority in either house against free coinage the president is powerless to restore bimetallism to the people. If you are in earnest in your desire for bimetallism you must show that earnestness by doing everything necessary to be done—to elect a congress, senate and president. Another reason why I find it pleasing to visit this city is that when, more than a year ago, we were seeking to secure the endorsement of free coinage by the democratic party at the national convention, I remember that in this city there was an editor who did yeoman service, both with tongue and pen, in the advancement of the cause. I say, my friends, in the preliminary campaign there were few, if any, in this land who did better service in spreading the truth of bimetallism and making it possible for that cause to be endorsed by the democratic party, as well as by the populist and silver parties, and therefore I am glad to come again into the district in which lives and is a candidate for congress, Mr. Carmack. My friends, I am not here to interfere in your state campaign or local politics, but I am here to so deepen the convictions of those who believe in free coinage that there will not be a man in this state who agrees with us who will not be willing to sacrifice anything that is necessary to secure the advancement of this cause. I am here to increase the enthusiasm, if I can, until the men who stand in the way of complete success will be branded as an enemy.

"How you may figure best to unify your forces, you are to judge, but, my friends, I want you to remember that you cannot help our cause by helping those who are fighting us. If we are right in the position we have taken, if the democratic party is right in its platform, then the man who does not stand upon that platform, no matter how good a democrat he may have been before, he is no democrat now.

"And no man can claim to be a friend of mine who says that he wants to elect me because I am a regular nominee and then go down there and tie my hands and make me powerless. Those who believe in regularity, my nomination appeals to; to those democrats who are willing to trust the judgment of a majority of the democratic party, more freely expressed than in any democratic convention ever held before, to those my nomination appeals. But, my friends, I could not seek the interest that I do in this campaign if all I had to commend it to me was party regularity. I appeal to you on higher grounds than that. I have a stronger claim upon your support than can be given by the regularity of the convention. I stand by the right of the American people to have a financial system of their own. And, therefore, my candidacy appeals to every American citizen who believes in the right of the people of this country to govern themselves regardless of the aid or consent of any other nation on earth.

"I am not appealing to any sentiments hostile to foreigners, but I say to you, my friends, that a nation does not deserve to be called a nation which accepts a financial policy ready made from some other country. If our opponents say that the tariff question is the important issue in this campaign, I tell them that until they put a prohibitive tariff on foreign financiers I won't talk tariff with them. So long as we must go to others to ask them what we can have there is no use to discuss any question until we decide that we have a right to express our own opinion, when we have one. When we establish the right of having a policy, when we decide on it, it will then be time to discuss the other questions upon which parties and people differ.

"But, until we have vindicated the right of this people to legislate for themselves on every issue, they can't drive tariff into the people with a pile driver. The gold standard gives us a rising dollar and a rising dollar means bondage, distress and misery to those who profess thus to form the basis of all civilization, and who are the strength and bulwark of every government. If gold is to be our standard and a gold dollar is to be the unit, and we are to be folded with its upward flight, then, my friends, I believe we ought to change the die so that the dollar will properly describe itself as it passes from hand to hand. If we must have it because foreign nations insist upon it, then I think we should change it and in the place of that face above which is written "Liberty" let us have a picture of a woman in chains and above it written "bondage" and instead of having on the other side the eagle, the emblem of national freedom, let us put a vulture that lives upon the devouring of human kind. They call the gold dollar an honest dollar. They know it is not an honest dollar and those who love that dollar love it because it is the most dishonest dollar the world has ever seen and the more dishonest it becomes the greater their affections. What is an honest dollar? An honest dollar would be a dollar upon which the purchasing power would be established and a dollar which rises in purchasing power is as dishonest as one which falls in purchasing power. And that proposition is recognized as true by all except those who do not regard anything as honest which does not add to their pocket and nothing as dishonest which treats every person as well as it does themselves. Stability in the value of a dollar is the important thing, and the only way that you can secure a stable dollar is to secure a dollar of which there will be enough to keep pace with population and industry."

D. McRoberts registered at the Randall hotel yesterday, and later went to the New Aveline and registered there. Captain Borgman spotted the man and concluded that his actions were queer enough to bear suspicion. He ordered the man out of town and the fellow went.

Two messenger boys named Newhouse and Todd got into a fight at the Postal telegraph office yesterday afternoon and, in their scuffle, broke a plate glass window.

BLOODSHED FEARED.

Full Bloods and Squaw Men at War.

Both Sides Arming Themselves and Congregating at Central Points, Ready for Battle.

TUSKAHOMA, I. T., Oct. 5.—The trouble which has been brewing for some months between the full bloods and squaw men of the Choctaw nation has broken out more violently than ever, and unless indications fail there will be serious bloodshed. The full bloods, who have obtained control of the council, passed laws cutting squaw men off from their landed property and made provision for evicting them. When the first attempt at eviction was made, a few weeks ago, there was a clash in the streets of the city, in which several squaw men were killed and many on both sides were injured. Then comparative quiet reigned for a time, but when the attempt to evict the squaw men was renewed this week trouble broke out again.

There have been a number of conflicts during the past few days and an unknown number of both sides have been hurt, while it is reported that several have been killed. Both sides have been gathering their forces during the week and are preparing for a pitched battle, which is expected today or tomorrow. Citizens of the town have appealed to the federal authorities and troops will be sent at once. There are several troops of cavalry at Fort Reno in camp on Pond creek, forty or fifty miles from here, and they are expected in time to take a hand in the disturbance.

AT THE POLLS.

Connecticut Today Elects Municipal Officers.

The Issues Purely Local, Yet a Big Effort is Being Made to Poll a Full Vote.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 5.—Connecticut is at the polls today for the "little town" elections. New town governments in every town of the state except Hartford, New Haven, Bridgeport, Ansonia, Derby and Naugatuck will be chosen. Three cities of the state, New London, Norwalk and South Norwalk, are holding city elections. The outcome of the elections is anxiously awaited by the party managers of the state. The issues are, of course, strongly local, but the state organizations of the various parties look upon these little elections as a "straw" which will show how the Nut Meg state will vote at the November election. Every effort is being made to bring out the full vote.

NARROW ESCAPE.

An Indianapolis Hotel Comes Near Destruction.

Fire Chief Webster and Fireman Stahlman Badly Burned by a Natural Gas Explosion.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 5.—At 6:30 o'clock this morning a fire in the basement of the Circle Park hotel, in Monument Place, was extinguished with small loss. Fire Chief J. P. Webster and Fireman Buck Stahlman, who were the first to enter the basement, were seriously injured by an explosion caused by a melted natural gas pipe. The right side of Chief Webster's head was badly burned and Stahlman's face was burned to a blister and his hair burned off. Both will recover. There was some excitement among the guests but no one was injured. A serious conflagration was averted by the stoppage of the draft through the elevator shaft.

AN ELOPEMENT.

Harry Smith and Rose Ross Skip Out.

The Famous Base Ball Catcher Catches a Bride, Notwithstanding Parental Objections.

MASSILLON, Ohio, Oct. 5.—An elopement has just been made known here, the principals being Harry Smith, one of the best known catchers in the eastern base ball league, who played with the Buffalo team, and Miss Rose Ross, a well known young lady of this city. On Saturday Smith and Miss Ross disappeared and all trace of them has been lost. It has been ascertained that they took a car for Canton and from there went east, possibly to Buffalo. They have been engaged for some time, but objections were raised to the match.

WAGE REDUCTION.

A Glass Factory Makes a Sensational Proposition.

Will Start Up Its New Idle Factory if the Men Will Work for Less Wages.

MILLVILLE, N. J., Oct. 5.—The action of the glass manufacturing firm of Whitall, Tatum & Co., in offering to start their flint furnaces at a wage reduction of 20 per cent. of the list rate, has created excitement in this locality, such as has seldom been seen before. The threat of hiring non-union men if the old employes do not agree to the reduction has added fuel to the flame. This has always been a union town and the workmen employed in the great glass manufacturing plants do not know what to make of the present situation. The men will meet this afternoon and give their answer tomorrow. Bond V. Thomas, manager for Whitall, Tatum & Co., says the firm is unable to pay last year's list prices because of dull trade and non-union competition, and they are, therefore, compelled to ask the men to accept a reduction. About 1,200 men are employed at the flint works and if an attempt is made to put non-union men in their places trouble is feared. It is hoped that a compromise may be agreed upon.

WAR IN THE MINES.

General Brooks Will Occupy Carbonate Hill.

Has Decided to Place Cannon Where They Can be Trained on All the Threatened Points.

LEADVILLE, Col., Sept. 5.—General Brooks and his officers have practically decided to make provision for defending the endangered mines by placing a cannon on Carbonate hill, which commands most of them. The next object of attack, if further attacks be made, is pretty well understood to be the great pumping plant of the Maid of Erin mine, which drains the Mahala, Emmett and Marian mine, who are now resuming work, as well as many others. The pumps belong to Smith and Moffat and their expenses are borne by the three other mines named. If these pumps were crippled the ruin of the mines by water would reduce the normal production of the camp fully one-third.

IMPORTANT ARREST.

The Mysterious Johnson Landed in Jail.

Thought to Have Been One of the Leaders in the Plot to Smuggle in Tobacco.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 5.—The mysterious "Johnson," charged by Alfred Bercham with being the principal in a tobacco smuggling scheme, uncovered in Detroit on June 4, last, was arrested by Special Agent of the Treasury E. O. Wood and brought to Detroit. There is positive evidence that the man is a part of a conspiracy of large proportions to defraud the United States out of duty on Sumatra leaf tobacco. He is known to have brought about 10,000 pounds to this country, duty free, a loss to the revenue department of $1 50 per pound, or $15,000. Johnson and his accomplice, Bercham, were arraigned before Commissioner Graves today and remanded to jail, pending an investigation by the grand jury.

Grand Rapids and Indiana Engineer Jack Nickell and family will this week move into their Lakeside property recently purchased from Dr. J. H. Adams. Mr. Nickel now resides at the corner of Simcoe and Winter streets.

F. D. Foole and family leave for Rome City tomorrow morning for a few days' outing.

Millinery, great bargains. Trustee's sale. "Fair." Tri-State Block. 513

A RARE TREAT FOR THE LADIES.

On Tuesday Morning, at 9 O'clock,

We Will Inaugurate the Greatest Lace Curtain and Carpet Sale Ever Attempted in Fort Wayne.

We were fortunate in securing a choice line of Lace Curtains from the manufacturer, at prices which will enable us to sell them at 50 cents on the dollar.

Our carpet stock we must close out at once, as we have no room to carry them.

In order to accommodate our customers during this great sale, we will, by making a small deposit, reserve for you any pair of curtains or carpets you may select.

Following are some of the many great bargains:

IRISH POINT AND BRUSSELS LACE CURTAINS.

15 pair at $1 40 a pair, worth $3.00.
12 pair at $1.98 a pair, worth $4.00.
12 pair at $2.48 a pair, worth $5.00.
18 pair at $2.98 a pair, worth $6.00.
12 pair at $3.98 a pair, worth $8.00.
16 pair at $4.88 a pair, worth $10.00.

NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS.

12 pair at $1.12½ a pair, worth $2 25.
12 pair at $1.25 a pair, worth $2 50.
15 pair at $1.37 a pair, worth $2.75.
15 pair at $1.50 a pair, worth $3.00.
19 pair at $1.75 a pair, worth $3 50.
14 pair at $2.00 a pair, worth $4.00.

OUR CARPETS MUST GO.

We have marked them way below cost and they are bound to suit the most limited purse.

Good patterns Ingrain carpets, 1 yard wide, for 19c per yard; worth 30c.

Better quality, 25c per yard; worth 40c.

45c per yard buys the best All Wool Ingrain carpet. Other stores ask 60c for the same.

All our Tapestry, Brussels and Velvet carpets (amongst which are some very desirable patterns) we will sell lower than the lowest.

This is the sale of all sales so do not miss it.

Remember the time and place.

LOUIS WOLF & CO.,
Arcade Dry Goods Store,
West Berry St.

LOST OR STOLEN

Two rolls of belting from the delivery wagon of F. M. Smith & Co. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to No. 22 Calhoun street.

Millinery—best and cheapest in the city. Trustee's Sale. "Fair." Tri-State Block. 513

ABLY PRESENTED.

Hon. John Overmeyer and Hon. Hugh Dougherty,

Two Bankers, Discuss the Many Questions and Present Forcible Arguments for Free Coinage of Silver.

A large audience assembled Saturday night at Saengerbund hall to listen to the addresses delivered by Hon. John Overmeyer, of North Vernon, Ind., and Hon. Hugh Dougherty, of Bluffton.

Mr. Overmeyer was the first speaker. He was for four years the chairman of the republican state central committee, but is now a staunch supporter of Bryan and Sewall. He was introduced by Judge C. M. Dawson, who presided at the meeting, and at once entered upon a discussion of the financial question.

Mr. Overmeyer reviewed the monetary history of this country and told of the legislation which in 1873 demonetized silver. This act he characterized as a crime against the people of the United States. It was accomplished, he said, by stealth and fraud and ever since then the country has suffered from the effects of this vicious legislation.

He then spoke of the legislation of recent years and said the people had always been in favor of the free coinage of silver, but that Senator Sherman and other gold men had been able to defeat the attempts made for its restoration to the place as a money metal that it occupied prior to the "crime of 1873."

The record of the republican party prior to the St. Louis convention was cited to prove that it had always been a party of free silver until the gold men seized absolute control at St. Louis and throwing off the mask made no secret of what they purposed doing in this republic. Mr. Overmeyer discussed free coinage in its relation to the farmer, the laborer, the merchant and the banker, his counsel to this latter class of business men being most high-minded, sensible and patriotic.

When the speech of Mr. Overmeyer had been concluded Judge Dawson presented Mr. Hugh Dougherty, the well known banker of Bluffton, paying him a very graceful tribute. Mr. Dougherty was until a short time ago opposed to free coinage. He is now an ardent advocate of it. In his speech he recited how he had been impressed by the fact that every great statesman of this country had been an advocate of free coinage. He began to think and investigate with the result that after months of patient, conscientious inquiry he became convinced that the industrial, agricultural and commercial conditions of this country needed and demanded the free coinage of silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1. Mr. Dougherty presented a startling array of statistics showing the depressed conditions which exist and how the wealth had been gradually passing from the agricultural classes to the hands of the wealthier classes. He showed the mortgage indebtedness in Indiana alone during the years 1894-5 had increased on an average of $25 000,000 for each year. Farm prices were depressed, business was depressed and threatening conditions overhung general prosperity. With a forcible array of statistics he disposed of the terror felt by many that free coinage means a flood of silver. Mr. Dougherty made his speech quite brief owing to the lateness of the hour.

NEW BALLOT BOXES.

Election Commissioners Must Procure Larger Ones.

Those Now on Hand Will Not Hold Enough Ballots for Presidential Year.

The state board of election commissioners must buy 3,000 new boxes for the November election.

The boxes now in use were procured when the present election law went into effect and are in good condition, but it is found that the boxes are entirely too small to take the 200 ballots to the precinct, it being impossible to get more than 140 ballots into a box, even when tightly folded. The experiment was tried a few days ago.

The ballots themselves will be "busters," measuring 17½x30½ inches. As in many precincts in this county the vote ranges from 250 to 300, it is clear that the present boxes are wholly inadequate to take that number of the monster ballots.

COLORED MEN SEEK RIGHTS.

Two Important Suits Are Brought in Indiana Courts.

LIGONIER, Ind., Oct. 5.—Two cases to determine the status of the color line have been filed in the circuit court. Charner Hawkins, a wealthy negro, has begun action in Daviess county to compel the school board to allow his son, who has been refused admission, to enter the high school. The boy has made a grade which would place him in the high school. The public colored school has no high school, and Mr. Hawkins says he is standing on his rights, and that his son is entitled to the benefit of the higher branches equally with the white pupils.

John F. Merguson, of Elkhart county, asks $5,000 damages from Nusbaum & Foster, who run a Turkish bath house. Mr. Merguson, it is alleged, went to the place to pay for a bath. The service was refused him, however, and he was told that he would not be accommodated because of his being a negro. Merguson says he has suffored humiliation and grief in consequence. These are the first cases in the history of the Indiana courts in recent years wherein colored men have sought by process of law the same rights accorded to those of the opposite color.

NOT EPIDEMIC.

Health Board Says That Contagious Diseases Are Few.

Five Cases of Diphtheria and Five Cases of Scarlet Fever Reported.

Notwithstanding reports to the contrary, the health board reported today that there is no epidemic of contagious diseases in this city. On the contrary there are fewer cases on hand now than at any time since August 1.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon only five cases of diphtheria and five cases of scarlet fever were in existence in the city according to the health returns.

Furthermore, the health authorities give encouraging reports as to the sanitary condition of the city, making the spread of the contagion doubtful.

READING CLUB WORK.

Programs Opened by Literary Clubs of the City.

Interesting Line of Work Mapped Out by a Large Number of Organizations.

The Unity club meets this week with Mrs. E. A. K. Hackett today. There will be a reading on "The Legend of Sleepy Hollow."

The Women's Reading club meets with Mrs. E. P. Williams tomorrow. The subjects for the day are "Literary and Social Conditions of the Century" and "Dean Swift."

The Duodecimo club meets with Miss Marie Hedekin today. After an address by the president of the club, Miss Hedekin will read a paper on "Leaders in Creating a Distinctive American Literature."

The Saturday club will meet this week with Mrs. James Wilding. Mrs. Feltz will present a resume of the year's work and Mrs. Henry Freeman will give a talk on the "History of the Louvre and Luxembourg."

The Wit and Wisdom club will meet with Mrs. P. J. H. Myers, on Wednesday. Summer reminiscences of the club will be enjoyed first, to be followed by pen sketches of Elizabeth S. P. Ward, Julia Ward Howe and Margaret E. Sangster.

The Morning Musical presents its first program for the season on Friday morning at the usual hour at the Fort Wayne club. The program is a miscellaneous one in charge of Mesdames Ballard, S. B. and F. L. Brown, and Ivers Leonard.

The Carroll Reading club will meet this week with Mrs. W. P. Breen on Thursday. "What is the Bible and How Divided?" and an explanation of the sign of the cross will be two of the topics. "A Visit to Europe" will close the afternoon's program.

The Fortnightly begins work this evening, meeting as usual in the public library building. T. E Ellison has the first paper of the season, his subject being "The Eighteenth Section of the Bill of Rights of Indiana." Mr. Worden, Mr. Feltz, Dr. Moffat and Miss Lowry are down for the discussion.

HELPING HUMANITY.

Good Work Bing Performed by the Humane Society.

Monthly Report Shows That Many Cases Were Taken Care of in September.

Humane Officer Schlaudroff has submitted his report for the month of September. It shows that 187 cases were taken care of among children and adults and sixty-seven cases of animals were investigated. The report was as follows:

Abandoned children, 37; beaten or abused, 19; destitute families, 19; number of children in destitute families, 43; homeless, 3; having improper homes, 37; incorrigible, 10; imbecile, 1; young girls taken to Door of Hope, 2; taken to Allen county orphans' home, 3; wife beating, 3; animals, 69.

REV. J. M. DRIVER.

Methodist Minister, Sets Defiance to Liquor Advocates.

Rev. John Merritte Driver, formerly pastor of the Simpson M. E. church in this city, but now pastor of the First Methodist church of Marion, two weeks ago delivered a sensational sermon, in the course of which he bitterly condemned the action of the county commissioners in granting liquor licenses to certain saloon men. He declared that the saloon men, the commissioners and the men who voted for the present liquor law would all go down to perdition together.

Twenty men in the congregation rose and walked out as he uttered these words, and since then the minister has been in daily receipt of letters containing emblems such as skull and crossbones, knives, revolvers, guns, etc., together with advice to quit the pulpit or to temper his sermons with Christian charity. No violence is threatened him, but the letters are so numerous and unpleasant as to occasion him a great deal of annoyance, but he declares his intention of staying and fighting it out on his chosen line.

The German American Sound Money league held a meeting Saturday night and was addressed by Capt. C. Hettler. The speech of Captain Hettler was an able and interesting handling of the money question from the republican standpoint. He is the purchasing agent in this city for the Pennsylvania Railroad company.

MUCH MYSTERY.

A. Wiedner, a Stranger, Misses Quite a Sum of Money.

It Was Extracted From His Pocketbook—No Clew of the Thief Yet Found.

The police are today working on a mysterious case of robbery, of which A. Wiedner, of Bryan, Ohio, is the victim.

Mr. Wiedner came to the city to attend some business. He dropped into the store where a bankrupt sale is going on and while making a purchase of clothes he took off his coat and laid it on the counter. The inside pocket of the garment contained a pocketbook in which was nearly $200 in money. The sum of $150 in the denomination of one $50 bill and five $20 bills was in a separate lap of the purse from the other $50. Mr. Wiedner left the coat while he went to another part of the store to try on a coat, and upon returning opened his book and paid for his purchase. He did not investigate to see if the $150 was still in its place. In the evening he went to Mrs. O'Connell's boarding house and took a room for the night. In the morning he discovered the money in the back part of his pocketbook missing, but the bills in the front part, from which he paid for his clothes, were still there.

Mrs. O'Connell has the reputation of being an honest landlady and her boarders are of a kind who do not seem to come under the suspicion of the officers. There are no indications of the boarding house having been broken into, therefore it is supposed the theft was committed in the store where he made his purchase of clothes.

JOE DRANK TOO MUCH.

Mrs. Collins Makes a Plea for Her Husband's Release.

She Wanted to Save His Job—William Gorin, a Shoemaker, Arrested for Vagrancy.

Joseph Collins and William Thompson were locked up Sunday by Officer Greer, for intoxication. They both presented a very dilapidated appearance when ushered into the presence of the mayor this morning and begged hard to get off. In reply to the mayor's inquiry as to where they procured their liquor yesterday, they stated that it was purchased Saturday night, but there is little doubt about their getting it on Sunday. After the prisoners were fined $5 and costs, Mr. Collins' wife appeared and pleaded for her husband's release in order that he might hold his job. The mayor did not comply with this request, and Collins went over to jail with his companion, Thompson.

An alleged shoemaker, giving the name of William Gorin, who came from Whiting, Ind., was arrested because he did not have any visible means of support. He was fined $5 and costs and went to jail.

WILL GO TO HUNTINGTON

Twelve Hundred People of This City Expect to Attend.

Corner Stone Ceremonies of the New Catholic Church in the Lime City.

The various Catholic societies of the city met yesterday and perfected their arrangements for attending the corner stone laying of the new Catholic church at Huntington next Sunday. The new church will have as its pastor Father Quinlan, of this city, whose departure is a great loss to the clergy and the people with whom he has been so affectionately associated.

The societies which decided to go are as follows: St. Julian council, Father O'Leary council, Daniel O'Connell council, St. Anthony council, St Charles council, Wayne commandery, Emmett commandery, divisions Nos 1, 2 and 3, Order of Hibernians, Knights of St. John, St. Michael's union and the young men's and old men's sodalities. The Hibernian Rifles, who are really prime movers in the affair, will also attend.

A special train will be run over the Wabash railroad, leaving here at 10 a. m. and returning will leave Huntington at 6 p. m.

The program will be in the following order: Dinner at Bosch's hall; parade at 1:30; corner stone laying by Rt. Rev. Bishop Rademacher and the clergy at 3; address by Very Rev. Andrew Morrissey, of Notre Dame, at 3:30.

The Fort Wayne City band has been engaged to accompany the party.

BY PARALYSIS.

W. J. Kerr, the Pension Attorney, is Stricken Down.

He is Rendered Wholly Helpless, His Right Side Being Affected—May Recover.

W. J. Kerr, the well known pension attorney, was stricken with paralysis yesterday, the second stroke he has sustained within a few years.

Mr. Kerr had been attending to his office duties as usual last week, and the attack came suddenly and unexpectedly. His right side is affected rendering him wholly helpless.

The members of the family have been summoned to his bedside.

The meeting held in this city last Saturday afternoon to consider a ways and means for cleaning out Little River ditch ended without much being accomplished. The matter was discussed at some length by interested parties and the meeting adjourned until next Saturday. It is expected to have Huntington people present at that meeting. It is a joint ditch, therefore it has been found advisable to have both counties represented at the meeting.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

Rosella C. Hudry Succumbs to Dread Consumption.

Hannah Pratt Dies of Dropsy, After a Lingering Illness—Seely Child Dead.

After a long illness of consumption Rosella Cecilia Hudry, daughter of Mrs. Anna Hudry, passed away Sunday afternoon at 4:45 o'clock. Deceased was twenty-one years of age and was raised in this city. Her education was secured at St. Augustine's academy. She was highly esteemed in the circles in which she moved in, being one of the leading workers in the Young Ladies' sodality of the Cathedral and also a promoter in the League of the Sacred Heart. She was the daughter of Nicholas Hudry, deceased, and a sister of Louis, who died about two years ago. Surviving her is the mother, two brothers, Edward and Fred, and a sister, Mrs. Edward Grime, of Archibald, Ohio. The deceased was possessed of a loving disposition and noble Christian character. Her death will cause universal sorrow. The funeral will be announced later.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

Hannah, the widow of George Pratt, late of Washington township, died last night at the residence of her son, Benjamin Pratt, of 58 Thomas street. Death was caused by dropsy. Mrs. Pratt was seventy-five years of age. The funeral will be held Wednesday at 10 o'clock a. m., and the interment will be at the Hatfield cemetery.

The three day old child of A. J. Seely, of 72 Williams street, died of exhaustion and the funeral took place yesterday.

The funeral of Charles Rosenberger, who died of heart disease at Covington, Ky., will take place tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from the house, 231 Force street.

LOCAL LINES.

A. J. Long, of DeWald & Co., left last Saturday for Canton, Ohio.

S. W. Childs, secretary of the Dugnon Construction company, is in the city.

There will be a meeting of Home lodge No. 342, F. and A. M., Tuesday evening.

The quarterly conference of Simpson M. E. church will be held next Thursday evening.

Miss Grace White entertained the ladies of the First Presbyterian church this afternoon.

Miss Alice O'Connor, of this city, spent Sunday at New Haven, the guest of Miss Annie Mahoney.

H. A. Kirchefer, the fresco artist, has removed his office from Arcade block to 157 West Berry street.

The regular business meeting of the Epworth league of the Wayne street M. E. church will be held tonight.

Mrs. Frank Close, of 38 Taylor street, is entertaining her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. John Kuhn, of Defiance, Ohio.

Mrs. George J. Wirth and her two children, have returned home after a month's visit with relatives at Sandusky City, Ohio.

Miss Eva Ellis, of Huntington, is at the New Aveline. Miss Ellis is connected with the telephone exchange at the city. She formerly resided here.

Mr. and Mrs. George Taylor, of Kansas City, who were guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Cairnes, of 430 South Broadway, some days, have returned to their homes.

S. C. Lumbard has returned from West lake with a string of twenty beautiful black bass. Cheney Knight, Will Peltier and Dr. Will Meyers also returned with some fine catches.

Mrs. Gus Bowser has returned to the city and taken up her residence on West Wayne street, near Rockhill. She spent two years in Valparaiso, where her children were attending college.

On account of the unfavorable weather and small attendance the general mass meeting of the St. Michael's union last Tuesday evening was postponed. It will be held tomorrow evening at St. Mary's hall. All members are requested to be present.

BISHOP KEANE.

The Pope Removes Him as Rector of the Catholic University.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—An extraordinary coincidence has startled the Roman Catholics of Washington and of the entire country.

Immediately following the arrival at Washington of Archbishop Martinelli, the new apostolic delegate, the announcement is made that Bishop Keane is deposed by the pope as rector of the Catholic university, one of the greatest educational institutions under the management of the church. The removal was in accordance with the established custom of the church, which is opposed to perpetuity.

A GERMAN ADDRESS.

All Germans should visit Saengerbund Hall this evening to hear the Hon. C. J. Kollmeyer talk on the silver question. The speaking will be in German exclusively.

Ladies, do not fail to see the display of hats and millinery at the "Fair." Tri-State Block. 5-3

SPECIAL SALE

OF CENTER STANDS.

These Stands are not Poor, Trashy Goods, but are Solid Oak, well finished and are worth almost twice what we ask for them.

Five Different Styles.

24x24 Top, worth $1.75, for $1.00.
22x22 Top, worth $1.50, for 80 cents.
18x18 Top, worth $1.50, for 80 cents.
16x16 Top, worth $1.00, for 60 cents.
16x16 Top, worth 75 cents, for 48 cents.

PICKARD BROS.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

FURNITURE and STOVES.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

MONDAY OCT. 5, 1896.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

National Ticket.

President—William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska.

Vice President—Arthur Sewall, of Maine.

State Ticket.

Governor—B. F. Shively, of St. Joseph county.

Lieutenant Governor—John C. Lawler, of Washington county.

Appellate Judges—First district, Edwin Taylor of Vanderburg county; Second district, F. E. Gavin; Third district, Theodore Davis; Fourth district, Orlando Lotz; Fifth district, G. E. Ross.

Secretary of State—S. M. Ralston, of Boone county.

Auditor of State—Joseph T. Fanning, of Marion county.

Treasurer of State—Morgan Chandler, of Hancock county.

Attorney General—J. G. McNutt, of Terre Haute.

Reporter of the Supreme Court—Henry Warrum, of Marion county.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Prof. W. B. Sinclair, of Pulaski county.

State Statistician—G. H. Downey, of Noble county.

Congressional.

For Congress—James M. Robinson.

Joint Senatorial.

For Joint Senator—L. J. Bobilya.

Joint Representative.

For Joint Representative—William C. Ryan, of Allen.

County Ticket.

For Representatives—George V. Kell and H. E. Smith.

For Prosecuting Attorney—N. D. Doughman.

For Treasurer—L. C. Hunter.

For Sheriff—Albert Melching.

For Surveyor—Charles W. Branstrator.

For Coroner—Dr. J. H. Kappel.

For Assessor—Thomas Green, sr.

For Commissioners—Second District—M. A. Ferguson; Third District—John Orff.

Per Capita Circulation.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Sept. 30, 1896.

Editor Sentinel:

In your issue of September 25, you publish editorially, in response to an inquiry, a statement giving the per capita circulation of money in the United States for the years named, as follows: 1865, $47.62; 1866, $50 76; 1867, $35.68; 1892, $26.03; 1893, $24 34; 1896, $21.18.

The figures given are so greatly at variance with statements published by the treasury department at Washington, I am led to doubt the accuracy of your source of information. By reference to United States treasury department circular No. 123, issued July 1, 1896, on authority of Mr. J. G. Carlisle, secretary, I find on page 54 a statement of the coin and paper circulation of the United States from 1860 to 1896, with amount of circulation per capita. Please note particularly that the figures show the money outside the United States treasury and do not include bullion, but only coin and paper money: 1865 $20 57; 1866, $18 99; 1867, $18 28; 1892 $24 44; 1893, $23 85; 1896, $21.10.

If you find the authority for your figures is more reliable than mine, let us have it.

We know that the only coin in 1865 6 7 in circulation was on the Pacific coast, and is reckoned at $25,000,000 annually. The balance of the circulation was paper money, at no time during the period named being at par. So great was its depreciation that in determining the circulation per capita to compare with our present money, it ought to be reduced to its actual value. In 1865 the paper money in circulation had a face value of $689,702,995. It was worth 63c on the dollar, actual value $438,051,104. Population outside of Pacific coast, 34,245,000, making per capita circulation, based on real value or purchasing power of the money used, $12.80. In 1866 the money was worth .71, circulation $13.16. In 1867 money was worth 72 4, circulation $12.91.

Of course, I know that when figuring the circulation, some people say one thing is money, while others call something else money; but the only fair way to determine what is available money is to divide the amount of money outside Uncle Sam's strong box by the population. If a deduction is made for money in banks or other depositories it should also be made for all held by private individuals, for a dollar stowed away in a bureau drawer is no more in circulation than a dollar held by a bank as reserve.

Respectfully,
C. H. Newton.

The Chicago Inter-Ocean [republican] of July 16, 1878, gave the total currency of the country in 1865 at $1,651,283,373, estimating the per capita at $47.52, which were the figures given by The Sentinel. Berkey's "Money System" gives the circulation on October 31, 1865, three months later than the above estimate, at $1,894,779,886; per capita, $54. Hence we may observe that the conflict arises from the different premises assumed. We think Mr. Newton will find that our statement, to which he refers, is substantially correct. But he wishes us to consider the question of the per capita of circulation in 1865 from the standpoint of the "value of the money in circulation during 1865 6 7." He says the proper money then in circulation was depreciated, and that, therefore, we should, in considering this question, reduce it from its face value to its actual value in gold.

According to his theory he would treat every dollar of paper money in circulation as depreciative money, and not to be considered at its face value at all, unless there were a gold dollar in the treasury at the same time to redeem it. The theory has one merit, and only one, and that is it is new. He would treat the greenbacks, though a legal tender in payment of debts, as worth only sixty-three cents, because gold was at a premium. And from his theory, he would consider all our paper money, now in circulation, as depreciated money, because there is not in the treasury a dollar in gold for every paper dollar in circulation.

But he may say that now the government is on a gold basis, and has resolved to keep every dollar in circulation as good as gold. In 1865, and during every succeeding year, the government was the support and guarantor of every dollar in circulation, just as at the present time. Every dollar in circulation, therefore, during all these years, was just as good as a dollar in gold to every tax payer and to every one who finds money of use to discharge his obligations.

If there were double the quantity of standard redemption money in the world that there is today, the great, overwhelming majority of the people would be better off and immensely more prosperous than they are. And if the time ever comes when gold will be doubled in quantity, and coined into standard money, the same class of people who are now insisting that we must maintain the gold standard because gold is scarce, dear and very precious, will be found arrayed against gold. From the standpoint of such people they would say gold has become too cheap, its purchasing power has declined, therefore, we want a scarcer and a dearer dollar.

The observations we have made illustrate the attitude of the gold standard people today. They have stricken out of our coinage law the silver dollar, which was the unit of value from 1792 to 1873 and made the gold dollar the unit of value because gold is scarce, and have thereby reduced the price of lands and all commodities. If men who are willing to give due praise to Washington, Hamilton, Jefferson and their compatriots for what they have done for the United States along other lines, would reflect and consider that they made gold and silver coin standard money—and that they did so after great consideration and that the country prospered on the bimetallic standard as no nation ever prospered, such persons might be led to conclude that bimetallism would be the best for the country.

It should be bourne in mind that the circular referred to does not take into account that in 1865 there were $33,954,230 of 6 per cent notes, $217,024,160 compound interest notes and $830,000,000 seven-thirty notes in circulation, performing the functions of money just the same as all other kinds of money in circulation at that time. Mr. St. John shows this in his work, which facts are quoted in Waldron's hand book, entitled, "Currency and Wealth," p. 31.

ACTIONS SPEAK LOUDER THAN WORDS.

Our Fall Stock is now complete in every department.

Men's Overcoats and Suits.

Greatest values we have ever shown. Prices range from

$4 00 to $25.

OUR LINE OF

Boys' and Children's Wear

A surprise to all.

A good durable Knee Pants Suit at $1.00 and upwards. We are sole agents for Neptune Anti-Pluie Boys Clothing, guaranteed water-proof. They have given universal satisfaction for the past three seasons.

Our Waterproof Boy.

LEHMAN'S.

Rev. Juno Moore is a colored man, a Baptist minister who went to Liberia 27 years ago. His relatives who went with him became quickly discouraged and returned to the United States. Rev. Juno Moore stuck to it and staid. Now he is a rich man, has all he wants or needs in this world and is very happy. He came to this country not long since to visit the relatives who returned and found them worse off and more discontented than they were 27 years ago. There are now 22,000 American negroes in Liberia. Moore combined business with the saving of souls in the negro republic and that is how he got rich. He says there are splendid possibilities in Liberia for negroes that are self reliant enough to stand alone and do not have to be bossed. Pluck, perseverance and self dependence will make an American negro prosperous quickly in Liberia. Coffee is the chief product there, though all tropical vegetation grows in abundance. The little republic is soon to have a railway. As for the qualities necessary to give a negro success in Liberia, it may be remarked that exactly the same qualities would make him successful here or anywhere, but they are just those which the race seems to rather conspicuously lack.

Judge Schatz of the town of Mount Vernon, N. Y., deserves fame and prosperity. He has discovered somewhere a law by which children can be compelled to be thoroughly washed and tubbed before being sent to school. All children in such condition that they are a menace to the public health are forbidden to enter the school, says the law. A dirty boy is a menace to the public health, reasons Judge Schatz, and right Schatz is. Cannot the same kind of law be put in force in other places? There is twang about this idea of forcing dirty parents to bathe their young ones that is most refreshing.

"The statesman," says the Detroit Tribune, "is the man who can carry states."

A Queer Camp.

Mr. Smith K. Allen of North Adams, Mass., has been giving some tramps rest and recreation. It is only justice to say the tramps seemed to like it. It is the regular business of a tramp to loaf the year round. Change and recreation would therefore consist for him in going to work, and this was the kind of vacation Mr. Allen gave him.

The farmers around Waterville, Oneida county, N. Y., in the hop raising regions, have been overrun and pestered unspeakably by the horrible army of hoboes that each summer congregate there in the picking season. Hop picking is not hard work, and your tramp is willing to play at it a little while, meantime foraging at will among the chicken roosts, orchards and cornfields of the ruralists. There were always many more tramps than workers, and they camped in the neighborhood of the fields and became the nuisance and the terror of the region.

Mr. Allen this summer took the case in hand. He asked the people of the county to contribute food, and at the same time to begin gathering and hauling loads of stone from the surplus crop upon their fields. They did both. Mr. Allen founded a great tramp encampment, which he called Camp Work, an odd name, but he made it apply. A brook near by was dammed and a bathing pond made. Great cranes and camp kettles and old tinware of all kinds were also brought in. An old circus tent furnished shelter at night.

Then work began. The authorities co-operated with Mr. Allen, and every morning each tramp was forced into the pond and made to scrub himself. His clothing was fumigated; so was the circus tent. The best cooks among the tramps were chosen to preside at the camp kettles and appetizing food was soon prepared. But before a hobo was allowed to taste it he was compelled to do so much work—break three wheelbarrow loads of stone for three meals. This continued day after day, the bathing, working and feeding. At evening the tramps gathered for songs and speechmaking, and many a gentleman orator might have got useful hints from the tramp wit and eloquence.

At the end of the hop picking season it was found that 400 tons of stone had been broken. The camp cost the county $380, but the stone will sell for $1.15 a ton.

When Russia has been unable to gain her ends in any other way, it has been the custom of her embassadors and ministers abroad to apparently fall hopelessly in love, in the most respectful manner of course, with queens and empresses and thus influence other nations or worm out state secrets. More than one silly princess has found when too late that it was not herself at all that the wily emissary cared for, but only that imperial mistress whom he would stop at nothing to serve—Russia. His fellow countrymen have lately learned with regret that that pattern American citizen, Mr. Andrew Carnegie, has been "done" in a similar manner by Russian diplomacy. A year ago we pointed with pride to the fact that the Russian government had ordered a large amount of naval armor plating from the Carnegie company because American armor plating was the best in the world. Oh, yes! And Russia promised to buy ever so much more plating if that contract was made to suit. One of the conditions of the contract was that a Russian should be present at all stages of the making to watch the plates go through the mill. "Guileless Mr. Carnegie and his men agreed. It now transpires that that innocent Russian officer was studying with might and main and picking out one by one all the secrets of the incomparable armor plate making. Russia will immediately go into the manufacture of it herself. A former Homestead mills employe is at this moment superintending the erection in Russia of the building plant. This is enough to make water well from eyes unused to weep.

The business depression has been so great that many physicians in cities have given up their horses and carriages and taken to the bicycle or the convenient street car lines, which have become so numerous that a horse and carriage for the city dweller in any profession is more of a luxury than a necessity. But, for the convenience of medical men who would like to keep their own vehicles and still do not care to pay for horse feed, the physician's motor cab has been invented. One which a doctor had constructed especially for his own use travels 16 miles an hour and will climb hills that have a rise of 12 feet in 100 and propel itself through a sea of mud 6 inches deep. It is true this strong vehicle weighs 1,040 pounds, but when we consider that the figures represent the weight of a horse and carriage both they do not seem so large.

Germany has been the first nation to experiment with bicycle riflemen. It is not yet known whether the experiment will prove a success. Indeed it would be strange if it did. The man who can guide a bicycle, carry a rifle, take aim, fire and hit a mark while riding and then turn and whirl away would be a man too gifted to be a common soldier. The bicycle corps could, however, do effective work by dismounting quickly from their wheels and then firing and loading. Cavalrymen in our civil war were accustomed to dismount and fight on foot in a battle.

It is manifest destiny that a majority of the civilized people of the world shall be the English speaking races. The Boers of South Africa are not inferior to the English, but the English are overwhelming them. English influence is bound to be predominant in South Africa, because Englishmen have the spirit of progress. The Boers in South Africa will become what the Germans of Pennsylvania became in the United States—a worthy and prosperous people, but not the dominant race.

A Swedish woman has found an infallible cure for obesity, she declares. The uncomfortably and ungracefully fat man or woman has only to begin and turn somersaults, turn them early and often and turn them late and keep at it. In time it becomes a delightful and exhilarating exercise, it is claimed. The fat person gets the somersault habit, as it were, and the waist girth is reduced to slender and esthetic proportions. We publish the cure without asking a cent for it.

CANTON PILGRIMS.

A Fort Wayne Party Pays Its Respects to McKinley.

Five Hundred Employes of the Pittsburg Line Up and March to the Major's Home.

The Railway McKinley club, of this city, which made a pilgrimage to Canton last Saturday, arrived home safely at 11 o'clock that night, each member apparently well pleased with the journey and the manner in which the club was received by the republican presidential nominee. As this excursion was one of the notable events of the campaign, viewed from a local standpoint, it is deserving of more extended notice than The Sentinel was able to give it last Saturday, owing to the late hour at which the club was presented to Mr. McKinley.

The train reached Canton shortly after 12 o'clock, but there were several other excursion parties ahead of the Fort Wayne delegation, awaiting presentation to the major, and it was not until 3:30 o'clock that Mr. Enoch Cox stepped upon the McKinley porch and, addressing the candidate, said:

"Major McKinley:—It affords me much pleasure and I esteem it a very great honor to present to you this large body of railway employes, who have journeyed from Fort Wayne to Canton that they may at your own home, 'under your own vine and fig tree,' assure you of their abiding faith in you as the living and veritable exponent of those economic principles and governmental principles which will best subserve the strength, the honor, the glory of the republic, and restore the full measure of prosperity to its people. They know that your contention is for America, for American industries, American homes and American firesides against all the world. Among those for whom I speak are men from the workbench, men from the forge, men from the office, men who labor among the wheels, and men who spend a large measure of their lives above the wheels, upon the rails, moving the traffic of a mighty people; but I assure you, major, none of them are afflicted with 'wheels' on the money question. I beg to assure you also that they looked with marked disfavor upon that senseless chatter, so lavishly indulged, of an irrepressible conflict between capital and labor. They fully realize that the highest degree of prosperity can only be attained when capital and labor, confiding in each other, enter harmoniously into the affairs of business pursuit. It is their earnest and laudable desire that they shall have ample opportunity to employ their capital, which is their strength of muscle, the cunning of their hands, and those high incentives to action—the home and hearthstone, the peace and contentment which of right belong to the wage earners of our country. They further, and rightfully desire that they shall receive, as you have so happily expressed it, 'a dollar's worth of dollar for a dollar's worth of service.' Loyal to their country they would likewise maintain, untarnished, its credit. They would guard its honor as they love its flag. We now await a word of cheer and encouragement from you. We will then return to Indiana to redouble our zeal and endeavor in behalf of protection, reciprocity and sound money, to the end that on the 3d of November, when the bloodless battle of the ballots shall be over and the smoke shall have cleared away, we may read upon our victorious banners, in glory and splendor, the names, triumphant, of McKinley and Hobart."

Mr. Cox's speech elicited applause and at its close Mr. McKinley advanced and responded as follows, directing his remarks also to a delegation each from Pennsylvania, Illinois and Ohio:

"I almost despair of being able to make myself heard to this great assemblage of my countrymen. In this vast audience there are representatives from the state of Indiana, from the state of Pennsylvania, from the state of Illinois, and from our own state of Ohio. You come from different states, but with a single purpose, and that, to testify your devotion to the principles of the great republican party. You come not as persons, for this year partisanship counts for little. Patriotism is uppermost in every man's heart and in every home beneath the flag. You come from different states, but you carry the same flag in your hands, the glorious old stars and stripes, and you carry the sacred principles in your hearts. I am glad to meet and greet every one of you here at my home today. I wish I might give every one of you a warm hand clasp. You have my high regard and gratitude for the interest you are showing in the triumph of national honor, patriotism and protection. Parties do not make issues; issues make parties. Men who think alike act together. This vast crowd thinks alike and they propose to act together on the third day of November. Every heart here is inspired by the same thought; every soul here is moved by the same consideration, and that consideration is the well being and prosperity of the glorious American union. We love our institutions because they are the freest and best in the world. There is no other country beneath the sun like ours. And it never will be anybody else's so long as the American people have patriotism in their hearts. We have not only the best country in the world, but we have the best, or did have—three or four years ago—the best manufacturing establishments in the world, and we have tin plate mills and the best railroads in the world. We have also more miles of railroads than any government in the world. And we furnish the nations of the world, many of them, with oils which come principally from the fields of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana. We furnish the world with tools that come from these several states. We have not only the best manufactories and the best railroads and the most of them, but we have the best money in the world. We have more gold in the United States than any other government except France and Germany. We have more silver than any government except India and China. Every dollar we have—gold, silver and paper—is worth 100 cents wherever trade goes, and in every mart and market place of the world. Now, what we want to do is to get back what we lost in 1892. Are you all agreed as to that? (Cries of "We are," and "You bet.") Nobody seems to be satisfied with what was done in 1892, those who helped to do it and those who were against it are alike dissatisfied. What we want is to return to the normal prosperity of the United States; we want to restore confidence and we want to set the wheels of industry in motion; we want our trains to be doubled and to be doubled in the number of their employes, in carrying the splendid traffic of our internal commerce. Now when we have done that, then we want to see to it that the money of this country shall be preserved untarnished and the honor of this government unsullied. Then, more than that, we want the whole world to know that this is a government of law, and that beneath that government and around that government stands 70,000,000 of free people who love the laws they helped make."

En route to Canton James A. Ladington, who was appointed marshal of the day, organized the club for the march to McKinley's house, making a company out of each coach load and naming a captain and lieutenant for each as follows:

First Car—Armack, captain; Lee, lieutenant.

Second Car—Rogers, captain; Robson, lieutenant.

Third Car—McLaughlin, captain; Henry, lieutenant.

Fourth Car—Kaiser, captain; Roebel, lieutenant.

Fifth Car—Fuchshuber, captain; Sweir, lieutenant.

Sixth Car—T. Potter, captain; Tower lieutenant.

Seventh Car—Hogan, captain; Bly, lieutenant.

Eighth Car—Mills, captain; Lepper, lieutenant.

Ninth Car—Baker, captain; Klepper, lieutenant.

Tenth Car—Pierce, captain; Beals, lieutenant.

The eleventh and twelfth cars were occupied by persons who were not members of the club and they were not organized.

The First A. O. U. W. band accompanied the club and enlivened the trip by frequent selections en route and at Canton.

Half A MILLION Dollars

To be Given Away in Articles of Real Value to the Users of

Mail Pouch

CHEWING & SMOKING

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NICOTINE NEUTRALIZED

ANTI-NERVOUS ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

COUPONS GIVE FULL INFORMATION AND LIST OF VALUABLE ARTICLES, AND HOW TO GET THEM.

Mail Pouch Tobacco is sold by all Dealers.

THE BLOCH BROS. TOBACCO CO., WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA.

No coupons exchanged after July 1, 1897.

LITTLE RIVER DITCH.

Movement to Free It From Its Present Obstructions.

The Proposition Discussed at a Meeting Held Saturday—Report of Committee.

A large number of farmers, and others iterested in the matter, met Saturday afternoon at the room of the county commissioners in the court house to discuss the movement inaugurated to free the Little River ditch from its obstructions and to better drain the lands adjacent to it. C. S. Bash presided. The report of the committee sent out to view the ditch was made by F. W. Antrup. He made a thorough inspection of the ditch and this is the report he read to the meeting:

"Gentlemen:—I went down the Little River ditch according to appointment, but found none of the committee there. I got all the information I could and saw what I could besides, and report my conclusions.

"1. That I think that you ought not to do any more than is absolutely necessary. (Applause.) That in the first place the ditch be thoroughly cleaned.

"2. That all obstructions which hinder the flow of water be removed.

"3. That you turn as much as you can of the water into the St. Mary's river.

"4. That you make such changes in the channel near Aboite station as is necessary.

"I think if you make arrangements to carry out these recommendations, you will find that it will be all that will be necessary to do at present.

"Respectfully submitted,
"F. W. Antrup."

Mr. Antrup supported his report in a speech, holding that if the ditch was properly cleaned and obstructions removed it would carry off all the water. He called attention to the fact that parties had constructed near Aboite station a bridge that obstructs the flow of water and insisted that it should be removed. He advocated a branch ditch or cut off at Aboite to relieve the ditch in times of high water and gave a good practical talk.

Mr. Hoffman, of Huntington county, attacked the proposed cut-off ditch at Aboite station, because while it might relieve some land it would be a menace to other lands. He favored cleaning out the ditch and felt the water would take care of itself if it had a chance.

Engineer Goshorn had given it as his opinion that drainage would not be complete until the ledge of rock in Huntington county was cut away, and that is what disturbs the farmers down that way, for they got a pretty severe dose in the construction of the ditch.

Mr. Edison had a letter read, urging that action be taken towards cleaning the ditch and assessing his land for its share of the cost. He thought the work should be well done if it was done at all.

The law was read by County Commissioner Ferguson to show that whatever action was taken should be jointly by both counties, first by petition and then by the appointment of joint viewers.

Mr. Simonton said that his neighbors in Huntington county, and himself as well, were touched pretty hard for the construction of the ditch and they desired to be careful this time. He asked that his people be given two weeks in which to get together and decide upon a line of action, adding that it was the feeling down there that the ditch be cleaned and every proper relief given, but he wanted no precipitate action taken.

The matter was discussed at great length and finally adjournment was taken for two weeks, until Saturday, October 17.

Petitions for the cleaning of the ditch are to be circulated in the meantime and the next meeting will position declare in favor of presenting them to the commissioners of the counties of this and Huntington.

The proposition now is to straighten, clean, widen and deepen the big ditch so as to provide against overflows that destroy crops and render many farms unremunerative. The work, it is estimated, will cost from $25 000 to $30,000.

Miss Angy Manning Taylor, who will take charge of the general secretaryship of the Y. W. C. A., of this city, will arrive tomorrow from Chicago. Miss Taylor had special training for the Y. W. C. A. work before taking the position, at Newburg, N. Y., where she was most successful, and she spent the last year at the Moody institute under the instruction of Professor White. The annual meeting of the Y. W. C. A. will be held on October 13, and at that time Miss Taylor will be formally introduced to the city work. A reception will also be held that evening.

The management of Robison park will give the first of a series of concerts and dances in the enclosed pavilion, Tuesday evening. The Hibernian Rifles will give their annual drill and dance at the park Wednesday evening, and a fine program has been arranged. The Zollinger battery will assist and give a fancy drill. Commencing today, cars will not begin running to the park until 1 p m.

Miss Catherine Holland returned to her home at Crestline Sunday, after a delightful visit with friends in this city.

LOCAL NEWS.

Miss Maggie Sheehy is visiting at Columbia City.

Miss Hettie Single, of Columbia City, is visiting in the city.

Miss Sharp led the Y. W. C. A. meeting yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Meisner is visiting her brother, J. J. Kyle, at Columbia City.

Harry Roush, of Wilmot, Whitley county, is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. H. Menafee and Mrs. J. Hill are visiting relatives at Columbia City.

Miss Lela Kemmer, of Lima, Ohio, is the guest of Miss Edna Parham, of West DeWald street.

Miss Mary Goodfellow, of Whitley county, is the guest of her brothers, James and William Goodfellow.

Yesterday, at Larwill, occurred the funeral of John Welker, a young man who had numerous friends in this city.

The wedding of Miss Anna Zucher, daughter of Prof. F. Zucher, and Prof. L. Fuerbringer, of St. Louis, will occur on the 8th instant.

Mrs. Frank Crook, wife of the chief draughtsman in the office of Grindle & Wetherbogg, will sail from Liverpool, England, October 28. She is visiting relatives in England.

Frank Woulfe, agent for the Lehigh Dispatch, is in the city to spend Sunday with his mother, on Melita street. Mr. Woulfe was formerly of the Wabash freight office in this city.

Postmaster Rockhill has received an automatic time register for the use of the letter carriers. The carriers must work only eight hours each day, and the time is registered to a minute.

The reunion of the Eighty-eighth Indiana regiment will be held at Huntington next Thursday. Allen H. Dougall, of this city, is the adjutant, and C. R. Briant, of Huntington, the colonel.

In the 2:20 class pacing at Louisville, Ky., on Saturday, Eleanor, owned by J. W. Pearse, of this city, won the 6th, sixth and seventh heats. Time—2:14½ 2:16½ and 2.16. The race had thirteen starters.

The members of the Fort Wayne club elect officers today. Voting began at 10 o'clock this morning and will close at 6 this evening. The annual stockholders' meeting will be held this evening at the club house.

Editor Rappaport, of the Indianapolis Staats Zeitung, will speak in German and Hon. S. M. Foster and Hon. P. A. Randall in English, at Spencer opera house, Kendallville, this evening upon the political issues of the day from the national democratic standpoint. The speeches will be under the auspices of the Sound Money league of this city.

By virtue of appointment of Chairman Keough, W. P. Breen is the democratic member of the county board of election commissioners. Chairman Everett has named Wilmer Leonard as the republican member, and County Clerk H. M. Metzger is under the law, the third member. They prepare the county ballots and instruction cards for the election as provided by the Australian ballot law.

In the National league campaign two clubs won all the games of a series—Cincinnati from St. Louis and Baltimore from Philadelphia. Chicago came very near taking every game from Pittsburg, winning eleven out of twelve. Boston took ten from Brooklyn, as did Cincinnati. Baltimore took ten each from Cincinnati, Louisville and Washington. Cleveland took ten from St. Louis and Pittsburg won ten from Louisville. Strangely enough, the only series won by the Louisvilles was from Philadelphia, and the only series won by St. Louis was from Louisville.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Olive Branch—The Wonderful Specific for all Female Complaints.

Cost only $1 for a month's treatment. Ladies cure themselves in the privacy of their own homes. For 15 days free treatment and information about female complaints address, DR. KILMER & CO., South Bend, Ind. For sale by Gross & Fellens, 94 Calhoun St.

GERDING & AUMANN BROS,

—DEALERS IN—

HOT AIR FURNACES,
STEAM and HOT WATER HEATERS,
STOVES, TIN and HARDWARE.

Slate, Steel and Corrugated Iron roofing, Repairing, Spouting, and all kinds of job work promptly attended to.

NO. 115 WALLACE ST.,
Phone 58. Fort Wayne, Ind.

Cool Mornings AND Cool Nights

Causes a person to think of an Overcoat.

We have the finest line of Overcoatings and Suitings in the city for Fall and Winter wear, at lower prices than anyone else.

G. SCHMIDT,
Merchant Tailor.
70 East Main Street.

Ladies Who Value

A refined complexion must use Pozzoni's Powder. It produces a soft and beautiful skin.

FRANK'S CHOICE

S. W. HULL,
WALL PAPER.

Latest Designs, Most Select Coloring, All Grades. Plain and Decorative Paper Hanging, House and Sign Painting. Wall Tinting, Etc.

Do Not Forget our Initials or Number.

27—Clinton Street—27
TELEPHONE 250.

PRETTY HOMES

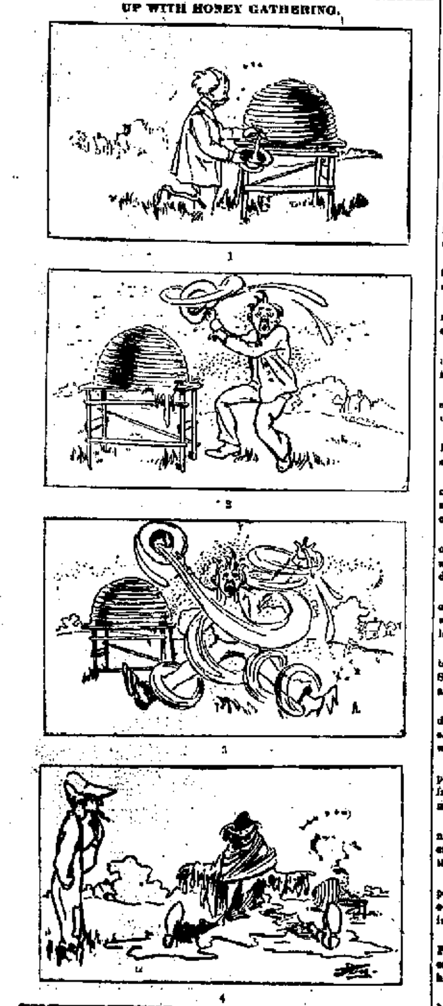
Need pretty Carpets. They add finish and grace. Art and manufacturers have produced perfection in this line. Harmony in coloring, care in design and the best qualities of material make our Carpets and Rugs attractive evidence of utility—made to wear, hard to kick to pieces; prices run up from 50c per yard for standard makes. Mattings, Oil Cloths and Linoliums to suit all fancies.

Indiana Furniture Co

166 Calhoun Street.

SIGN STATE OF INDIANA.

CHOLLY OUTERTOWN BECOMES COMPLETELY WRAPPED UP WITH HONEY GATHERING.



CURES Dr. Kilmer & Co., South Bend, Ind. Gents—We have placed an additional order for Dr. Kilmer's Sure Headache Cure. We cannot say too much in praise of this medicine. As yet we have not found a case of Headache that it has not cured. Yours respectfully, GLEASON & KNAPP, Druggists, Albion, Mich., March 28, 1894.

LEAVES NO BAD EFFECTS. Dr. Kilmer & Co., South Bend, Ind. Enclosed find twenty-five cents for a box of your Sure Headache Cure. It is the best thing for headache I ever tried, and it leaves no bad effects. Would not be without it. Yours respectfully, MOSES M. WILSON, Rising City, Neb.

For sale by Gross & Pellens, 84 Calhoun St.

BRASS BAND

Instruments, Drums, Uniforms, Equipments for Bands and Drum Corps. Lowest prices ever quoted. Fine Catalog, 400 Illustrations, mailed free; it gives Band Music & Instructions for Amateur Bands. LYON & HEALY, Cor. Adams St. and Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

FREE DISPENSARY.

Open every day from 1 p. m. to 2 p. m. at the Fort Wayne College of Medicine, [illegible] W. Superior street. Medicine free to the poor. Persons too sick to come to the Dispensary will be visited at their homes.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time AS FOLLOWS:
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.
From Ft. Wayne to   Leave   Arrive

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station, Fort Wayne, Ind.

East Bound.		West Bound.
*3 40 a.m.		*2 40 a.m.
*6 30 a.m.	From Chi.	*5 30 a.m.
†1 00 p.m.		†7 10 a.m.
*7 45 p.m.		†12 00 a.m.
*9 20 p.m.	Limited	*4 30 p.m.
†10 25 p.m.	from Chi.	*5 40 p.m.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R.R.
In effect Sept. 27, 1896.

NORTH BOUND.	
*For Grand Rapids and north	2 40 am
†	8 10 am
*	2 55 pm
†From Richmond arrives	5 25 pm
SOUTH BOUND.	
*For Richmond and Cincinnati	12 01 am
†	5 40 am
*	12 35 pm
†From Grand Rapids arrives	7 15 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

WABASH RAILROAD.
Effective May 17, 1896.

No.	GOING EAST.	Depart.
2	N. Y. & Boston Limited, daily	4:08 am
6	Toledo Local Ex., daily	8:05 am
4	N. Y. and N. Eng. Flyer, daily	11:05 am
8	Fast Mail and Exp., ex. Sunday	7:35 pm
	GOING WEST.	
5	Pacific Express, ex. Sunday	8:00 am
7	Kan. City Cannon Ball, daily	1:00 pm
1	Government Fast Mail, daily	1:30 pm
3	St. Louis Vestibule Lim., daily	2:20 pm
5	Andrews Local, ex. Sunday	1:40 pm
11	Toledo Acc'm, ex. Sunday	12:30 pm
[illegible]	Toledo-Ft. W. [illegible]	[illegible]

NICKEL PLATE

Chicago depot, Clark and 12th streets. Buffalo depot, Exchange and Michigan sts. Nos. 1 and 4 and local freight trains daily except Sunday. Other trains daily.

EAST.	Arrive.	Depart.
*No. 2 N. Y. & Boston Ex.	*2 55 am	*3 05 am
†No. 4 Cleveland Mail	†1 00 pm	†1 10 pm
*No. 6 Eastern Express	*4 30 pm	*4 40 pm
†Local Freight	†2 30 pm	7 00 am
WEST.	Arrive.	Depart.
*No. 1 Chicago Express	*1 55 am	*2 05 am
†No. 3 Chicago Mail	†1 05 pm	1 15 pm
*No. 5 Western Express	*4 05 pm	*4 10 pm
†Local Freight	2 45 pm	7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch.

SOUTHWARD.	ARRIVE.
No. 45 Way Freight	5 25 pm
No. 43 Cin. Express and Mail	11 00 am
No. 49 Detroit and Ind'pls Express	3 55 pm
NORTHWARD.	DEPART.
No. 44 Way Freight	8 40 am
No. 42 Through Express and Mail	11 40 am
No. 48 Detroit and Indianapolis Ex.	4 45 pm

RAILWAY RUMBLINGS.

A Wonderful Locomotive Put Into Service.

Carries Fuel and Water for a 240-Mile Run and Travels Seventy-five Miles Per Hour.

An Associated Press dispatch from Denver, Col., received at this office at noon today, gives the following account of the largest locomotive in the west:

"At 8 o'clock this morning the largest locomotive ever operated in the west, and one of the largest in the United States, pulled out from the union depot here for Pueblo on its trial run. The train consisted of forty-five cars and was about 1,800 feet long. Taking into consideration the heavy grade from this city to Palmer Lake, this is a remarkably heavy train for a single locomotive. The new engine is of such huge proportions that the largest locomotives operated by the roads running into Denver are insignificant in comparison. The weight of the engine, with two gauges of water, is seventy-five tons and the weight of the tank fully equipped is forty-eight tons. The tank has a capacity of 5,600 gallons, and the coal capacity is twelve tons. This would permit, if it were necessary, a trip to Pueblo and return—240 miles—without replenishing the fuel or water supply. It is estimated that the engine will make seventy-five miles an hour under any but the most extraordinary circumstances. If it meets the expectations of Henry Schlacks, superintendent of motive power of the Denver and Rio Grand road, by whom it was planned, the running time of the fast trains between Denver and Pueblo will be reduced to a mile a minute. The passengers today were: President Jeffery, Superintendent Sample, Mr. Schlacks, a representative of the Baldwin company, the makers, Traveling Engineer F. P. Wilson, and other officials and railroad men. Another locomotive of the same pattern is being constructed."

WOLFORD RESIGNS.

The Wabash Plaindealer has the following to say of a former Fort Wayne citizen: "W. A. Wolford, formerly general foreman of the Big Four shop in this city under Master Mechanic Doebler, and who succeeded Mr. F. J. Zerbee as foreman of the Big Four shop in Bellefontaine, Ohio, last May, has resigned. His resignation was tendered in the latter part of September, effective October 1. Mr. Wolford is a fine mechanic, knows all about a locomotive, and has several good positions open to him. It is probable that he may go to the Wabash road before winter. His resignation at Bellefontaine was prompted by ill health."

AN ILL-FATED CREW.

Tuesday, while switching at Cicero, the south bound local on the Lake Erie ran over an old man and killed him instantly. His name was Reeves. He was walking along the ties and did not take notice of the cars which were being backed upon him. He was knocked down and several cars passed over him. On the trip before this the same crew ran into a bunch of cattle near Noblesville and killed three fine Jersey milch cows.

BRIEF MENTION.

Fireman Ira Dawson, of Andrews, spent Sunday in this city with his parents.

Nickel Plate Fireman Drake is sick and off duty.

W. P. Morris, Nickel Plate engineer, is off duty on account of sickness.

S. B. Kleber, the Nickel Plate yard engineer, is taking a few days' recreation.

Private business keeps Nickel Plate Brakeman J. A. Auth from going out on his run.

William Kelly and Louis Abel, of the electric works, spent Sunday at West Lake.

Engineer Robert Lyons is improving his residence on Washington street by adding a bath room.

The employes of Rhinesmith & Simonson and the Anthony Wayne works were paid today.

Charles Jerome, a Nickel Plate fireman, has gone to Leipsic to relieve an engine watchman who is sick.

Switchman Weaver has recovered from an illness and yesterday resumed his place in the Nickel Plate yards.

C. H. Felske, foreman of the Wabash shops at Montpelier, Ohio, is calling upon his old Fort Wayne friends today.

Engineer Charles Adams, of the Pittsburg, has moved into his handsome new home on East Lewis street.

C. Kelley, a Nickel Plate trainmen's caller, who resides at Stony Island, spent Sunday with his mother in this city.

Passenger Brakeman Harry Gardner, of the Pittsburg, has recovered from an illness which prostrated him several days.

Jupp Edsall, of the electric works, is out again after a month's confinement with the rheumatism. He is still very lame.

Frank X. Miller, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, mashed a finger Saturday afternoon and will be off duty a few days.

Paul Hoppe resumed his duties at the desk in the store room office at the electric works this morning, after a week's vacation.

Henry Sielgas, who operated a planer at the Rhinesmith & Simonson factory, has resigned and will shortly move to Chicago.

The general passenger agents of northern and southern roads have decided to leave winter tourist rates as they were last year.

Officials of the Pennsylvania lines report a heavy increase in the movement of loaded cars east and a like movement in west bound shipments.

Brakeman M. Callahan, of the Nickel Plate, who was detained at home several days on account of sickness in his family, reported for duty yesterday.

The Wabash depot at Lafayette has been remodled at a cost of $4,000 and is now one of the prettiest and most convenient station buildings along the line.

Rumor has it that A. J. Smith, general passenger agent of the Lake Shore road, will retire the first of the year. He has held the position since March 1, 1887.

When the Siberian railway is completed the journey around the world will occupy not more than forty days and the cost of transportation will not exceed $400.

The Kentucky Midland road has brought on a rate war in Kentucky by cutting rates on all classes of freight between Cincinnati and Frankfort and all points east.

O. P. Lyslnger, a construction man in the employ of the electric works, left Saturday for Princeton, Mo., where he will superintend the work of installing an electric light plant.

W. H. Brehm has been appointed master mechanic of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas for the lines north of Denison, and John L. Wigton master car builder for the same divisions.

John Backes and Henry Keppel, who were disabled a few days, one by a lame back and the other by a mashed finger, resumed their respective places in the Pittsburg boiler shop this morning.

Peoria has been placed on the same footing as Chicago and St. Louis with regard to east bound rates, a point which the shippers of Peoria have been endeavoring to gain for some years.

The Pittsburg blacksmith shop was closed until noon today to give the employes an opportunity to attend the funeral of their late shopmate, Charles Stewart, which occurred at 9 o'clock.

H. K. Hitchcock and E. H. Porter have returned home, the former from Omaha and the latter from New York, where business for the electric works engaged their attention for some time.

W. H. Stark, master car builder of the Wheeling and Lake Erie, has resigned to accept a position with the railway supply house. Mr. Stark three years ago went from the Lake Shore road to this road.

B. Lundt, of Kansas City, is taking a student's course in mechanism at the Bass works. The young man is a son of Henry Lundt, who a dozen years ago was the master mechanic at the Bass works. He is now the comptroller of Kansas City.

Operator C. W. Smith, who was working in Superintendent Gorham's office during the absence of W. C. Kerr, has resumed his place in the yard office. N. N. Gorham, of the latter office, has been transferred to McComb, Ohio.

It is claimed by the other roads that it was the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton that first broke the agreement not to use interchangeable mileage books, and that is the reason the Wabash made its books good over the Lake Erie and Western.

Harry Graham, chairman of the Peoria committee of the Central Traffic association, has tendered his resignation, his transfer to Indianapolis compelling him to retire, his new position as assistant general freight agent of the Lake Erie and Western having largely increased his duties.

O. D. Ashley, president of the Wabash railroad company, in an open letter to John W. Lucey, agent of the company at Pleasant Lake, denies as without foundation the statement that the employes of the Wabash railroad company are being discharged on account of their political opinions.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest United States Government Food Report.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York.

George H. Brown, for many years a passenger conductor on the Erie lines, more recently on the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg, died at Rochester on Wednesday. He served with distinction in the Forty-ninth New York regiment in its fiercest battles. In the Order of Railway Conductors he was very prominent.

Thirty bridge men are at work on the Wabash railway bridge at the rear of Brooks' poultry house, in Logansport. The bridge now spanning the river at that point will be replaced by an entire new structure. The work will be done by sections and trains will run as usual. Three months will be required to complete the job.

Edward E. Bertram, by his attorney, F. P. Jones, filed a damage suit against the Pennsylvania road, at Valparaiso, last Saturday. Bertram claims that he purchased a ticket for Chicago at the local station and when he presented it to the conductor it was found to be a round trip ticket to Hobart. He was compelled to pay his fare to Chicago or be ejected from the train, which he did under protest. He asks for $1,000 damages.

Suit has been instituted by the beneficiaries and members of the Baltimore and Ohio Relief association, asking that the relief department fund, amounting to $390,000, be set apart by the railroad company for the benefit of the relief department. This sum has never been invested by the railroad company. The receivers claim that the relief department money was deposited with the company under an agreement which prohibits the petitioner from recovering.

Peru Journal. "The Wabash and Lake Erie and Western systems are becoming quite friendly. Beginning day before yesterday Lake Erie and Western passengers from points south of here, who are traveling on regular purchased mileage can go to Fort Wayne, Toledo or Detroit by having the conductor tear out the mileage necessary from their books and receiving an exchange check to carry them to their destination. The same kind of exchange checks are good returning from the points named when given by the Wabash conductors."

The last report of the Inter-state commerce commission showed that there remained 1,000,000 cars and locomotives in the United States to be equipped with air brakes before January, 1898, or within the next fifteen months, at an expenditure of $30,000,000. All cars not equipped as required by law January 1, 1898, will be fined $100 a day for each case violated, which in the case of 100 cars unequipped, would mean a fine of $10,000 a day. The only roads that will be able to get over this law appear to be the roads under the jurisdiction of the courts.

Miss Nellie Smith very pleasantly entertained the C. L. C. club Saturday afternoon at her East Lewis street home. The members consisting of President Carrie Wort, Secretary Mary Ford, Treasurer Jessie Malone, Charlotte Stier, Nellie Smith, Jennie Mooney, Agnes Moss. Lunch was served at 6 o'clock.

The Simpson Epworth league will have a meeting at the home of James Southern, on Webster street, tomorrow evening.

A Word or Two

to those suffering from catarrh or the thousands subject to severe attacks of cold in the head, will not be amiss if a sure remedy can be offered. Ely's Cream Balm has become a favorite in all sections of the United States, because of its effectiveness. Your cold in the head will be quickly relieved by it, and the severest attack of catarrh will yield to, and be perfectly cured by a thorough treatment. Catarrh is not a blood disease, but an inflammation of the passages of the nose and throat, due to climatic changes.

Mothers, Be sure and use "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. May8eod&w

Republican Silver Club.

Rooms 7 and 8, 12 West Wayne street, Fort Wayne. Reading rooms open every day and evening, where you can find all the books and papers bearing on the money question. Good speaking every Wednesday evening. Every one welcome.

A. B. WHITE, President.
J. C. CATE, Vice President,
J. H. YOUNG, Cor. Sec'y.

The Ames Tree Co.

Are prepared to furnish shade trees from 4 to 16 inches in diameter and guarantee them to live. Why wait a life time to grow shade trees when you can have them within ten days. $100 invested in trees will enhance the value of your property $1,000.

Home office No. 29 Pixley-Long block. I. M. VANSLYKE,
16-1 Manager.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr and Mrs Van B Perrine are at Auburn.

W H. Kreamn went to Cincinnati on business today.

Mrs. Louis F Curdes will leave this evening for St Louis to visit friends.

Dr. Miesnhang today removed a piece of dead bone from the finger of Mrs. Christian Miller.

Dr. Hines, of Auburn, was in the city over Sunday to visit his wife, who is a patient of Hope hospital.

H. C. Paul president of the Fort Wayne Gas company, says the company will pipe Ossian this fall.

John H. Aiken and J. H. Power will address the democrats of the Second ward at the City hall tomorrow night.

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Moore, of Chicago, returned home yesterday. They had been visiting Mr. Moore's parents.

H. Mearer, formerly of Paul E. Wolf's upholstery establishment, has gone to Joplin, Mo., to reside permanently.

The Ladies' society of Westminster church will meet at the home of the Misses Keil, on West Superior street, on Thursday afternoon.

William Barr, the well known groceryman, was taken violently ill Saturday night and was delirious until yesterday afternoon. He is better today.

Mrs George C. Stemen gave a thimble party Saturday afternoon in compliment to Misses Nabur and Daugherty, who have been the guests of Miss Stella Mossman.

Eliza Zimmerman, wife and daughter, of Auburn, are the guests of C. C. Schlatter. Mr. Zimmerman is president of the Zimmerman Manufacturing company, a big concern of that place.

The Sunday school rally in Bethany church yesterday was a great success. Between 250 and 300 members were in attendance to enjoy the special program for the day. The church was tastily decorated for the occasion.

Mrs. Lem R. Hartman, conference secretary of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the North Indiana M. E. conference; Mrs. M. A. Mason, corresponding secretary of the Fort Wayne district; Miss Carrie A. Smith, district treasurer, and Mrs. H. C. Schrader, Mrs. Lisa Puff, Mrs. W. L. Pettit, Mrs. A. Freeby, Mrs. C. H. Newton, Mrs M. A. Branyon and Miss Emma Gallagher left this morning for Roanoke to attend the Fort Wayne district ministerial lyceum of the North Indiana M. E. conference. The ladies will be given one hour for the presentation of the cause of foreign missions and one hour for home missions.

Yesterday was another very interesting day at the St. Paul M. E. church. At 10:30, Rev. F. T. Simpson preached a very able sermon to a large congregation, and the communion service at the close of the sermon was the largest in the history of the church. There were accessions to the membership at the close of the morning service, and the Sunday school, which met at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, was the largest since its organization in 1887, there being an increase of thirty-four over the Sabbath before. The orchestra of thirteen instruments proved very attractive and will be a permanent feature. At 7:30 in the evening Rev. Henry Bridge, a former pastor of the church, preached a very telling sermon to a large congregation.

The Covenant Bible school had a large gathering yesterday to observe rally day. Their collection amounted to $5. The superintendent of the primary department, Mrs. M. E. Donivan made an address in which she told of her visit and impressions received in the Bethany Sunday school in Philadelphia, of which the Hon. John Wannamaker is the superintendent. Miss Anna Philley gave a recitation, "How Paul Won the Goat," to the great satisfaction and delight of the audience. The superintendent conducted the review of the last quarterly lessons, the members of the school reciting the titles and golden texts in concert. This Bible school holds a meeting for singing every Thursday evening from 7 to 7:30, to which young and old are made welcome. Room 408, corner of Calhoun and Butler streets.

BARN TIMBERS FALL,

Crushing a Dozen Men in Their Descent.

Henry Snell and Cyrus Ewing are so Badly Injured They Cannot Live.

Wooster, Ohio, Oct 5—While raising a barn on the farm of Daniel Wile, near West Canaan, Ohio, the frame work broke just as the men had the roof timbers in position, letting the heavy mass of oak timber fall upon twenty men engaged in the work. All of them received injuries, six of them having limbs broken. Cyrus Ewing, who had his jaw broken, and Henry Snell, all of the ribs of his left side broken, it is thought will die. The accident was witnessed by 300 people who had gathered to assist in the work.

Ribbon sale now on. Trustee's Sale. "Fair." Tri-State Block. 5 3

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Markets.

Chicago, Oct 5—Wheat—Oct., 65½c; Dec., 67⅜c; May, 71⅞@71⅞.

Corn—Oct., 22⅛c; Dec., 23¼c; May, 26⅛c.

Oats—Oct., 17⅛c; Dec., 17⅞@18c; May, 19⅞.

Pork—Oct., $6 40; Dec., $6 45; Jan., $7 22½.

Lard—Oct., $3 92½; Dec., $3 97; Jan., $4 17½@4 20.

Ribs—Oct., $3 27; Dec., $3 30; Jan., $3 55@3 57½.

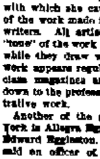
Ladies', Misses' and Children's trimmed and untrimmed hats, etc. Trustee's Sale. "Fair." Tri-State Block. 5 3

THEY EXCEL IN ART.

GIRLS WINNING MARKS AS ILLUSTRATORS.

Mildred Howells Embellishes Her Father's Poems—Something About the Art Student Colony of New York—Well-Known Names.

(New York Letter.)



MILDRED Howells, daughter of William Dean Howells, is a clever art student of Gotham. Perhaps it should be said that she is a recognized artist. But the artists have a way of clinging to the title of "student" long after they can work independently.

Miss Howells has her studio in the very heart of the art students' colony. The "Colony" is that section of the city extending across the whole width of Central Park and down town as far as Fiftieth street. The Art League is in the center and the students group around it. It is the Latin quarter of New York.

Miss Howells has a studio in her father's apartments facing Central Park. She works daily with her brushes, for art is her profession, as literature is her father's. Miss Howells, after a long course of study in Paris, Rome and London, began by illustrating her father's poems. Her tail-pieces attracted attention, and the cleverness with which she caught the conception of the work made friends for her with writers. All artists cannot get the "tone" of the work they illustrate, even while they draw well. Miss Howells' work appears regularly in the highest class magazines and she has settled down to the profession of regular illustrative work.

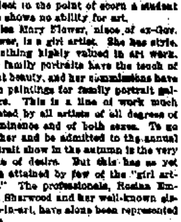
Another of the girl artists of New York is Allegra Eggleston, daughter of Edward Eggleston. "Miss Eggleston," said an officer of the Art League, "ought not to be called a student now, though she still studies. She is a professional."

Her specialty is children's faces. These she does with much delicacy, making them young, sweet and dimpled. She was the first artist who ever had the courage to put a pug nose upon a child's face, though all children's noses are pug. Besides drawing in line work, which is Miss Eggleston's specialty, she carves exquisitely. When she was a little girl she carved an "idol" out of a rotten piece of wood. Her father saw it and was impressed with the correctness of the lines, for the child had exactly copied an idol in the Metropolitan museum, and he told her to keep on. At ten her instruction in art began.

George Cable's daughter is another of the daughters of literary fathers who have worked successfully with the brush. Though married now, this young woman is a "girl artist," embellishing her father's writings and successfully contributing to the magazines. Her best work is in the character sketches which her father describes so graphically. She says she "sees them while he reads."

The peculiarly quiet, studious disposition of professional men pervades, with the touch of heredity, the minds of the daughters. Daughters of lawyers, clergymen and the girls of army officers turn to art and want to study it. They do not ask for reserved seats in the art classes, but are content to fall in line with the rest and wait for talent to bring them forward.

One of these girls who took a course at the Art League, working hard at the the cubes and fruit pieces, then at the figure casts, was Elsie Clews, daughter of Henry Clews, the banker. Miss Clews' best work lay in her outdoor sketches. Her desire was to paint landscape, and she did it so well that the students crowded around her easel, as they will around anything good, and freely admired. Art students are peculiar in one respect. They are apparently untutored to worldliness, and neglect to the point of scorn a student who shows no ability for art.



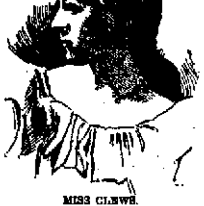
MISS HOWELLS AT WORK.

Miss Mary Flower, niece of ex-Gov. Flower, is a girl artist. She has style, something highly valued in art work. Her family portraits have the touch of great beauty, and her commissions have been paintings for family portrait galleries. This is a line of work much coveted by all artists of all degrees of prominence and of both sexes. To go farther and be admitted to the annual portrait show in the autumn is the very acme of desire. But this has as yet been attained by few of the "girl artists." The professionals, Rosina Emmet Sherwood and her well-known sisters-in-art, have alone been represented here.

Miss Jessamy Harte is known in a quiet way to illustrators as "a young woman who can if she will." Like her father, she works when she feels like it, and with marvelous talent. She studies in the same way, by fits and starts. She is one of the youngest of the illustrators, and has an expressed ambition to do newspaper illustrating, a branch of work into which all high-class illustrators are rapidly coming. Good press work encourages them to offer their pictures to newspapers, where poor paper, bad presswork and cheap ink used to deter them. The exquisite press work of the last year which makes the newspaper rival the magazine has attracted older artists than Miss Harte to the Sunday editor's room.

Miss Margaret Kittredge, daughter of the well-known clergyman, is a girl well along in art work. She paints with much painstaking, and disposes of all the work she cares to turn off. Many of the art students like Miss Kittredge, who have a coterie of friends, generously offer to show other pictures with their own, and so many a sale is effected.

Most girl artists marry too soon for their artistic prospects to mature. One of these, whose talents gave her recognition in a year, is Miss Mary Goodwin, one of the clever Goodwin sisters, of Savannah. Jumping in one short year from a modest student at the New York Art league to a general illustrator, she was claimed by a large newspaper for "exclusive services" at a salary that would support a whole family in comfort, even in Gotham. This young woman will become in November the wife of C. B. Hubbell, one of the best-known of the art directors of New York. She will go to live in a beautiful house now being built according to their combined artistic tastes. Miss Goodwin's specialty is figure work, into which she puts the nameless "style" that has made her older sister's fame. Three of the Goodwin sisters will winter in Paris, deserting the art colony of Gotham for a year. Though famous, they are all mere girls.



MISS CLEWS.

Other New York art students are Miss Lulu Moury, daughter of Gen. Moury; Mabel Tidball, daughter of Gen. Tidball, and Ellen Mahan, daughter of Capt. Mahan, of the United States navy. All are perfecting themselves for illustrative work.

Gen. Hascall has a daughter, Louise, whose art work will make her a professional, and Gen. Morris' daughter, Lindsay, is another girl willing to work out her talent. Bishop Niles is proud of a daughter, Bertha, whose clever art work is known, and Gen. McMaster has an artist daughter, Lillian, whose future promise is great.

Promising "girl artists" whom Gotham society knew are Mrs. Helena DeKay Gilder, wife of Richard Watson Gilder. She is one of the finest painters in the ranks. Others are Marie Coles, of Syracuse; Lydia Field Emmet, sister of Rosina Emmet Sherwood; Eta Howells, of Long Island; Helen Coffe, of Worcester, daughter of Gen. Coffe; Ida Proper, daughter of a Seattle missionary; Grace Banking, daughter of the celebrated Boston painter; Margaret Gunn, daughter of the Surrey of Montreal; Miss Craigin, daughter of Dr. Craigin, of San Jose, Cal.; Essie Collins, daughter of Judge Collins, of Ohio; Mrs. Spencer Smith, wife of Prof. Smith, of Columbia college; Bella Milhau, whose grandfather was Gen. Milhau; Laura Barrett, daughter of a well-known landscape artist of Staten Island; Miss McCullough, daughter of Gen. McCullough; Louise Mansfield, daughter of Commander Mansfield of the navy; Matilde De Cardova, daughter of the New York banker; Maude Mathewson, of Detroit.

Hygienic Hints.

There is probably nothing about which all medical men are more agreed than that the use of tea as a substitute for food is playing havoc with the general health. The most nauseous physic may be given to children without trouble by previously letting them suck a peppermint lozenge, a piece of alum or a bit of orange peel. Statistics show that the longest-lived people have generally been those who made breakfast the principal meal of the day.

For beef tea cut two pounds of beef into slices and put in a jar with two pints and a half of water and a pinch of salt. Cover it over. Set it in a warm oven for three or four hours. When done strain through a sieve and set in a cool place, warming a small quantity when required.

Placing the Family.

"What's gone with all the boys, old man?"

"Well, Dick's a-studyin' of law."

"And Jim?"

"Jim's a-preachin' er the gos-pel."

"And Bud?"

"Bud's politicianin'."

"And Bob—where's he?"

"Well, Bob ain't nowhere—not yit. I can't beat no larnin' inter his head, an' ef he don't go ter teachin' school, er editin' of a newspaper, I reckon I'll con' him fer congress!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Sailed Through a Sea of Snakes.

The ship Tam O'Shanter, commanded by Captain Peabody, arrived in New York the other day. He says that when off Borneo, he sailed through fifty miles of snakes, in which were mixed a number of alligators and codfish. There was a battle, he says, between an alligator and a shark, in which the shark was the victor, but not for long, for the Li Hung Chang of the aggregation of snakes, which he described as a sea serpent 180 feet long and ten feet in diameter, swallowed the shark.

I pay the Best Price for
CAST-OFF CLOTHING.
Please notify me at No. 76 Barr street, and I will call. I also do the best cleaning and repairing of clothing at the lowest prices.
S. FIELDBLEAT,
76 Barr Street.

Coal and Wood.
The most reliable and best fuel is Coal or Wood. Don't rely on Natural Gas. Now is the time to lay in coal for winter. Don't wait until the Gas fails. For good quality, low prices and quick delivery, go to
GEO. H. KRUDOP,
Tel. No. 135. Cor. Francis and Hanlen Sts.

STOP—
At Lydia E. Auger's, No. 13 E. Washington St., for your Carnations and Roses, or at Vesey's Greenhouses, 90 Thompson Ave. Telephone 281.

A. HATTERSLEY & SON,
PLUMBERS!
STEAM AND
GAS FITTERS.
48 East Main Street.
Fort Wayne, Ind.

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHERY.
Office and Residence 23 Madison St.
Specialty—Diseases of Women.
Hours: 1 a. m. to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Telephone 470.

The Secret of a Beautiful Skin
Soft, white hands, shapely nails, and luxuriant hair, with clean wholesome scalp, is found in the perfect action of the Pores, produced by CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifier, and beautifier in the world.
Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Proprietors, Boston.

Special Prices
FALL OF 1896.
Suits to Order.
$45 Suits for $35.
$40 Suits for $30.
$35 Suits for $25.
$30 Suits for $20.
$25 Suits for $18.
Good suits for $17.
Overcoats to Order.
$45 Overcoat, $30.
$35 Overcoat, $20.
Fine Overcoats for $17 and $18.
Good Pantaloons $4 50.
A Perfect Fit Guaranteed, or Money Refunded.
A. FOSTER
Merchant Tailor,
15 W. Wayne St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

F. J. ZIMMERLY & CO.
PRACTICAL PLUMBERS.
Gas and Steam Fitters
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D. D. WEISELL
DENTIST
34 & 36 Calhoun St.

WANTED.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms, centrally located. Address F., care Sentinel. 3-3t

WANTED—Washing or house cleaning; will take washing home. Address, [illegible] Wallace street. 1tf

WANTED—Two good canvassing agents for city—commission basis. Better cheap rates. The Union Pacific Tea Co., 182 Calhoun St.

WANTED—Two or three pleasant unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. No family. Reference given. Address N., care carrier No. 8. 3-3t

WANTED—Call at the Associated Charities office if you want to hire laboring men or women to do washing or cleaning. Room No. 8 City hall. Telephone 445. tf

WANTED—Agents either sex, $5.00 daily, supplying regular customers. Goods sell in every home. Free samples given for distribution; immense profits; write for samples. Excelsior, 418 Mozart St., Chicago, Ill. 3-1m

WANTED—By an honest and industrious colored man a place to work for his board. Desires to attend the City Grammar school during the winter. Is about 20 years of age and is willing to do any kind of work. Call at Sentinel office. 5-1t

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—An excellent store room on Calhoun street; apply Sentinel office. tf

FOR RENT—Front furnished room with board, also table board. 25 East Berry street. 3-3t

FOR RENT—Store room, at 34 Wells St., suitable for bakery. Enquire at Diether Lumber Co's office. 15 cod tf

FOR RENT—Two very desirable furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. Inquire 173 Holman. 3-2t

FOR RENT—Two delightful office rooms, centrally located. Rent reasonable. Apply at Sentinel office. tf

FOR RENT—House of five rooms with gas and water. No. 81 W. Superior. Inquire at 221 W. Washington street. 3-2t

FOR RENT—House No. 46 Garden St., corner Jefferson street, gas and water. Holman Bros., 96 W. Main street. 3-2t

FOR RENT—Suit of nicely furnished rooms on first or second floor, suitable for light housekeeping. Call or address 18 E. Wayne street. 3-2t

FOR RENT—Store room Nos. 42 and 44 E. Main street. Store room 20 Calhoun street and store room 1st floor, 26 East Columbia street. Schroeder & Wilson, 7 Court street. 3-1m

FOR RENT—Good pasture for cows and horses, on Walton avenue, south of Lutheran farm. Inquire of Squire Bawkoe, third house south of Pontiac street, on Walton avenue. 12tf

FOR RENT—An eight room flat, corner Calhoun and Allen streets, with bath room, hard and soft water, natural and artificial gas; rent low to right party. Address [illegible]. 1tf

FOR RENT—Two six room houses. All modern improvements, at 236 and 238 Barr street. Also two on Hillside Ave., between Lafayette and Fletcher street. For particulars, call at Dr. Niswonger, 33 Calhoun st., up stairs. 1tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Bicycles at 15, $10 and $20. ladies and gents, at 91 Cass st. 3-2t

FOR SALE—An eight year old mare. City broke, perfectly gentle. A road wagon and phaeton almost new. Will sell close if taken at once. For particulars, call at 35 W. Berry St. 3tf

FOR SALE—One 160 acre farm; two 40 acre, one 37 acre, one 25 acre, one 20 acre, one 15 acre, and two 5 acre. These are within two miles of city. To trade. One 223 acre, one 122 acre, one 80 acre, one 60 acre, one 50 acre; also plenty of city property to sell or exchange. For particulars call on Dr. C. Niswonger & Co., 33 Calhoun St., up stairs. tf

LOST.

LOST—A shopping bag containing spectacles, between Vordermark's hall and the corner Main and Calhoun sts. Finder please leave at 117 Calhoun street. 3-3t

LOST—On Taber street or E. Creighton avenue, piece of heavy upholstery fringe. Finder please leave at 431 South Lafayette street, and receive reward. 5-2

The Nation's Pride
The Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine
[illegible]
BUY A STANDARD.
You will Never Regret it
PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER
AGENTS.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

INSURANCE.

JAMES E. GRAHAM,
... LAWYER....
ABSTRACTS OF... Titles, Insurance, Collecting and Loan Agent.
Room 26 & 28 Bank Block, Fort Wayne, Ind.

S. C. LUMBARD,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans
Aveline House Block.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital $200,000. Surplus $100,000.
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three per cent per annum on certificates of deposit if left six months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank
Capital & Surplus, $740,000.
Pays 3 per cent interest per annum on time deposits.
Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. WM. D. KUHL,
Office and Residence 84 Calhoun St.
Hours: 8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., 6 to 8 p. m.
Telephone 97.

D. C. FISHER,
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans,
No. 32 East Berry street. Fort Wayne, Indiana.

DR. B. GARD—To ladies suffering from ailments peculiar to their sex, now consult me free of charge at my office, [illegible] W. Wayne St. Telephone [illegible].

G. W. BOWEN, M.D.,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours for consultation: [illegible]
Office No. 28 West Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Special attention paid to chronic diseases.

DR. E. W. NEISWONGER,
Physician and Surgeon.
Specialist in all Acute or Chronic diseases. Special attention given to all nervous diseases and Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys. Office 33 Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Office Hours from 9 a. m. to 12 p. m.

DRUGGIST.

GROSS & PELLENS,
DRUGGISTS,
Corner Calhoun and Wayne Sts. Phone 195

J. C. Peltier.
Undertaker and Embalmer.
17 West Wayne Street.

Cheap Meals served to women.
Young Women's Christian Association.
NOON REST,
24 West Washington Street
Breakfast, 6:30 to 8. Dinner, 11 to 2. Supper, 5:30 to 7.

GOLD
Crowns, 22 Karat, $5.00.
$5. FULL SETS, $5.
Gold Crown, 22 K, $5 and upward.
Gold Fillings, $1.
Silver fillings, 50c to 75c.
Good Sets of Teeth, $5.
Best Sets of Teeth, $8.
TEETH WITHOUT PLATES.
FULL SET OF TEETH, $5.00.
Teeth extracted free, positively without pain, when teeth are ordered. We are the only dental parlors in the city that has this talent medicine to extract teeth without pain. No gas, no vitalized air, no bad results. Save pain and money by having your dental work done at the Arcade Dental Parlors.
W. G. BURKET, Prop.,
Room Arcade, ground floor, Ft. Wayne.

ONYX BLACK HOSIERY!

Whatever we sell to our patrons we do so in
confidence that we are giving them the best
of its kind obtainable. + + + + + +

That's the Secret of our Big Hosiery Trade.

ONYX HOSIERY
U.S. CUSTOM INSPECTED
LT
62210

ONYX AND ME.

Nature has singled us out as its true representatives.

WE ARE THE ONLY BLACKS That Never Can Change.

Washing and wear brightens us both.

The Boys' the Clear Thing,
The Onyx is the Dye.

And there's no Blacks on Earth can stand our test.

OUR GREAT FALL IMPORTATION!

ONYX DYED HOSIERY

Now ready for selling. The most complete assortment of Hosiery for Women, Men, Misses', Boys' and Infants' ever brought to our city.

The complete satisfaction this stocking has given has increased the demand enormously. We have imported largely, in Silk, Lisle, Cotton and Cashmere.

Ladies' Plain Black ONYX dyed Stockings, that will never fade nor change in shape, **18c Pair, 3 Pairs for 50c.**

Ladies' Ingrain Cotton Stockings, spliced heel and toe, split foot or solid back, **25c PAIR.**

Ladies' Ingrain Stockings, Cotton and Lisle thread, the best value ever given at this popular price, **35c a Pair, 3 Pair for $1.00.**

Ladies' Plain Black Onyx dyed Stockings, selvedged, spliced heel and toe, an extra good number—a stocking that's going to be popular. **50c PAIR.**

Ladies' Drop Stitch Stockings, Lisle and Cotton, split feet, **50c PAIR.**

LADIES' OPERAS.

Opera Stockings, Onyx dyed, in all popular evening colors, **50 and 75c Pair.**

Ladies' Onyx dyed Stockings, opera tops, **25, 35 and 50c Pair.**

Ladies' Silk and Silk Plated Stockings, a very large showing in blacks, browns and colors that are popular, **50c, 75c, $1.00 and up.**

CASHMERE HOSE.

Ladies' Cashmere Stockings, an extra strong line, all Onyx dyed, **25, 35, 39, 50, 75c and $1.00.**

CHILDREN'S

Cashmere Stockings, Onyx dyed; extra grades shown at the prices, **25, 30, 35, to 75c Pair.**

Children's Stockings.

Here's where the wearing test comes—ONYX dyed Hosiery are the ones for the Children; extra strength wherever needed in this famous stocking, double heels, double toes, extra strength in knees, spliced feet.

CHILDREN'S

Black Cotton Stockings, fast blacks, **10, 12, 15, 18c a Pair.**

CHILDREN'S

One and one Ribbed Onyx dyed stockings, **20, 25, 30 to 75c Pair.**

CHILDREN'S

Cotton Stockings, heavy winter weight, unbleached feet, **25c a Pair.**

FOR MEN

We show a splendid line of Fall Hosiery, Onyx dyed.

One special line, full regular made, double heels and toes, **18c Pair, 2 for 25c.**

Men's Ingrain Cotton ½ hose **15, 20, 25 to 50c Pair.**

Men's Russets and Black ½ hose, Sea Island Cotton, the finest cotton in the world, **50c a Pair.**

CASHMERE

Hose for men, black and natural, light, medium and heavy weights, **25, 30, 35 to 50c Pair.**

Reductions made on all Stockings by the dozen and half dozen pairs. + + + +

ROOT & COMPY.

WE Recommend —THE— OMO SHIELD.

Better than Rubber
ABSOLUTELY ODORLESS
The New Success—A Perfect Dress Shield

OMO DRESS SHIELDS

Impervious to Perspiration.

These are the only Dress Shields made without Rubber or Gutta-percha, that are absolutely odorless, and entirely impervious to perspiration. They are lighter by half than any other shields. They do not deteriorate by age, and will outwear rubber or mackintosh shields; therefore are the most economical. Lighter by half than others.

Our north window shares an exhibit of this **Famous Dress Shield,** and we have employed a demonstrator to explain their excellence and superior advantages. We ask no more for the **OMO Odorless Shields** than is asked for the ordinary rubber ones.

No Rubber,
No Gutta Percha,
No Odor,
Impervious to Perspiration.

Sold Only by . . . . .

DUNN & TAFT.

Miss Mame McGown leaves for her home in Chicago Tuesday.

J. B. Andrews and wife, of Goshen, are guests at the New Aveline.

F. M. Smith, the hardware merchant, is on the sick list. He suffers from a severe sprain.

Mrs. John Baker, of 139 Clinton street, has been confined at home for the last week by illness.

A Fort Wayne picked nine defeated the Sheldon base ball club at that place yesterday, the score standing 11 to 10.

Lodge of Perfection, Scottish Rite, will meet tomorrow evening, the first regular meeting of the fall and winter months.

The Plymouth Chautauqua circle meets at 7:30 Tuesday evening in the pastor's study, of Plymouth church. All interested will be welcomed.

D D. Saltzgaber has resigned his position with F. P. Wilt & Co., to go on the road for the new cracker manufactory. F. J. Bechtold has succeeded Mr. Saltzgaber and left on his first trip for Wilt & Co. today.

A pretty wedding occurred last evening at the home of J. A. Houser, 135 Lake avenue, at which time their daughter, Minnie E. Houser, was united in marriage with Mr. Alfred U. Young. Rev. A. W. Ballinger, officiating.

James E. Breen has taken out a permit to erect a one story frame house on lot 175 Hamilton's Fourth addition, to cost $900; Mrs Dr. Whery, addition to her house on lot 246 Hanna's addition, to cost $100; Fred Pegeler, addition to house on lot 39 Lewis' addition, to cost $200.

Millinery in endless variety—all must be sold. Trustee's Sale. "Fair." Tri-State Block. 513

The Magnolia Concert company will give one of their delightful entertainments at the A. M. E church, on Tuesday evening, October 6, for the benefit of the pastor, Rev. G. W. Brown. Admission, 10 and 15c.

The Evening Sentinel.

MONDAY, OCT. 5, 1896.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office..........No. 175.
Editorial Rooms........No. 650.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—For Indiana:—Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday; south, shifting to east winds.

NEWS NOTES.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Fox—a son.

Mrs. Calvin Rieman is visiting at Toledo.

J. B. White, jr., went to Chicago Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Attebury have returned from Canada.

Mrs. Sara Marhard, of Toledo, is visiting Mrs. W. H. Shambaugh.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Fisher, of 20 Huron street—a daughter.

The American Daughters of Isabella held a special meeting last evening.

Mrs. Nancy Coulson, of Paris, Ill., is visiting her niece, Mrs. J. W. Mitten.

The Gruetli Singing society had a successful excursion to Garrett yesterday.

A. H. Perfect and Bert Dorrey were at Findlay, Ohio, on court business last Saturday.

Mrs. Mary Stevens, of Chicago, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Dwelly, of McClellan street.

A thief stole several baskets from the front of Koenig's grocery, on Harmer street, Saturday night.

An affidavit has been filed against young Gephart for assaulting the eight year old son of Moses Hull.

Miss Anna Bochull, of East Wayne street, will celebrate her eleventh birthday anniversary this evening.

The Working Girls' union will have an entertainment this evening at the hall, corner of Calhoun and Superior streets.

Miss Dora Scheimann and C. J. Scheimann leave today for St. Louis to visit Mrs. Martin Umbach, nee Miss Marie Moellering.

The survivors of the Seventh Indiana cavalry will hold their fourteenth annual reunion at Union City on Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

Rev. C. Gross, of Emanuel's Lutheran church, has returned from Bremen, Ind., where he preached a sermon at the celebration of the golden jubilee of a Lutheran church.

The ladies of the First Christian church served ice cream and cake after the missionary program yesterday afternoon. All had a good time and glad they were there.

Chief of the Fire Department Henry Hilbrecht has received a letter bearing the news of the death of John N. Gamewell, the inventor of the system of fire alarm used all over the country. Mr. Gamewell resided in New York.

In addition to the regular services at Westminster church last evening, there was rendered a very entertaining musical program in which Miss Helen Smyser, Miss Lindenmuth, Professor Jennison and Win Bash participated. The attendance was large.

Clem Miller, the popular clerk in the carpet department of the Fruit House, was surprised by his associates of the store last evening at his home, No. 38 Hendricks street. The young man was completely dumbfounded when the small army of invaders reached the house, but he managed to grasp the situation and proved a very entertaining host.

The foot ball game on the Concordia grounds last Saturday afternoon between the seniors and sophmores was won by the seniors. Another game at Lakeside park between the first and second teams of the Y. M. C. A. resulted in a victory for the first team. Both of these games demonstrated that there is some good talent in this direction, and some magnificent games the present season can be looked for. There is no lack of good material.

Resin Orr, a former president of the Street Railway Employes' union in this city, was at Muncie Saturday investigating the employes' trouble in that city. A strike was threatened, but difficulties were settled and the men returned to work at reduced wages. Mr. Orr is now secretary and treasurer of the Amalgamated Street Railway Employes of America, with his headquarters at Detroit. After visiting his wife in this city over Sunday he returned to Detroit this morning.

James J. Wood, the electrician at the electric light works in this city, mention of whose divorce was made in THE SENTINEL last week, gave his wife a check for $10,000 when the decree of divorce was pronounced, and a further condition is that she shall receive $100 a month as long as she remains unmarried and another $100 a month is to be paid to her until their children are twenty-one years of age. This is possibly the largest amount of alimony ever decreed in a divorce case in Allen county.

Many of the township trustees of the various counties of the state are coming up to the law requiring them to furnish school facilities for all pupils of school age, many of whom are graduates of the common branches and require high school work. Where they have no township graded school where high school work is taught, the trustees are paying the tuition of the pupils and allowing them to enter the nearest high school. The cost is about $16 25 a pupil, which is cheaper than to hire a special instructor.

For This, Monday, Afternoon.

Select Oysters, for frying, 28c can.
Standards, best stewing, 22c can.
Best Michigan Celery, 25c bunch.
Cape Cod Cranberries, 5c quart.
Fresh Concord Grapes, 8 lb baskets, 10c.
Nice Sweet Jamaica Oranges, 25c doz.
Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 20c peck.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Doriot—son.

Miss Iva Maxwell is visiting friends at Wabash.

The High school alumni will meet next Friday evening.

Miss Gretchen Niedhammer, of Madison street, is ill of tonsilitis.

Mrs. Charles Muhler, jr., leaves today for Peoria, Ill., to visit her parents.

Misses Minnie and Belle Geake have returned from a visit at New Haven.

J. P. Eirik will address a republican meeting at Urbana tomorrow evening.

Miss Minnie Brunner, of Wabash, spent Sunday in the city, the guest of relatives.

Miss Rose Wenzler has returned to Plymouth after visiting relatives and friends here.

Miss Lillian Fisk is at Edinburg, Ind., to attend the wedding of her brother, Will.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Fleming and daughter, Josephine, have returned to Hartford City.

Mrs. Ed Buck, of Las Vegas, N. M., is visiting the family of her father-in-law, C. W. Buck.

Dr. N. B. Wenger has changed his residence from 41 Huestis avenue to 133 West Wayne street.

Passenger Agent M. C. Baker, of the Nickel Plate, has returned from a business trip to Findlay.

Mrs. Alexander Davis, of Fort Meade, N. D., will be the guest of Mrs. August J. Detzer this week.

FOR GERMANS.

The Hon. C. J. Kollmeyer will deliver a German address on the silver issue at Saengerbund Hall this evening.

Millinery for everybody. Trustee's Sale. "Fair." Tri-State Block. 513

Wall Paper.

Wednesday and Thursday we will have a sale on wall paper at prices that were never before heard of.

A large selection at 1c per roll.

All other papers below cost. Call and be convinced.

HARTS & ISAACS,
123 Broadway.

Dr. Jas. J. Ogle has opened an office in ROOMS 10, Arcade. 141f

Notice.

The annual meeting of the members and board of directors of the Catholic Library association will take place at Library Hall, Thursday evening, the 8th day of October, 1896. At said meeting officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

KILIAN BAKER, President.
P. J. McDONALD, Secretary. 513

Buy millinery at the "Fair." Trustee's Sale. Tri-State Block. 513

The Eighty-eighth Indiana reunion will be at Huntington Thursday, Oct. 8. Trains leave Wabash depot 8 a. m., returning after the camp fire in the evening. Fare, 75c for return. 512

Robison Park,

Tuesday Oct. 6,

Musical Concert and Dance in the big Pavilion which has been enclosed with glass.

Wednesday, Oct. 7,

Military Drill and Dance, under the auspices of

Hibernian Rifles.

GREAT BARGAINS —IN— SHOES!

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY......

200 pair of Ladies' fine Kid Button Shoes, Hand Turned and Heavy Soles; Opera Toe, Square Toe and Common Sense Lasts. These shoes are all Plain Toed; sizes 2½ to 5, widths B, C, D and E, worth $3 to $4 a pair; will close them out at $1.50.

If you want a bargain, come and see them.

225 pair Ladies' Kid Button shoes, Flexible Soles, Opera and Common Sense Lasts, sizes 2½ to 5, widths B, C, D and E; this lot are Plain Toed, worth from $2 50 to $3 a pair; will close them out at $1 25—if you can wear any of the above sizes, they are a great bargain.

500 pair of Ladies' fine Vici Kid shoes, (Lace and Button) all the latest up-to-date styles, including the New Coin Toe; this line is worth $2 75 to $3 25; this week we will sell them for $2 00 a pair, widths B, C, D, E and EE, all sizes.

200 pair of Ladies' Tan and Black Oxfords, all the LATEST STYLES, worth from $1.75 to $2 25; will close them at $1 35 a pair. We have Overgaiters to go with them for 25 cents a pair.

All our Misses' fine shoes, (lace and button) worth $1 75; go at $1 25 a pair. Now is the time to buy.

All our Children's fine shoes, (lace and button) worth $1 50; go at $1.10 a pair. Call in store and see for yourself.

350 pair of Men's fine shoes, all the latest styles, lace and congress worth $2 75 and $3; go at $2 pair.

A large line of Boys' shoes (all the up to date styles), worth $2 and $2 25; go at $1.50 a pair. All our Boys' shoes, worth $1.60 to $1.75; go at $1.25 a pair.

We have everything in the line of RUBBERS that you can think of and at Low Prices. Remember this Sale ends Saturday Night, Oct. 10th.

THE

Manufacturers' Shoe Store

25 Calhoun Street.

HON. W. J. BRYAN AT LOGANSPORT.

On Wednesday, Oct. 7th, the Hon. W. J. Bryan will speak at Logansport, for which the WABASH will run a special train, leaving Fort Wayne at 8:10 a. m., returning at 11 o'clock same evening. Tickets at one fare for round trip. Phone 11. 313

ROBISON PARK LINE.

Commencing Monday, Oct. 5, cars will not begin running to the Park until 1 p. m.

Trimmed and untrimmed hats and trimmings—all must go. Trustee's Sale. "Fair." Tri-State Block. 513

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 6 and 7 Bass Block. 2tf

We Place on Sale Today

1,000 Copies

—OF—

THE FINEST FASHION BOOK Ever Published,

ENTITLED

"COMING STYLES"

DESIGNED BY THE

Great Costumers of Europe.

It is the most unique and handsome work of the kind ever published in America, it includes two designs each from the leading Costumer of each of the great cities of Europe, as follows:

Paris—E. Felix.
London—Debenham & Freebody.
Berlin—Jules Bister.
Frankfort—Ullmann & Strauss.
Brussels—Hirsch & Cie.
The Hague—M. A. Vogels.
St. Petersburg—A. Isambard.
Vienna—Ch. Drecoll.
Turin—De Gaspari, Rosa E. Tarta.
Florence—Emilia Bossi.
Moscow—Maison E. Minangoy.
Glasgow—Simpson, Hunter & Young.
Dublin—Manning.
Liverpool—Geo. Henry Lee & Co.

Giving the latest European Fashions for the winter of 1896–97.

These are handsomely printed in colors and half-tone plates on heavy coated paper, and make a book which every lady in Fort Wayne ought to have.

The publication price of the book is $1.00 a copy, but in order to give everybody a chance to secure one of these beautiful books, we shall place them on sale for a short time

AT 10c COPY.

They are displayed on our front counter.

ONE PRICE TO ALL. . . . . .

The People's Store.

BEADELL & CO.

Best Lighted Store in the City.

THE

Best Dressed Man IN TOWN

WILL wear our clothing this Fall. The fit and style of new suits that we are selling would embarass any merchant tailor---and the price is about one-third less.

Boys' School Suits (all wool) $2.50 to $4.00.

The dress up kind at $5.00 to $10.

Knee Pants 25, 50 and 75 cents.

Come and See Them.

Golden & Patterson,

Leaders of Fashion.

56 Calhoun St. Opp. Court House.

The Boston Store.

BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.

Double width Dress Goods at 12½c, worth 20c.
38-inch Dress Goods at 25c, worth 35c.
40-inch all Wool Novelty Dress Goods at 50c, worth 75c.
36-inch all Wool Serge at 25c, worth 35c.
40 inch all Wool Serge at 37½c, worth 50c.

Bargains in Underwear.

18c Ladies' fleece lined Underwear, worth 25c.
25c Ladies' fleece lined Underwear, worth 35c.
35c Ladies' fleece lined Underwear, worth 50c.
37½c Gents' Camel Hair Underwear, worth 50c.
50c Gents' Wool Underwear, worth 75c.
$1 00 Gents' Scarlet Underwear, worth $1.25.
Special low prices on all Children's Underwear.

Bargains in Canton Flannels.
Bargains in Blankets.
Bargains in Table Linens.
Bargains in Floor Oil Cloths.
Bargains in Carpets.
All Wool Skirts at 50c.

Do your trading at The Boston Store. Our prices are always lower than the lowest.

Cold Weather Goods were never Cheaper than now.

William Hahn & Co.,

THE BOSTON STORE.

COST SALE!

To make room for our Fall stock of Pianos, we will close out our entire line of Organs at cost.

PACKARD, STORY & CLARK, NEWMAN BROS., WICK ORGAN CO., HAMILTON & KIMBALL.

Dont buy an Organ until you have seen our bargains.

G. CONKLIN,

34 East Berry Street.

CASH OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

COUCHES . . .

Easy Couches,
Broad Couches,
Velvet Couches,
Leather Couches,
Corduroy Couches,
Tapestry Couches.

"Everybody" wants one of these new, broad, soft, easy couches, now so popular.

Why select it where you have but four or five to choose from, when we are showing today by actual count fifty-five different styles?

Our stock of Couches would alone fill up some entire Fort Wayne Furniture stores and leave no room for anything else.

FOSTERS.

MONEY TO LOAN.

At lowest rate, on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, fixtures, etc., and leave the property in your possession.

Payments arranged on the weekly or monthly installment plan or to suit your convenience.

Furniture leases paid off and more money advanced. Business strictly private and confidential.

Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,
Room 3, Seidel Blk. 82½ Calhoun St.

Art Needle Work Display.

We are now showing some of the most beautiful Embroidered Table Linens, in doilies, center pieces, lunch cloths, etc., ever shown in the city. It will repay you to call and see them.

We have also received our Fall line of stamped linens, stamping patterns and embroidery materials.

Coronation Braid is new and popular. We have it.

Art Needle Work Co.,

22 W. Berry Street.

(Over Lowry's China Store)

SAVE YOUR MONEY

By deposit[illegible]

Allen County Loan & Savings Association

32 East Berry Street

Try our new plan. Shares $1.00 each per month, matures in seventy-seven months.

No Fines or Membership Fee.

Voice Culture Studio.

Prof. George Abram Smith, of room 12, Schmitz block, will accept a limited number of students. Excellent references. 26 1m

WHEN THE WINTERY WINDS BEGIN TO BLOW

And we realize that winter is about to drop down upon us we hustle around for Warm Clothing to keep out the Winter's Chilly Blasts. We need Warm Suits, Warm Overcoats, Warm Underwear, to defy old winter. We must have them—and it is always a question with some where they can buy them best. We claim we are in position to give them the best values for the least money. We desire to present to your inspection our immense line of Winter Garments, made especially as COLD RESISTERS. We have many remarkable bargains to offer in all departments of our store, and remember that we have only new goods to sell.

OVERCOATS. OVERCOATS.

We are selling them by the hundreds for Man, for Boy and for Child. We can give you the best or the cheapest, or any grade between them. All styles, all shapes, all colors. We carry STORM Coats that laugh at zero and turn winter into summer. These are COLD RESISTERS that can't be beat.

Suits! Suits! Suits!

Do you want an All-Wool Suit? Ask for our strictly All Wool, Black or Blue Cheviot Suit for $6 50 for men. Does your Boy want a long pants suit? Ask for our strictly All Wool Suit for $4.00. Does your Boy need a short pants suit? For Boys from 4 years to 15 years. Ask for our All Wool $2 Suit. These suits are not Summer Suits, but Winter Suits; regular COLD RESISTERS.

Friend's Enterprise,

Corner Calhoun and Berry Streets.